

**MICROPALAEONTOLOGICAL REPORT  
for LAKE OIL P/L  
on TWO SAMPLES from Patrobus-1**

**REPORT 02/05**

Dr. Stephen Gallagher  
School of Earth Sciences, The University of Melbourne,  
Victoria 3010.

## **Micropalaeontology/petrography report on 2 samples from Patrobus-1 for Lakes Oil P/L**

### **INTRODUCTION**

The following is a report on two samples from Patrobus-1 in Gippsland. The lithology is briefly described. A sample was processed by standard micropalaeontological techniques. The biozonation used in this work is shown on Figure 1 and the biostratigraphic data in Table 1.

#### **Sample 267m**

##### **Sample description**

*Lithology:* dark grey-green cemented pebbly (Palaeozoic clasts) sandstone with shell fragments including bivalves, bryozoans and foraminifera

*Microfauna:* A diverse microfauna occurs in this sample.

*Benthic:* Benthic foraminifera include common and include common *G. subglobosa*, *Cibicides* spp. and the semi-endemic *Parrellina crespinae* and *Notorotalia howchini*

*Planktonic:* Plankton are absent.

*Palaeoenvironment:* The fauna and facies suggest a high-energy middle shelf environment with transported inner shelf taxa present.

*Age:* Probably Late Oligocene (see comment below)

*Correlatives:* The age, facies and nature of the fauna typifies the **Lake Entrance Formation** as described in Holdgate and Gallagher (1997).

#### **Sample 273m**

##### **Sample description**

*Lithology:* yellow green dolomitized silty fine sand with echinoderm spines, bryozoans, ostracods and foraminifera.

*Microfauna:* A diverse microfauna occurs in this sample.

*Benthic:* Benthic foraminifera include common and include: *G. subglobosa*, *Cibicides* spp. and the semi-endemic *Parrellina crespinae* and *Notorotalia howchini*

*Planktonic:* Plankton are absent.

*Palaeoenvironment:* The fauna and facies suggest a lower-energy middle to outer shelf environment.

*Age:* Probably Late Oligocene (see comment below).

*Correlatives:* The age, facies and nature of the fauna typifies the **Lake Entrance Formation** as described in Holdgate and Gallagher (1997).

*Comment:* In the absence of any plankton, the occurrence of the benthic rotaliid *P. crespinae* and *N. howchini* suggests an Oligo-Early Miocene age (these two taxa are common in strata of this age, however they may be rare in later Miocene or younger strata). The sandy silty facies, dolomitisation and lack of plankton with the presence of *G. subglobosa* and *Parrellina* peaks are typical of the **Late Oligocene Lakes Entrance Formation** (see Fig. 2, adapted from Holdgate and Gallagher, 1997). The absence of abundant glauconite and agglutinated taxa such as *Haplophragmoides* suggest the interval is not the Early Oligocene Colhoun Gravel. The biofacies

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and relative lack of carbonate in the facies precludes assignment to the Miocene Gippsland Limestone, Wuk wuk Marl or Bairnsdale limestone.

***Conclusion:*** Based of the bio- and lithofacies considerations the samples are from the Lakes Entrance Formation and have a probable Late Oligocene age.

**References:**

- HOLDGATE, G. & GALLAGHER, S. 1997. Microfossil paleoenvironments and sequence stratigraphy of Tertiary cool-water carbonates, onshore Gippsland Basin, southeastern Australia. Spec. Publication SEPM, 56, 205-220.
- LI, Q., QUILTY, P.G. MOSS, G. and MCGOWRAN, B 1996. Southern Australian endemic and semi-endemic foraminifera: a preliminary report. Journal of Micropalaeontology 15: 169-185.
- MCGOWRAN, B., LI, Q. & MOSS, G. 1997. The Cenozoic neritic record in southern Australia: the biogeohistorical framework. In: N. James and C. J. ed. Cool and Temperate Water Carbonates, Vol. 56, pp. 185-203. Society of Economic Palaeontologists and Mineralogist, Tulsa. Special Publication.

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TABLE 1						Patrobus-1	LAKES OIL				
							Epoch			Probably Late Oligocene	
							Palaeoenvironment			Middle-outer shelf	
							Stratigraphic Unit			Lake Entrance Formation	
							Holdgate & Gallagher 1997				
		I	M	O	ub	mb	ROTALIIDS				
							Depth	273	267	Palaeodepth	
i		1	1				<i>Sigmoidella</i>	spp.		x	Middle   <

