

SALT LAKE NO. 1 WELL

COMPLETION REPORT

by

Woodside Oil N.L.

July 1970

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- Composite log (2 sheets) Well Correlation Diagram.

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- 1. Water Bore log and report.
- Cuttings descriptions.
 Sidewall core descriptions. 3.
- Palynological report, by M. E. DETTMAN 4.
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Well Velocity Survey Report

SUMMARY

Salt Lake No. 1 well was spudded on 12th April, 1970 and reached a total depth of 5395 feet on 4th May, 1970. The well encountered the following sequence:

,	Well Depth .
Post Gippsland Limestone	0' - 555'
Gippsland Limestone sediments	555' - 2215'
Lakes Entrance Formation	2215' - 2550'
Latrobe Valley Coal Measures	2550' - 4710'
Basalt	4710' - 4845'
Childers Formation	4845' - 5210'
Strzelecki Group	5210' - 5395' (TD)

 $\,$ No oil or gas was encountered during drilling beyond some trivial indications. The well was plugged and abandoned.

A series of sidewall cores were taken to assist in the lithological interpretation of the well section and also for palynological examination.

From a geological point of view this well will assist in a study of Childers Formation with special regard to its relation to the so-called Golden Beach beds. It is also the first time that a modern set of logs have been run over the Childers Formation.

GENERAL DATA

(A) Well name and number:

Salt Lake No. 1.

(B) Location: (Figure 1) Lat. 38° 26' 53" S Long. 147° 05' 12" E

Datum: Australian Geodetic Datum

Parish: Darriman

(C) Names of Tenement Holders:

Woodside Oil N.L. (Operator), Australian Oil and Gas Corp. Ltd., Continental Oil Co. of Aust. Ltd.,

B.O.C. of Australia Ltd.,

(D) Petroleum Tenement:

Petroleum Exploration Permit 72 issued by the State of Victoria.

(E) Total Depth: 5395 feet.

(F) Date drilling began:

12th April, 1970.

(G) Date reached T.D.: 4th May, 1970.

• (H) Date well completed:

6th May, 1970.

(I)Date rig released: 8th May, 1970.

(J) Drilling time to T.D.:

23 days.

(K) Elevation:

Ground level: 62.81 feet

Kelly Bushing: 75.58 feet

(Well Datum)

Datum: Williamstown

(L) Status:

Plugged and abandoned.

2. DRILLING DATA

- (A) Contractor: Woodside Oil N.L.'s drilling rig and equipment were operated by Richter Bawden Drilling Pty. Ltd.'s drilling crew.
- (B) Drilling Plant:

Make: Brewster

N4Type:

Rated capacity with $3\frac{1}{2}$ " drill pipe:

7500'

Rated capacity with

4½" drill pipe: 60001

Motors: G.M. 6/71

(C) Mast:

> Lee C. Moore Make: Type: Cantilever 386,000 lbs. Capacity:

(D) Pumps - Two:

> Make: Oilwell Type: P214 $7\frac{1}{4}$ " x 14" G.M. 6/71 Size: Motors:

- (E) Blowout preventer equipment:
 - (i) Make: (ii)Regan 10" Cameron Make: Size: 12" Series: 900 900 Series:
- (F) Hole Sizes and Depths:

Depth		Size
К.В.	- 35'	26ª
35'	- 325'	$17\frac{1}{2}$ "
325'	- 2680¹	121 "
26791	- 4249'·	8 <u>3</u> "
42491	- 5048'	8 <u>5</u> "
50481	- 5395'	8 1 "

(G) Casing and Cementing Details:

Size Weight Grade Range Setting Depth	20" Conductor	13 ³ " / 43 1bs. H40 R2	98" 36 1bs. J55 R2 2679'
Type of Collar Depth Collar Type Shoe	Welded	S.T.C. Nil Float Shoe	S.T.C. 2618' Float Shoe
Cement Plug Depth Shoe		Top Cement Plug 317'	Bottom & Top Plugs 2679'
Centralizers		Nil	Ni1
Qty. Cement	20 bags	325 bags Surface	350 bags 1000 ft*
Method used	Poured from surface	Halliburton Cementing Truck	Halliburton Cementing Truck

^{*}Premix 45 bbl. of mix water with $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ Magogel. 175 bags neat cement placed around shoe.

- (i) Type A freshwater bentonite lignosulphate system of drilling mud was used throughout the well.
- (ii) Treatment: Regularly with the following chemicals:

	<u>lbs.</u>		lbs.
Zeoge1	11,600	Q-Broxin	6,450
Barytes	9,408	Cellucol	484
Supercol	11,400	Causti c Soda	2,100
Unical	1,700	Micatex	690
Milcon	4,200	Sodium Bicarb	$186^2/_3$
Soda Ash	280	Diesel Oil	Gals.5,163

(iv) Average Weight Analysis:

Week	Depth	Weight	Visc.	W.L.	F.C.	рН.
. 1	2290	9.8	49	13	-	9.5
2	3391	9.6	47	8.1	2/32	9.8
3	5395	9.7	54	4.4	2/32	9.4

- (J) Water Supply: A water well was drilled to a depth of 178 feet and cased with 6" water bore casing and 9 feet of screens at the bottom. Water was struck at a depth of 161 feet and rose to 60' from ground level. The well was pumped at a rate of 750 g.p.h. giving a drawdown of 30 feet.
- (K) Perforating and Shooting: Nil.
- (L) Plug back and cementation jobs:

Abandonment plugs were set in the well:

5100' - 5225' 4725' - 4850' 2605' - 2755' 9' - 50'

- (M) Fishing Operation: Nil.
- (N) Side-tracking hole: Nil.
- (0) Deviation:

Depth	Degrees	$\underline{ ext{Depth}}$	Degrees
100 feet 170 325 522 706 850 1369 1550 2040 2232 2500 2760 2963	1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3108 feet 3391 3569 3735 3910 4249 4455 4569 4683 5048 5280 5395	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 1_{\frac{1}{4},\frac{3}{4},\frac{1}{2}} \\ 1_{\frac{3}{4},\frac{1}{2}} \\ 2 \\ 1_{\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2}} \\ 1 \\ 1_{\frac{3}{4},\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2}} \\ 1_{\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2}} \\ 1_{\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2}} \end{array}$

3. LOGGING AND TESTING

(A) Ditch cutings

Representative samples were collected at the shale shaker every 10 feet from 350' to 5395' (T.D.) These samples were washed, dried and examined. Sample descriptions are given in Appendix 2.

(B) Coring

No conventional cores were cut, but 21 sidewall cores were attempted and 17 recovered.

Details of these cores are given in Appendix 3.

(C) Electrical and other logs

Schlumberger Seaco Inco. ran the following logs:-

(1) Induction Electrical log:

Run 1: 316' - 2679' Run 2: 2681' - 5388'

(2) Borehole Compensated Sonic/Gamma Ray Log:

Run 1: 316' - 2671' Run 2: 2681' - 5378'

(3) Formation Density Log:

Run 1: 2681' - 5385'

(4) Continuous Dipmeter Survey:

Run 1: 2680' - 5384'

(D) Drilling Time

Drilling time was recorded by a "Geolograph" mounted on the derrick floor. The penetration rate is plotted on the composite log (Enclosure 1).

(È) Gas Log

Gas detecting equipment, including gas chromatography, was supplied, operated and maintained by Data Analysis Pty. Ltd. at the well site. The equipment was operated from a depth of 350' to total depth.

(F) Testing

Nil.

(G) <u>Velocity Survey</u>

A velocity survey was conducted when the well had reached total depth. This survey was conducted by United Geophysical Corporation whose report will be forwarded when received.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Salt Lake No. 1 well was drilled in the southern part of the Gippsland Basin where the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures contain basalt flows. Sediments occurring above basalt retain the name "Latrobe Valley Coal Measures", while those below are called "Childers Formation" (Thomas & Baragwanath, 1949). In areas where the basalt does not occur the term Childers Formation is not used.

In the onshore part of the Gippsland Basin the "Golden Beach Beds" have not been recognized south of Merriman No. 1 well and it is considered unlikely that they extend as such to this part of the basin.

Apart from the absence of the Golden Beach Beds and the occurrence of basalt and the Childers Formation the regional geology is the same as given in the Collier's Hill well completion report.

STRATIGRAPHY

The sequence found in the Salt Lake No. 1 well was as follows:-

Age	Formation	Depth Top
	No samples.	01
U.Pliocene-U.Miocene	Jemmy's Point & Tambo River	350'
M.Miocene-L.Miocene	Gippsland Limestone	555'
Oligocene	Lakes Entrance	2215'
Eocene	Latrobe Valley Coal Measures	2550'
	Basalt	4710'
Palaeocene or Eocene	Childers Formation	4845
L. Cretaceous	Strzelecki Group	5210'
	Total Depth	53951

The recognition of the rock units given in the Stratigraphic Table is based on sidewall cores, cuttings and wire-line log characters. These characters were correlated with Merriman No. 1 well and other wells drilled in the area. The ages assigned to the rock units are those generally accepted for these units in the Gippsland Basin. (Hocking 1965 and Jenkin 1968.)

Interval without samples (0' - 350')

From regional geological studies this interval may contain Recent sediments, Boisdale Beds and the upper part of the Jemmy's Point Formation. Because sampling and logging began at 350 feet and 320 feet no evidence from these formations was found.

Jemmy's Point and Tambo River Formation (350' - 555')

Sampling began probably towards the base of the Memmy's Point Formation. From a study of the sonic log two possible points were recognized for the top of the Tambo River Formation, 380 feet or 460 feet. The first seems the more likely of the two based only on lithological evidence.

Based mainly on cuttings two lithological units have been recognized:-

350' - 380' MARL, medium grey to brown, soft, sandy, fossiliferous.

380' - 555' CLAYEY CALCARENITE (Packstone), light-grey to light-brown, soft, fine to medium grained, fossiliferous (occasionally as a coquina), slightly sandy in places. Trace glauconite.

Gippsland Limestone (555' - 2215')

The top of the Gippsland limestone has been selected at the first appearance of grainstone (clean calcarenite) which here is composed in the cuttings only of shell-fragments. Comparison of wireline logs with Merriman and Colliers Hill wells were used to identify the top of this unit.

The lithology of this unit consisted of calcarenite, marl and minor limestone. These lithologies grade into each other in places, as well as being interbedded.

From a study of the wire-line logs and cuttings, especially the S.P. curve, the unit has been divided into the following units:-

555' - 1200' CALCARENITE (Grainstone), light brown, soft, fine to coarse grained, ill sorted, with clayey interbeds and sandy coquinas, rare limestone beds, fossiliferous, traces of glauconite and pyrites. Clayey interbeds dominant from 555' - 630', many sandy coquinas from 680' - 890'.

1200' - 1607' MARL, pale-grey, soft with occasional hard bands, fossiliferous, very slightly sandy in upper part, trace glauconite.

1607' - 1705' CALCARENITE, light to medium-brown, cemented, fine to coarse grained, ill-sorted, fossiliferous, traces of glauconite quartz and pyrites.

1705' - 1840' MARL, light-brown, soft, fossiliferous, with interbeds of calcarenite as for 1607' - 1705'

interbeds of calcarenite as for 1607' - 1705'.

1840' - 1990' MARLY LIMESTONE, pale-grey, hard, clayey in part, fossiliferous, very slightly glauconitic in part, traces of quartz and dolomite.

1990' - 2140' <u>CLAYEY MARL</u>, grey to pale grey, soft. 2140' - 2215' <u>MARL</u>, grey, soft, argillaceous.

Lakes Entrance Formation (2215' - 2550')

The marl of the Lakes Entrance Formation differs from the marl of the overlying Gippsland Limestone by being more clayey. This lithological difference is seen on the cuttings as well as a small change in electrical log profile, and following Hocking (1965) has been taken as the top of this formation. However, this change here is not so pronounced as the prominent break which occurs within the Lakes Entrance Formation at a depth of 2386 feet.

The Lakes Entrance Formation has been sub-divided (Hocking & Taylor, 1964) into two units.

(A) Marly unit (2215' - 2500') consisting of two lithologies:

2215' - 2386' MARL, grey, soft, slightly argillaceous. CALCAREOUS MUDSTONE, pale grey and greenish-grey, soft, plastic.

(B) Sandy unit (2500' - 2550')

The top of two thin dolomite beds is taken to mark

the top of the "sandy unit" (Hocking 1965). These dolomites are not seen in cuttings but are easily recognized (and correlated in other wells) as sharp peaks on the resistivity curves and sonic/ gamma ray log. In Salt Lake No. 1 well the "sandy units" consist of these lithologies:-

DOLOMITE occurring as two bands separated by 3 feet of siltstone 2500' - 2515' '

from 2515' - 2527'.
SILTSTONE, brown, strongly 2515' - 2527' ferruginised, brittle, carbonaceous,

pyritic. 2527' - 2550' GLAUCONITIC SANDSTONE.

The Glauconitic Sandstone (2527' - 2550') is not seen in the cuttings but has been interpreted from the logs, glauconite being interpreted from the gamma ray log.

Latrobe Valley Coal Measures (2550' - 4710')

This unit, consisting of sand containing coal seams and minor siltstone and clay beds, represents the first non-marine sediments encountered in the well below 350 feet. The contact with the overlying Lakes Entrance Formation is taken at 2550 feet, assuming that the interval 2527' - 2550' is a glauconitic sandstone. this assumption is not followed, then the top of the unit will be at 2527 feet.

The lithologies present are fairly constant over the entire interval with the coal being almost completely confined upper one thousand feet. For convenience the unit has been divided into four units:-

2550' - 3452' COAL, WITH MINOR BEDS OF CLAY SAND, AND SILTSTONE.

SAND, clear to slightly cloudy, quartzose, unconsolidated, medium to coarse grained (occasionally fine and granule) subangular to well-rounded, moderate sorting, good to excellent porosity.

COAL, dark-brown to black, friable to firm, occasionally silty and shaley, pyritic in places.

SILTSTONE, grey to buff-brown, firm, argillaceous, occasionally carbonaceous, rarely slightly sand. CLAY, not recovered in cuttings.

3452' - 3460' DOLOMITE.

3460' - 3467' GRAVEL, quartzose, clear to slightly cloudy, subangular to angular, partly ferruginised.

3467' - 4710' SANDSTONE, WITH INTERBEDS OF COAL, SILTSTONE AND CLAY.

SANDSTONE, clear to cloudy, quartzose, semiconsolidated, medium to coarse (occasionally granule) grained, poor to moderate sorting, angular to subangular, occasional pyrite aggregates, occasionally slightly micaceous.

CLAY, light to dark brown (rarely pale grey) becoming shaley with depth, often carbonaceous. SILTSTONE, as for 2550' - 3452'.

Basalt (4710' - 4845')

Underlying the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures is 135 feet of olivine basalt. This unit is easily recognized in the cuttings and on all wire-line logs.

The basalt has been described as:

4710' - 4845' BASALT. Olivine basalt, greenish-black.

Massive, but weathered in places, olivine phenocrysts in pyroxene-amphibole ground mass.

Childers Formation (4845' - 5210')

In the South Gippsland Highlands rocks outcropping between the basalt and Strzelecki Group are known as the Childers Formation. In wells at Darriman and Woodside similar sediments occur in the same position and are referred to as Childers Formation.

In the Salt Lake No. 1 well it has been divided into two lithological units identified mainly from the logs because the cuttings are contaminated with caved material.

4845' - 5155' SANDSTONE, pale-grey, medium to very coarse (occasionally gravel) grained, subrounded to subangular, poor sorting Trace pyrite, calcite, limonite.

5155' - 5210' $\frac{\text{CLAY}}{\text{SILTSTONE}}$ with interbeds of $\frac{\text{SANDSTONE}}{\text{SILTSTONE}}$ and

The relation of these sediments with the "Golden Beach Beds" which occur onshore to the northeast and offshore to the east is not known and any consideration of this aspect is best deferred until these sediments have been examined by a palynologist.

<u>Strzelecki Group</u> (5210' - 5395' T.D.)

The top of the Strzelecki Group has been selected mainly from the Dipmeter survey together with other wire-line logs because the cuttings appear to be heavily contaminated. Two lithological units have been interpreted:

5210' - 5275' <u>MUDSTONE</u> or <u>CLAY</u>.

5275' - 5395' FELDSPATHIC SANDSTONE, greenish-grey, well-consolidated, fine grained, quartzose, kaolinitic, slightly micaceous, sand, carbonaceous, tight with interbeds of SILTSTONE, grey, carbonaceous.

RESULTS OBTAINED FROM DRILLING

The study of the results obtained from drilling are considered under three headings:-

- 1. "H" to "K" interval.
- 2. Hydrocarbons.
- 3. Regional geology.

1. "H" to "K" interval

Before the drilling of the Salt Lake No. 1 well the seismic results indicated two horizons of particular interest. The upper horizon ("H") was considered to represent the top of the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures and the lower horizon ("K") was regarded as the top of the first coal seam.

Between these two horizons sand could have been present.

The velocity survey and sonic logging carried out in this well have made it possible to identify these horizons with more accuracy. The velocity survey allowed the following depth calculation to be made:-

Seismic <u>Horizon</u>	2-Way Reflection Time	Depth using Velocity- Survey
"H"	660 milliseconds	2496' below K.B.
"K"	720 "	2716' " K.B.

From a study of the sonic log the "H" horizon is correlated with a decrease in interval transit time from about 130 to 60 microseconds per foot at a depth of 2500 feet and corresponds to the two dolomite beds occuring at 2500-2515 feet.

The "K" horizon is correlated with a coal seam at 2705' - 2730' on the sonic log. It is interesting to note that between the dolomites and the "K" coal at 2705' - 2730' other coal seams occur:-

2. Hydrocarbons

No commercial hydrocarbons were encountered during the drilling of this well. Some trivial gas detector readings were recorded during drilling of the top coal and sand of the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures (2598' - 2638'); and at 3090' - 3100'. These recordings were too low and significant to warrant further consideration.

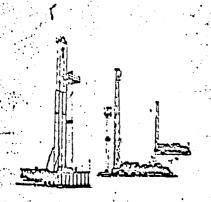
The slight fluorescence recorded from side-wall cores taken from the Childers Formation were too insignificant to be of more than academic interest. The absence of gas detector recordings, together with log analysis indicated that the Childers Formation did not contain hydrocarbons and the fluorescence was considered to be caused by extremely small traces of residual hydrocarbon which was retained in the sediments.

3. Regional Geology

The main interest derived from the drilling of this well comes from the Childers Formation. This is the first time onshore that this formation has been adequately logged, because the earlier intersections at Woodside No. 1 and Darriman No. 1 were drilled too long ago to have been adequately logged.

It is hoped that a palynological study of the sidewall cores taken from the Childers formation in this well will assist in understanding the relation between the Childers Formation and the Golden Beach Beds.

Water Bore Report.



TELEPHONES: 5608655-5608433 5608733

W. L. SIDES & SON PTY. LTD. DRILLING CONTRACTORS

REGISTERED OFFICE: WELLINGTON RD., CLAYTON, VICTORIA, 3168
P.O. BOX 228, CLAYTON, 3168
TELEGRAMS AND CABLES:
SIDESON, CLAYTON, VICTORIA

31st March, 1970.

Woodside Oil N.L., East Tower, Princes Gate, 151 Flinders Street, MELBOURNE. 3000.

BORE REPORT.

SITE - McGORRANS BEACH.

Strata.	Depth.	Total.
Clay Yellow sand with clay (no	loft.	10ft.
	140 11 26	150 161 <u>187</u> ft.

Sand screend between 177ft. and 185ft. with 3 Willscreens - .025 aperture. Estimated supply 750 g.p.h.

W.L. SIDES & SON PTY. LTD.

(V.J. Schumann) GENERAL MANAGER

WOODSIDE OIL N.L.

SALT LAKE NO. 1 WELL

DRILL CUTTINGS SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

	01,"-	350'	Samples not collected.
	350'	- 360'	Marl, medium grey, soft-very soft, heterogeneous texture quartz frosted fine-medium grained, ill sorted, rounded. Fossils - Pelecypods, Gastropods, benthonic Foraminifera, lignitic. Interbeds of silt, medium grey, soft fine to medium.
	3601	- 370'	80% Marl, medium grey-brown, soft, heterogeneous texture, frosted fine-medium quartz grains, angular, poor stratification, fossiliferous, lignitic. 15% Coquina, fossils - Pelecypods, Foraminifera, Dentalium. 5% Marl, as above, with medium quartz sand.
	370'	- 380'	100% Marl, light-medium brown, soft, heterogeneous texture, ill sorted, with rounded sand and gravel. Fossils - Pelecypods, Foraminifera, Dentalium, lignite.
	380'	- 390'	100% Marl, light grey, soft heterogeneous texture, ill sorted, poorly stratified. Fossils Pelecypods, benthonic Foraminifera, Bryozoa, Dentalium.
	390'	- 400'	90% Packstone, light grey, soft, heterogeneous texture, fine - medium, ill sorted, angular-subangular, poor stratification. Fossils - Pelecypods, benthonic Foraminifera, Bryozoa, Dentalium, Glauconite. 10% Marl, medium grey, soft homogeneous texture, fine, ill sorted, angular.
	4001	- 410'	As above.
	410'	- 4201	95% Packstone, light grey-brown, soft, heterogeneous texture, fine-medium ill sorted, angular, poor stratification. Fossils - Pelecypods, Gastropods, Bryozoa, Dentalium, Glauconite.
	4201	- 430'	As above.
	430'	- 440'	85% Packstone as above. 10% Siltstone as above. Sand and sandy marl, brown, brittle, heterogeneous texture, medium, ill sorted, angular.
	4401	- 4601	As above.
-	460'	- 470'	100% - Packstone, as above.

100% Packstone, as above.

- 480'

- 480' 490' 100% Coquina, light brown, loose, heterogeneous texture, medium to coarse, ill sorted. Fossils Bryozoa, Dentalium, Pelecypoda, Gastropoda, benthonic Foraminifera, Glauconite.
- 490' 500' 100% Packstone, light brown, soft brittle, heterogeneous texture, fine-medium, ill sorted, angular. Fossils Bryozoa, Pelecypoda, Dentalium, Foraminifera, Glauconite.
- 500' 510' As above.
- 510' 520' As above.
- 520' 530' As above with Echinodermata plates and spines.
- 530' 540'

 100% Packstone, light brown, soft-brittle,
 Heterogeneous texture medium coarse, ill
 sorted, angular. Fossils Bryozoa (branching
 and encrusting) Pelecypoda, Foraminifera
 (benthonic and pelagic)
- 540' 550' 100% Coquina, light brown, medium coarse, ill sorted, angular, fossils Bryozoa, Foraminifera (pelagic) Echinodermata, Pelecypoda.
- 550' 560'

 50% Grainstone, light brown, soft brittle, heterogeneous texture, medium to coarse, ill sorted, angular. Fossils Bryozoa, Brachiopoda, Pelecypoda, Foraminifera, Echinodermata. 50% Coquina, light brown, very coarse, ill sorted, angular, fossils Echinodermata, Pelecypoda.
- 560' 570' 20% Grainstone, as above. 80% Coquina, as above.
- 570' 580' 100% Coquina, very light brown, heterogeneous texture, medium to coarse, ill sorted, angular, fossils Bryozoa, Foraminifera, Echinodermata, Pelecypoda.
- 580' 590' 100% Coquina as above.
- 590' 600' 60% Packstone as above. 40% Coquina as above.
- 600' 610' As above.
- 610' 620' 100% Coquina, light brown, heterogeneous texture, medium to coarse, ill sorted, angular, Fossils Bryozoa, Echinodermata, Pelecypoda, Foraminifera.
- 620' 630' 100%. <u>Packstone</u>, light brown, soft, homogeneous texture, medium to coarse, angular, fossiliferous Bryozoa and Foraminifera.
- 630' 640' 50% Packstone as above.
 50% Coquina, fossils Bryozoa, Pelecypoda,
 Foraminifera.
- 640' 650' 100% Packstone, light brown, soft, homogeneous texture, medium-coarse, angular, fossiliferous Bryozoa, Pelecypoda, Foraminifera, Echinodermata, lignitic fragments.

650' - 660'	A = -1
•	As above.
660! - 670!	As above.
670' - 680'	100% Packstone as above (with cavings of fossils?)
680' - 690'	As above.
690' - 700'	40% Sandstone, grey to pale grey, medium- fine grained, comprising clear to pale grey quartz; subrounded to subangular, poorly sorted, good porosity. 60% Abundant fossil fragments comprising Pelecypoda, Bryozoa, Foraminifera.
700' - 710'	30% Sandstone, as above, poorly consolidated with detrital gypsiferous fragments and minor limestone fragments. Occasional brown clays. The sandstone components show some lithic inclusions. 70% Fossil fragments, abundant foraminifera and coral remnants and Bryozoan remains.
710' - 720'	20% Sandstone as above with reddish brown clays. 80% Fossils - strongly Fossiliferous with abundant corals and gastropods and foraminiferal remains.
720' - 730'	20% Sandstone - as above, impregnated with fine reddish brown clay. 80% Fossil fragments - as above. Dark red or reddish brown siltstone grains.
730' - 740'	20% Sandstone as above. 80% Fossil fragments as above. Weathered pink feldspars and siltstone fragments.
740' - 750'	10% Sandstone, pale grey, poorly consolidated, strongly calcareous (matrix) with occasional colourless subangular quartz grains. Medium fully grained, poorly sorted, good porosity. 90% Fossil fragments comprise skeletal remains of Bryozoa, Pelecypoda, Gastropoda and Foraminifera. (Polyp corals). Minor reddish brown silstone frag ments, giving the samples a reddish tint.
750' - 760'	10% Sandstone, as above, with prominent dark brown black lithic inclusions. 90% Fossil fragments as above. Reddish clay impregnates the unwashed sample.
760' - 770'	10% Sandstone 90% Fossil fragments as above.
770' - 780'	10% Sandstone) as above.
780' - 790'	Sandstone 20%) as above but with less reddish silts.

790' - 800'	20% Sandstone) As above.
800' - 810'	20% Sandstone (As above with a trace 80% Fossil fragments) of greenish grey siltstone.
810' - 820'	25% Sandstone, pale grey, poorly consolidated with embedded fossil fragments, mostly corals. Some dark lithics, and weathered feldspars. 75% Fossil fragments - predominantly coralline remains, brackgood and pelecypod remains and
	foraminifera. Greenish grey, firmly compacted heterogeneous textured, brittle, comprising very fine silty sand and detrital material. Sample is no longer tainted a reddish colour; it has assumed a greyish tinge.
820' - 830'	30% Sandstone 70% Fossil fragments) As above with occasional pebbly sized, milky white quartz (rounded). Probably cavings.
830' - 840'	30% Sandstone, pale grey, poorly consolidated, strong calcareous matrix, interbedded and embedded fossil fragments. Abundant lithic inclusions. Poorly sorted. Good porosity. (Vuggy?)
	70% Fossil fragments. Mostly coralline fragments, foraminifera, brachiopods and pelecypods. The reddish silty sand has reappeared in the sample. Possible interbeds of greenish grey and reddish silty material.
840' - 850'	25% Sandstone)As above with a pronounced 75% Fossil fragments)reddish tint in the samples.
850' - 860'	25% Sandstone 75% Fossil fragments. As above.
860' - 870'	10% Sandstone, as above but the very fine sized sand is not recoverable in the samples. 90% Fossil fragments. Predominantly coralline fragments, brachiopods and pelecypods.
870' - 880'	10% Sandstone, very fine grained, poorly sorted, angular, quartzose. 90% Coquina light brown, soft, heterogeneous
	texture, fine - coarse, ill sorted, fossilifereous - Bryozoa, Foraminifera (Benthonic) Dentalium.
880' - 890'	100% Coquina, light brown, soft, heterogeneous texture, fine - coarse, ill sorted, grains of quartz, fossils, glauconite. Fossils - Bryozoa (branching, encrusting, massive), Foraminifera (pelagic and benthic), Dentalium, Pelecypods.
890' - 900'	As above.

900' - 910'

As above.

910' - 920' As above 920' - 930' As above 930' - 940' As above, some fossils filled with green mud. 940' - 950' 80% Packstone, light brown, soft, homogeneous texture, fine - coarse, ill sorted, angular, fossiliferous - Foraminifera, Bryozoa, Glauconite. Grainsin packstone are fossils, quartz, mica, glauconite. 950' - 960' 100% Packstone - Grainstone, light brown, soft, homogeneous texture, fine - coarse, ill sorted, fossiliferous - Foraminifera, Bryozoa, Pelecypoda. Glauconitic, lignitic. Grains in packstone are glauconite, quartz, mica, calcareous fossil fragments. 960' - 970' 100% Grainstone, as above. Fossils -Foraminifera, Bryozoa, Pelecypoda, Echinodermata 970' - 980' As above. 980' - 990' 100% Grainstone, with fragments of coarse medium sand sized particles of fossils, quartz, glauconite. 990' - 1000' As above. 1000' - 1010' As above. 1010' - 1020' As above, with occasional patches of quartz sandstone rich in fossils. 1020' __ 1030' 100% Grainstone, with fragments of quartz, fossils, glauconite, with admixed larger fossils (pelecypoda). 1030' - 1040' 100% Grainstone, as above. 1040' - 1050' 100% Grainstone, with fine sand sized grains. 1050' - 1060' 100% As above. 1060' - 1070' 100% As above. 1070' - 1080' 60% Limestone, white, moderately hard, homogeneous texture, very fine grained. 40% Grainstone, as above. 1080' - 1090'. 70% Coquina, white, fossils - Bryozoa, Foraminifera. 30% Grainstone, as above. 1090' - 1100' As above. 90% Coquina, fossils - Bryozoa, Foraminifera. 1100' - 1110' 10% Sandstone and Grainstone. 1110' - 1120' 60% Grainstone

40% Coquina. Fossils - Bryozoa (encrusting,

massive, branching) Foraminifera.

	1120' - 1130'	80% Grainstone, light grey, soft, homogeneous texture, fine - medium, angular, fossil fragments, glauconite. 20% Coquina. Fossils - Bryozoa, Foraminifera.
	1130'1140'	60% Limestone, white hard, homogeneous texture, fine, ill sorted, angular, fossils includes corals. 20% Coquina. Fossils - Bryozoa, Foraminifera. 20% Grainstone, light grey, soft, homogeneous texture, fine - medium, angular, fossil fragments, glauconite.
	1140' - 1150'	90% Grainstone, as above but fine-grained. 10% Coquina. Fossils - Bryozoa, Foraminifera.
•	1150' - 1160'	As above.
	1160' - 1170'	100% Grainstone, light grey, soft, heterogeneous texture, fine to coarse, ill sorted, angular, fossiliferous - Foraminifera, Pelecypoda, Bryozoa, Glauconite, Pyrites.
	1170' - 1180'	Grainstone, as above.
٠	1180' - 1190'	As above.
	1190' - 1200'	As above.
	1200' - 1210'	As above.
	1210' - 1220'	80% Marl, light grey, very fine grained. 20% Grainstone, as above.
	1220' - 1230'	60% Grainstone. 40% Marl, light grey, very fine grained.
	1230' - 1240'	$50\% \frac{\text{Grainstone}}{\text{Fossiliferous marl.}}$ as above.
	1240' - 1250'	30% Sandstone, pale grey, poorly consolidated with strong calcareous matrix. 70% Fossils largely, brachiopods, pelecypods, foraminifera and coralline fragments. Sample is marly.
	1250' - 1260'	25% Sandstone, as above with glauconitic grains as infills of microfossils. 75% Fossils, as above.
	1260' - 1270'	25% Sandstone, with abundant glauconitic infills. 75% Fossils, limestone, marly, abundant fossil fragments.
	1270' - 1280'	10% <u>Sandstone</u> - as above. 90% <u>Marly limestone</u> - fossiliferous, as above.
	1280' - 1290'	90% Marl, strongly fossiliferous. Abundant brachiopods, corals, sandy in parts. 10% Sandstone, less glauconitic than previous sample. Traces calcite&/or traces dolomitic fractions, milky white, hard, crystalline, weathered feldspars.

1290' - 1300'	100% Marl, pale grey to grey, soft, sticky, sandy in parts. Abundant fossiliferous fragments.
1300' - 1310'	100% Marl, grey as above. Glauconitic infills of microfossils.
1310' - 1320'	90% Marl as above. Occasional large sized pelecypods and coralline remains. 10% Sand, cloudy quartz, medium to coarse grained, subrounded to rounded.
1320' - 1330'	90% <u>Marl</u>) As above.
1330' - 1340'	$ \begin{array}{c} 90\% \ \underline{\text{Marl}} \\ 10\% \ \underline{\text{Sand}} \end{array} $ As above.
1340' - 1350'	90% $\frac{\text{Marl}}{\text{Sand}}$) As above, sample very clayey.
1350' - 1360'	100% Marl, pale grey, abundant fossil fractions, some iron staining on coral fractions.
1360' - 1370'	100% Marl as above.
1370' - 1380'	100% Marl as above.
1380' - 1390'	100% Marl as above.
1390' - 1400'	100% Marl as above.
1400' - 1410'	100% Marl as above.
1410' - 1420'	100% Marl as above.
1420' - 1430'	100% Marl, grey, sticky, soft, sample very clayey. Abundant fossil fragments. Mostly coralline remains and foraminifera. Partly glauconitic. Traces quartz sand, medium to coarse, milky
	white, subrounded, rounded, some ferruginised. Traces Calcite fractions, crystalline, milky white random sucrosic aggregates.
1430' - 1440'	100% Fossiliferous Marls, grey, sticky, abundant coral fragments and foraminifera. Some caving of reddish silt sized particles from upper levels evident.
1440' - 1450'	100% Fossiliferous marl, as above.
1450' - 1460'	100% Fossiliferous marl, as above.
1460' - 1470'	100% Fossiliferous marl, as above,
1470' - 1480'	100% Fossiliferous marl, as above.
1480' - 1490'	100% Fossiliferous marl, strongly clayey.
1490' - 1500'	100% Fossiliferous marl, as above but abundant glauconitic grains disseminated throughout. Some limestone aggregate - sucrosic appearance.

	1500' - 1	1510'	100% Fossiliferous Marl, as above.
-	1510' - 3	1520'	100% Fossiliferous Marl, as above, with occasional lumps of clay, embedded in samples.
	1520' - 3	1530'	Fossiliferous marl as above.
	1530' - 3	1540'	100% Fossiliferous marl as above.
•	1540' - 3	1550'	100% Fossiliferous marl with glauconitic and quartz grains.
	1550' - 3	1560'	As above.
	1560' - 1	1570'	100% Fossiliferous marl and packstone (as interbeds?)
	1570' - 3	1580'	As above.
	1580' - 3	1590'	As above.
	1590' - 3	1600'	As above.
	1600' - 3	1610 '	100% Marl, fossiliferous, light brown, very fine, with packstone interbeds? Fossils - Bryozoa, Foraminifera. Sandy and glauconitic.
	1610' - 1	1620'	80% Grainstone, light - medium brown, cemented homogeneous texture, fine, angular, ill sorted Fossils - Bryozoa, Foraminifera. Grains of quartz and glauconite. 20% Marl, as before.
	1620' - :	1630'	Grainstone, as above. 50%. Marl, as above. 50%.
	1630' - 1	1640'	95% Grainstone. Light-medium brown, cemented, homogeneous texture, fine - medium, angular, ill sorted, fossils: Pelecypoda, Bryozoa, Foraminifera, Glauconite, Quartz, Pyrite. 5% Marl, as above.
	1640' -	1650'	100% Grainstone, light-medium brown, cemented (with sparry calcite) homogeneous texture, fine-coarse, ill sorted. Fossils - Bryozoa, Foraminifera, Coral and Glauconite.
	1650' -	1660'	60% Grainstone, as above. 40% Marl, as above.
	1660' -	1670'	60% Grainstone, as above. 40% Marl, as above.
	1670' -	1680'	100% Grainstone, light brown, cemented, homogeneous texture, fine-medium, ill sorted, fossils - foraminifera, bryozoa.
	1680' -	1690'	50% Grainstone, as above. 50% Marl, light brown, stick, very fine clay.
	1690' -	1700'	80% Grainstone, as above. 20% Marl, as above.

```
60% Marl, fossiliferous, as above.
1700' - 1710'
                 40% Grainstone.
1710' - 1720'
                 As above.
                 80% Marl.
1720' - 1730'
                 20% Grainstone.
                 90% Marl, as above.
1730' - 1740'
                 10% Grainstone, as above.
1740' - 1750'
                 90% Marl.
                 10% Grainstone.
                 100% Marl, light-medium brown, fossiliferous.
1750' - 1760'
                 95% Marl, as above.
1760' - 1770'
                 5% Grainstone.
                 100% Fossiliferous Marl.
1770' - 1780'
1780' - 1790'
                 As above.
1790' - 1800'
                 As above.
                 95% Marl, as above.
1800' - 1810'
                  5% Grainstone, as above.
                  30% Marl.
1810' - 1820'
                  20% Grainstone.
                  90% Marl.
1820' - 1830'
                  10% Grainstone.
1830' - 1840'
                  90% Marl.
                  10% Grainstone.
                  95% Marl.
1840' - 1850'
                  5% Grainstone.
                  100% Marly Limestone, very strong calcareous.
1850' - 1860'
                  Traces pyritic aggregates.
                  100% Marly Limestone, pale grey, hard, very
1860' - 1870'
                  strongly calcareous, clayey in parts (marly).
                  Varying amounts of fossiliferous fragments.
                  Dolomite. Coralline remains. Glauconite
                  disseminated throughout.
                                                      trace of
1870' - 1880'
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above,
                  medium-fine grained, milky white quartz
                  (ferruginous in parts)
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above, no trace of
 1880' - 1890'
                  quartz, sample very clayey.
                  Abundant fossil fragments.
                  100% Fossiliferous Marly Limestone, pale grey
 1890' - 1900'
                   to grey, poorly consolidated, very strongly
                   calcareous, clayey in parts. Abundant fossil
                   fragments, notably corals and foraminifera.
                  Glauconite grains.
```

Traces quartz, sand, milky white, medium-fine

grained, subrounded.

```
100% Marly Limestone, as above.
1900' + 1910'
1910' - 1920'
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above.
1920' - 1930'
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above.
1930' - 1940'
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above.
1940' - 1950'
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above.
1950' - 1960'
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above.
1960' - 1970'
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above.
                  100% Marly Limestone, as above.
1970' - 1980'
1980' - 1985'
                  80% Marls, very clayey (due to shales) (grey
                  to pale grey) tend to wash off.
20% Limestone, sandy in places, fossiliferous.
                  Clayey nature of sample due to shales.
                  Possible top of the Lakes Entrance Formation.
1985' - 1990'
                  80% <u>Marl</u>
                                     as above, sample very clayey.
                  20% Limestone
                  90% Marl
1990' - 2000'
                                    as above.
                  10% Limestone
                  90% Marl
2000' - 2010'
                                     as above, abundant fossils.
                  10% Limestone
                  Traces milky white, subrounded, medium-fine
                  grained quartz with pyrite growths on crystal
                  interfaces.
                  90% Marl
2010' - 2020'
                                     as above.
                  10% Limestone
                  90% Marl
2020' - 2030'
                                     as above.
                  10% Limestone
2030' - 2040'
                  90% Marl
                                     as above.
                  10% Limestone
2040' - 2050'
                  90% Marl, grey, soft, sticky lumps of clay.
                  10% Limestone fossils, fragmentary mostly corals
                  and foraminifera.
                  Traces pyrites as aggregates.
2050' - 2060'
                  100% Marl, as above.
2060! - 2070!
                  100% Marl, as above, samples very clayey.
                  100% Marl, as above.
2070' - 2080'
2080' - 2090'
                  100% Marl, as above.
2090' - 2100'
                  100% Marl, as above.
2100' - 2110'
                  100% Marl, as above.
2110' - 2120'
                  100% Marl, as above.
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2120' - 2130' 100\% Marl, as above.
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2130' - 2140' 100% Marl, as above.

2140' - 2150' 100% Marl, as above.

2150' - 2160' 100% Marl, as above with prominent lumps of clay.

2160' - 2170' 100% Marl, as above. Large lumps of clay.

2170' - 2180' 100% Marl, as above.

2180' - 2190' 100% Marl, as above.

2190' - 2200' As above.

.2200' - 2210' As above.

2210' - 2220' Hard clayey marl with sponge spicules (siliceous) quartz, sand grains, glauconite, mica, pelagic foraminifera, etc.

2220' - 2230' As above.

2230' - 2240'

2240' - 2250' Marly limestone.

2250' - 2260' As above.

2260' - 2270' Marl, green, slightly sandy.

2270' - 2280' 80% Marl.

20% Glauconitic Grainstone, with some quartz sandstone, pyritic patches.

2280' - 2290' As above.

2290' - 2300' As above.

2300' - 2310' As above.

2310' - 2320' As above.

2320' - 2330' As above. Green clayey marl, pyritic in parts.

2330' - 2340' 75% Marl, greenish, soft, plastic, glauconitic, strongly argillaceous.
25% Limestone, reddish brown, green to pale green, very strongly calcareous, glauconitic in part. Fossils fragments, mostly corals, strongly pyritic to some extent.
Traces quartz grains, fine-very fine grained, subrounded-rounded, poorly sorted.

2340' - 2350' 90% Marl, as above, bluish grey clay.

10% Limestone, pale green, pyritic veins and aggregates. Occasional glauconitic matrix.

Very strongly calcareous. Argillaceous in parts.

```
2350! - 2360!
                    90% Marl,
                                         as above, sample very clayey.
                    10% Limestone,
 2360' - 2370'
                    90% Marl,
                                         as above.
                    10% Limestone,
 2370' - 2380'
                    90% Marl
                                         as above.
                    10% Limestone
 2380' - 2390'
                    75% Marl, pale green, sticky plastic.
                    25% Limestone, white to pale green. Strongly
                    pyritic expressed as veins.
                    Ditrupa worm casts.
 23901 - 24001
                    As above.
                    90% <u>Marl</u>.
10% Sand-sized carbonate fragments.
 2400' - 2410'
 2410' - 2420'
                    As above.
 2420' - 2430'
                    As above.
 2430' - 2440'
                    100\% Blue-green <u>marl</u>, slightly sandy. Traces of lignitic material, Glauconite.
 2440' - 2450'
                    90% Marl, pale grey, and greenish grey, soft
                    sticky plastic, strongly argillaceous, sandy
                    in part.
                    5% Limestone, pale green, green to white,
                    crystalline with varying amounts of pyrites
                    evidenced as veinlets.
                    5% Claystone, vivid green, sandy in part, slightly
                    carbonaceous.
-2450' - 2460'
                    80% Marl Limestone
                                         as above.
                    10% Claystone
2460' - 2470'
                    80% Marl
                    15% Limestone
                                         as above.
                     5% Claystone
2470' - 2480'
                    80% Marl
                                         as above, very clayey.
                    20% Limestone
                   80% Marl Limestone
 2480' - 2490'
                                         as above.
                    10% Claystone
                    90% Marl Limestone
 2490' - 2500'
                                         as above.
                    90% Marl
 2500' - 2510'
                    10% Limestone
 2510' - 2520'
                    90% \frac{\text{Marl}}{\text{Siltstone}} (claystone) brown, dark brown,
                    strongly ferruginised, brittle, carbonaceous,
                    pyrite growths on some interfaces. Random
                    pyrite aggregates, also as nodules.
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Siltstone, slightly argillaceous, not soft,

very slightly carcareous.

```
70% Marl, as above.
20% Limestone, as above.
10% Sillstone.
2520' - 2530'
                   Traces clear, milky white quartz; medium-very
                   fine grained, subrounded, abundant pyrite both
                   as clusters or aggregates and small nodules.
2530' - 2540'
                   70% Marl
                   20% Limestone
                                         as above.
                   10% Siltstone
2540! - 2550!
                   90% Coal, brown to dark brown, earthy, friable,
                   soft, argillaceous in parts.
                   10% Clay, bluish grey, soft, plastic, glaucon-
                   itic.
                   Tentative top of Latrobe Valley Coal Measures
                   at 2546'
2550' - 2560' ·
                   100% Coal, with thin bands clay.
                   100% Coal.
2560' - 2570'
2570' - 2580'
                   100% Coal.
2580' - 2590'
                   100% Coal.
                   80% Coal, as above.
2590' - 2600'
                   20% Sand, clear to slightly cloudy, medium -
                   coarse grained, quartz sand, subangular,
                   subrounded, moderate sorting, good to excellent
                   porosity. No fluorescence; but some gas (methane?) recorded, possible emanating from
                   porosity.
                   coal beds.
                   50% Coal
2600' - 2610'
                                 as above.
                   50% Sand
                   80% Sand
2610' - 2620'
                                 as above.
                   20% Coal
26201 - 26301
                   90% Sand
                                 as above.
                   10% Coal
2630' - 2640'
                   80% Coal
                                 as above.
                   20% Sand
2640' - 2650'
                   60% Coal
                                 as above.
                   40% Sand
2650' - 2660'
                   75% Coal, dark brown to black, earthy, occasion-
                   ally woody fragments, friable, soft, (some large chunks coals). Occasional thin clay (grey)
                   bands associated with the coal.
                   25% Sand, clear, slightly cloudy, unconsolidated
                   medium to very coarse grained, moderate sorting,
                   good porosity. No fluorescence.
2660' - 2670'
                   75% Coal
                               as above, with lumps of clay and
                   25% Sand
                               greenish grey marls, possibly cavings.
2670' - 2680'
                   90% Coal
```

10% <u>Sand</u>

as above. Occasionally very coarse

grained quartz sand.

2680' - 2690'

100% Siltstone, grey and pale brown - red, firm, flakey fracture. About 20% is dark mafic mineral, possibly mica, non calcareous.

2690' - 2700'

100% Siltstone, as above, but occasionally the siltstone contains sand-size grains of clear white mineral, possibly quartz.

2700' - 2703' 100% Coal, black, dirty, dull, weak to firm, granular fracture.

20%

2703' - 2710' Siltstone, pale creamy brown. As above except that sandy content is slightly higher. Also some of sandy grains appear to be feldspathic. Rare coarse, free grains of quartz present.

80% Coal as above.

2710' -2720' 50% Siltstone, pale cream brown, weak to firm, often clayey, very little sandy material, tabular fracture.

50% Coal, dull black, as above.

2720' - 2730' 70% Siltstone, as above. 20% Coal, as above. 10% Sand, clean quartz, angular, well sorted.

2730' - 2740' 85% Siltstone, as above, with occasional sand grains.

10% Coal, as above.

5% Sand, as above.

Traces Sandstone, fine grained, white, clayey, tight, rare glauconite.

2740' - 2750' 80% Sand, coarse grained, clear quartz, angular, well sorted.

10% Siltstone as above.

10% Coal as above.

Traces of fluorescence, seems to come from a micaceous siltstone.

2750' - 2760'

50% Sand, clear quartz, coarse to very coarse, subangular, medium sorting.

5% Sandstone, pale buff grey, very hard, composed, mainly of silt-sized siliceous cement, with about 30% as angular quartz of fine grain size, some calcareous material.

5% Sandstone, white fine grained, hard, feldspathic, tight and slightly glauconitic.

25% Siltstone, as before.

10% Coal, as before.

5% Siltstone, speckled black, weak black material may be mica, but possibly lignite or carbon since rock seems to be gradational to coal.

2760' - 2770'

70% Sand, clear quartz, coarse grained, well sorted, rounded to subrounded.

15% Siltstone, buff brown as above.

10% Coal, dull black as above.

5% Sandstone, fine grained, white, well sorted, slightly glauconitic, foraminifera, kaolinitic cement.

Traces of coaly siltstones as above.

2770' - 2780' 50% Sand, as above, subangular, poor sorting. 30% Siltstone, as above, occasional sandy grains. 20% Coal, as above, specks of fluorescence present before washing. 2780' - 2790' Coal, dull black-brown, weak. 2790' - 2800' 95% Coal, as above. 5% Siltstone, as above. Traces of flakes of white mica. 75% Coal, as above.
10% Siltstone, buff brown, as above.
10% Sand, medium-coarse, subangular quartz, 2800' - 2810' medium sorting. 5% Siltstone, white, weak, clayey. Traces of sandstone, siliceous, silt sized matrix with scattered fine quartz grains. 90% Coal, as above. 2810' - 2820' 5% Sand, medium grained, clear quartz. 5% Siltstone, buff coloured, etc., as above. 70% $\frac{\text{Coal}}{\text{Sand}}$, as above. 10% $\frac{\text{Sand}}{\text{Sand}}$, medium grained, clear quartz, angular, 28201 - 28301 well sorted. 10% Siltstone, buff brown, as above. 10% Siltstone, speckled black, coaly, weak. .80% Coal, as above. .10% Sand, medium grained, clear, angular, well 2830' - 2840' sorted quartz. 10% Siltstone, buff coloured, as above, and white clayey. 2840' - 2850' 90% Coal, black, fracturing into long slivers with smooth edges. At times conchoidal fractures quite firm. 10% Sand, as above. 40% $\frac{\text{Coal}}{\text{Sand}}$, as above. 40% $\frac{\text{Sand}}{\text{Sand}}$, clear quartz, medium-coarse, angular, 2850' - 2860' medium-well sorted. 10% Siltstone, buff brown, as above. 10% Siltstone, black, coaly, weak, lustrous. 80% Coal, as above. 20% Sand, as above. 2860' - 2870' Traces Siltstone, both buff and coaly, as above. Traces Sandstone, medium grained quartz in very high percentage of kaolinitic matrix, about 50% moderate form. Also trace of fine grained kaolinitic sandstone, well sorted. 2870' - 2880' 70% Sand, coarse clean white, angular quartz. 15% Siltstone, speckled black, lustrous, coaly? weak to firm.

2830' - 2890' 60% Sand, as above.
20% Siltstone, dark grey, speckled, lustrous as above.
15% Coal, as above.
5% Sandstone, white fine grained, siliceous, hard, low porosity, well sorted.

15% Coal, as above.

50% Sand, medium-coarse, angular, well sorted 2890' - 2900' quartz. speckled etc. as above, but 30% Siltstone, now often ranges up to very fine sand size with coaly matrix, 50/50%. 20% Coal, as above. Significant traces of white mica flakes. 40% Siltstone, dark grey, speckled weak. 2900' - 2910' Sand, as above. 30% 30% Coal, as above. 40% Siltstone, dark grey, speckled, coaly, as 2910' - 2920' 30% Coal, black, dull, smooth fracture, etc., as above. 20% Sand, medium-coarse, as above, poorly sorted, subangular. 10% Siltstone, buff brown, etc., as above. 100% Coal, dull black, etc., as above, wexy kirkker 2920' - 2930' 100% Coal, dull black and also brown, weak. 2930' - 2940' 100% Coal, brown, earthy, crumbly fracture, weak 2940' - 2950' to firm. 100% Coal, brown and black, as above. 2950' - 2960' 100% Coal, as above, mostly brown. 2960' - 2970' 100% Coal, dark brown, soft, very fine grained. 2970' - 2980' 100% Coal, as above. 2980' - 2990' 2990' - 3000' 100% Coal, as above. 100% Coal, as above. 3000' - 3010' 100% Coal, as above. Traces of angular quartz 3010' - 3020' grains, medium grained. 100% Coal, as above. Plant fragments visible. 3020' - 3030' 95% Coal, as above. 3030' - 3040' 5% Quartz Sand, medium grained, moderate sorting, angular. 3040' - 3050' 45% Coal, as above. 5% Quartz Sand, as above. 95% Coal, 3050' - 3060' 5% Quartz Sand. Lost circulation material present (Mica) 3060' - 3070' 95% Coal. 5% Quartz Sand. 100% Coal, dark brown, soft, brittle. 3070! - 3080!

95% Coal. Slight gas.

5% Quartz Sand, moderately sorted, angular.

3080! - 3090!

```
95% Coal, dark brown, soft, brittle, very fine
3090' - 3100'
                   grained. Occasional gas kicks, very minor.
                   5% Quartz sand grains, medium, poorly sorted.
                   Traces mica books. (L.C.M?)
                   100% Coal, dark brown, soft, brittle, friable.
3100' - 3110'
                   100% Coal, dark brown, soft, silty.
 3110' - 3120'
                   100% Coal, as above, with traces of quartz sand.
 3120' - 3130'
                   100% Coal, black, dark brown, vitreous, abundant
 3130' - 3140'
                   woody fragments, striated.
                   Traces clear quartz sand, medium-fine grained,
                    subangular, subrounded. Pyrite aggregates.
                    100% Coal, as above.
 3140' - 3150'
 3150' - 3160'
                    100% Coal, as above.
                    100% Coal, as above.
 3160' - 3170'
                    100% Coal, as above.
 3170' - 3180'
                    100% Coal, as above.
 3180' - 3190'
                    50% Coal, as above.
 3190' - 3200'
                    50% Sandstone, clear, subangular, angular quartz,
                    medium to coarse grained, moderate sorting,
                    occasional siliceous matrix. Good porosity.
                                                                     No
                    fluorescence.
                                    Very slightly calcareous.
                    70% Coal.
 3200' - 3210'
                                          as above.
                    30% Sandstone.
                    80% Coal
 3210' - 3220'
                                          as above.
                    20% Sandstone.
                    90% Coal.
 3220' - 3230'
                                          as above.
                    10% Sandstone.
                    90% Coal.
10% Sandstone.
  3230' - 3240'
                                          as above.
                    80% <u>Coal</u>.
20% <u>Sandstone</u>.
  3240! - 3250!
                                          as above.
                     80% Coal.
  3250' - 3260'
                                          as above.
                     20% Sandstone.
                     90% <u>Coal</u>.
10% <u>Sandstone</u>.
  32601 - 32701
                                                       Predominantly as
                                           as above.
                                                       brown coal
                     80% Coal.
  32701 - 32801
                                                       Brown coal.
                                           as above.
                     20% Sandstone.
                     70% Coal.
30% Sandstone.
  32801 - 32901
                                                       Brown coal.
                                           as above.
                     90% Coal.
  32901 - 33001
                                                       Brown coal.
                                           as above.
```

10% Sandstone.

```
90% <u>Coal</u>.
10% Sandstone.
3300' - 3310!
                                            as above.
                  80% <u>Coal</u>.
20% <u>Sandstone</u>. Dominantly clear, medium-coarse grained quartz, sorted , subangular - angular,
3310' - 3320'
                   becoming increasingly more siliceous, very
                   abrasive.
                   80% Coal.
3320' - 3330'
                                            as above.
                   20% Sandstone.
3330' - 3340'
                   80% Coal.
                                            as above.
                   20% Sandstone.
                   80% Coal. Dark brown and dark-medium brown, soft,
3340' - 3350'
                   friable, very fine grained, laminated, some dull,
                   some vitreous.
                                      Quartz grained, medium-fine grained
                   20% Sandstone.
                   moderately sorted, angular, some subangular, equant to bladed. Rare fragments of glauconitic
                   sandstone, very fine grained, poorly sorted.
                   90% Coal, as above.
3350' - 3360'
                   10% Sandstone, as above.
                   70% Coal, as above.
3360' - 3370'
                   30% Sandstone, as above.
3370' - 3380'
                   40% Coal, as above.
                   60% Sandstone, as above.
                   80% Sandstone.
3380' - 3390'
                   20% Coal.
                   100% Sandstone, apparently unconsolidated, quartz
33901 - 34001
                   grains, poorly to moderately well sorted, angular
                   to subangular, occasionally subrounded.
3400' - 3410'
                   100% Sandstone.
3410' - 3420'
                   100% as above.
                   100% Sandstone.
3420' - 3430'
                   100% Sandstone.
 3430' - 3440'
                    70% Sandstone, poorly sorted, slightly gravelly.
 3440' - 3450'
                    30% Coal, dark brown to black, soft, brittle.
 3450' - 3460'
                    85% Coal, as above.
                    15% Sandstone, slightly gravelly, coarse grained, poorly sorted, milky white, siliceous, subangular
                    - angular. Traces dolomitic fractions. Random
                    pyrite.
                    100% Gravelly quartz, clear, slightly cloudy, subangular to angular, very siliceous, partly
 3460' - 3462'
                    ferruginous. Traces of coal.
 34621 - 34641
                   100% Gravelly quartz, as above.
```

```
100% Gravelly quartz, as above.
3464' - 3466'
                 50% Coal, dark brown, earthy, friable, some
3466' - 3470'
                 woody fragments.
                 50% Gravelly quartz, milky white to clear
                 fragmented quartz, subangular to angular, coarse
                 to very coarse, moderat ely well sorted,
                 intensely siliceous.
                 60% Coal.
40% Sandstone.
3470' - 3480'
                                       as above.
                 60% Coal.
40% Sandstone.
3480' - 3490'
                                                  Slightly
                                       as above.
                                       ferruginised in parts.
                 40% Coal.
60% Sandstone.
3490' - 3500'
                                       as above.
                 60% Sandstone, fragmented, clear - cloudy,
3500' - 3510'
                 quartz, medium-coarse grained, moderately well
                 sorted.
                 40% Coal, as above.
                 Traces brown clay, often pyritic.
                  60% Sandstone
3510' - 3520'
                                       as above.
                  40% Coal
                  70% Sandstone
3520' - 3530'
                                       as above.
                  30% Coal
                                                   Small nodules of
                                       as above.
                  60% Sandstone
3530' - 3540'
                                                pale grey clay.
                  40% Coal
                                       as above, with abundant to
                  70% Sandstone
 3540' - 3550'
                                       medium-fine grained quartz
                  30% Coal
                                        (subangular to angular)
                                       Strongly siliceous. Random
                                       pyrite nodules. (Occasionally
                                        very coarse to granule sized
                                       quartz grains as well)
                  90% Sandstone, coarse grained, poorly sorted,
 3550' - 3560'
                  angular grains.
                  10% Carbonaceous mud (coal?), dark brown, soft,
                  (quartz - granule conglomerate)
                  90% <u>Sandstone</u>, as above. 10% <u>Coal</u>, as above.
 3560! - 3570!
                                    coarse grained, angular -
                  100% Sandstone,
 3570' - 3580'
                   subangular, poorly sorted quartz fragments,
                   coment unknown.
                  As above.
 3580! - 3590!
 3590' - 3600'
                   100% Sandstone, as above.
                   100% Sandstone, as above.
 3600' - 3610'
                   100% Coal, dark brown, soft, very fine grained.
  3610' - 3620'
                   80% Coal, as above.
  3620! - 3630!
                   20% Sandstone, as above.
```

```
3630' - 3640'
                  90% Sandstone, as above.
                  10% Coal, as above.
3640' - 3650'
                  70% Sandstone, clear, clay, medium-coarse grained,
                   subangular, angular quartz, moderate-well sorted,
                   strongly siliceous in parts, some pyrite growths
                   on some interfaces.
                   30% Coal, dark brown to black, fragmented.
 3650' - 3660'
                  70% Sandstone, as above with slight increase in
                  pyrite.
                   30% Coal, as above.
                  Also trace of colourless, sucrosic, very fine
                   grained siltstones.
3660' - 3670'
                  60% Sandstone, as above. Trace very fine grained
                   (silt sized) quartz, siltstone and conglomerate.
                   sandstone. Dominantly very coarse to granule
                   sized, angular quartz material.
                   40% Coal, as above.
                  80% Coal.
10% Conglomerate sandstone.
3670' - 3680'
                                                    as above.
                  granule sized quartz (subangular - angular)
                  fragments. Coat content increasing towards
                  base of this interval.
                  10% Pale brown clay, sticky.
36831
                  Sample at this interval comprised:
                  90% Pale brown to light yellow clay.
                   5% Fragmented sandstone as above.
                  5% Coal - as above.
3680' - 3690'
                  80% Pale brown to buff coloured sticky Clay.
                  10% Quartz sandstone, subangular, medium-coarse
                   grained.
                   10% Coal, possibly cavings, at this interval.
                   Increase of pyrite nodules.
3690' - 3700'
                   70% Sandstone, as above. Traces dolomite?
                   30% Clay.
                  70% <u>Sandstone</u>
20% <u>Coal</u>
10% <u>Clay</u>
3700' - 3710'
                                       as above, no trace of
                                       dolomites. Rare pyrite.
                  80% Sandstone
 3710' - 3720'
                  10% Clay
10% Coal
                                       as above.
 3720' - 3730'
                  80% Sandstone
                                       as above.
                                                  Trace dolomitic
                   10% Clay
                                                  fragments?
                   10% Coal
 3730' - 3740'
                  As above.
                   80% Sandstone,
                                  pyritic, poorly cemented.
 3740' - 3750'
                   10% Clay, white, mottled, soft,
                   10% Coal,
                   Traces lithic fragments.
 3750! - 3760!
                   100% Sandstone, quartz granules, poorly sorted,
                   angular to subangular, cemented with pale brown
```

soft clay with included very fine grains Mica, Sandstone, Pyritic with cubes and dodecahedral

Crystals.

```
100% Sandstone, quartz granule, varities of
3760' - 3770'
                   quartz - amethyst, milky.
                   100% Sandstone, with occasional fragments of
3770' - 3780'
                   sandstone grains, some grains subrounded.
                   100% Sandstone, with rare lithic fragments.
3780' - 3790'
3790' - 3800'
                   100% Sandstone, as above, with rare mica.
3800' - 3810'
                   100% Sandstone, as above.
                   100% Sandstone, as above.
3810' - 3820'
                   100% Sandstone, as above.
3820' - 3830'
3830' - 3840'
                   70% Sandstone, as above.
                   30% Clay, soft, white.
                   80% Sandstone,
3840' - 3850'
                   20% Clay, white soft,
38501 - 38601
                   As above.
                   90% Sandstone, quartz granules grading to very
3860' - 3870'
                   fine sand, pyritic.
                   10% Clay, white, soft. Traces of coal.
                   100% Sandstone, coarse to very coarse, colourless,
3870' - 3880'
                   slightly clayey, quartz sand, moderate-well sorted,
                   strongly siliceous in places, pyrite grains.
Traces weathered feldspar. Dolomite (?) grains.
                   95% Sandstone, as above with minor milky white
3880' - 3890'
                   quartz grains.
                   5% Clay, as nodules.
                   Traces of weathered feldspar, occasional
                   ferruginized grains (not dolomite)
                   100% Sandstone, coarse grained quartz.
3890! - 3900!
3900' - 3910'
                   95% Coal, as above.
                   5% Sandstone, as above.
                   70% Coal, dark brown, soft, friable. 20% Clay, white very soft. 10% Sandstone, pyritic.
3910' - 3920'
                   Traces of packstone with fossils. Cavings?
                   70% Sandstone, quartz (varieties of amethyst rare). 20% Coal.
3920' - 3930'
                   10% Packstone and clay.
3930' - 3940'
                   As above.
                   As above, with several fragments of very soft
 3940' - 3950'
                    speckled grey siltstone.
                   90% Sandstone, and occasional lithic fragments.
```

3950' - 3960'

3960' - 3970'

10% Coal.

As above.

```
95% Sandstone, granule - coarse quartz grains.
3970' - 3980'
                  5% Coal.
                  100% Sandstone, as above.
3980' - 3990'
3990' - 4000'
                  95% Sandstone.
                  5% Coal.
                  Traces white clay.
                  95% Sandstone.
4000' - 4010'
                  5% Coal with trace of dark brown siltstone.
                  Packstone cavings and white clay.
                  100% <u>Sandstone</u>.
4010' - 4020'
                  90% Clay, white-light grey, very soft.
4020' - 4030'
                  10% Sandstone, as above.
                  50% Clay, as above.
50% Sandstone, as above.
4030' - 4040'
4040' - 4050'
                  70% Sandstone, as above.
                   30% Clay, white-light grey, very soft.
                   70% Sandstone.
4050' - 4060'
                   30% Sandy Clay, white, light grey, very soft.
                   100% Sandstone, pale grey to colourless, comprising
4060' - 4070'
                   colourless to slightly cloudy, subangular, angular,
                   coarse to very coarse quartz grains, moderately well
                  sorted, siliceous in parts, no fluorescence, fair
                   to poor porosity. Abundant pyrite aggregates
                   represented as very coarse granule sized nodules,
                   often with grains of quartz as inclusions.
                   Occasional buff coloured, weathered fragments - not
                   calcareous.
                   100% Sandstone, as above. Some clay contamination.
4070' - 4080'
                   Traces colourless fragments (very fine - fine graine
                   probably dolomitic origin.
                   70% Sandstone, as above, with abundant medium-coarse
4080' - 4090'
                   grained, subrounded quartz sand. No fluorescence.
                   30% Clay, buff coloured, very soft and washes away
                   easily.
                                      As above. Circulated sample.
                   90% Sandstone.
4090' - 4100'
                                      No fluorescence. No gas "kicks".
                   10% Clay
                                             As above. Not as siliceous as before. No fluorescence
                   90% <u>Sandstone</u> ) )
10% <u>Clay</u> (dark brown) )
4100' - 4110'
                                              No gas "kicks".
                                              As above. Poorly consolid-
4110' - 4120'
                   90% Sandstone
                   10% Clay (dark brown) ) ated sand. Good porosity.
                                         No fluorescence. No gas "kicks".
                   From 4092' abundant, medium-fine grained, subangular
                   sand encountered. Probable lithological change.
                   100% Sandstone, as above samples, but gradual
 4120' - 4130'
                   increase in coarse to medium grained quartz sand. Moderately well sorted. Traces coal (brown and
```

black). No fluorescence. No gas "kicks". Good

porosity.

4130' - 4140' 100, Sandstone, dominant coarse to very coarse quartz sand. Random pyrite aggregates. (Traces brown and black coal). Good porosity. No fluorescence or gas "kicks". 4140' - 4150' 100% Sandstone - as above. 100% Sandstone, as above. 4150' - 4160' 4160' - 4170' 100% Sandstone, as above. 4170' - 4180' 100% Sandstone, as above. Increase in very coarse to minor granule sized quartz grains, random milky white, some minor pyrites. 90% Sandstone, as above, dominantly coarse grained, 4180' - 4190' slightly cloudy quartz, well sorted. 10% Clay, dark brown, soft.
Relative increase in pyrite content, generally

4190' - 4200' 90% Sandstone) As above. No fluorescence. 10% Clay) No gas "kicks".

"kicks".

4200' - 4210' 90% Sandstone 10% Clay As above.

Trace pyrite and cavings(?) of coal, small amounts only. (Trace Dolomite fractions?)

present as aggregates. No fluorescence. No gas

```
90% Sandstone,
4210' - 4220'
                                   coarse grained, poorly sorted,
                  angular-subangular.
                  10% Coal, dark brown, soft, with conchoidal
                  fracture in hard black cuttings of coal.
4220' - 4230'
                  As above.
4230' - 4240'
                  As above.
4240' - 4250'
                  100% Coal, light brown, dark brown, soft.
                  90% Sandstone.
4250' - 4260'
                  10% Coal.
                  90% Coal.
10% Sandstone.
42601 - 42701
                  90% Coal.
4270' - 4280'
                  10% Sandstone.
                  60% Sandstone. Coal.
4280' - 4290'
4290' - 4300'
                  80% Coal.
                  10% Sandstone.
                  10% Clay.
                  90% Coal.
10% Sandstone.
4300' - 4310'
                  90% Sandstone.
4310' - 4320'
                  10% Coal.
                  95% Coal,
4320' - 4330'
                              dark brown-black, soft, friable.
                  5% Sandstone.
4330' - 4340'
                  100% Sand, coarse, angular, well sorted.
4340' - 4350'
                  100% Sand, as above.
4350' - 4360'
                  100% Sand, coarse, well sorted, angular,
                  subangular quartz.
4360' - 4370'
                  95\% Sand, as above.
                  5% Coal, as above.
4370' - 4380'
                  100% Sand, as above.
                  100% Sand, as above.
4380' - 4390'
                  90% Sand, as above. 10\% Coal.
4390' - 4400'
                  90% Sandstone.
4400' - 4410'
                                       as above.
                  10% <u>Coal.</u>
                  90% Sandstone 10% Coal
4410' - 4420'
                                       as above.
                   90% Sandstone
4420' - 4430'
                                       as above.
                   10% Coal
4430' - 4440'
                  90% Sandstone, comprising colourless, coarse -
                   very coarse subrounded quartz-sand, moderately
                  well sorted, good porosity.
                  No fluorescence; no gas "kicks".
                   10% Coal, dark brown to black, earthy, soft.
```

Random pyrite nodules.

44401 - 44505 95% Sandstone, as above, with increase in pyrite content. 5% Coal, black, brown, soft, earthy. 4450' - 4460' 90% Sandstone, as above. 10% Coal, black, dirty. 4460' - 4470' 100% Sandstone, clean, white, coarse grained, subrounded, moderately sorted. 4470' - 4480' 90% Sandstone, as above, very coarse, gravel. 10% Coal, black as above. 4480' - 4490' 90% Sandstone, as above, trace of pyrite. 10% Coal, black as above. 4490! - 4500! 100% Sandstone, as above. 100% Sandstone, as above. 4500' - 4510' 50% Sandstone, as above.
50% Shale, light-dark brown, well laminated, 4510' - 4520' massive, silty, mica, very carbonaceous with coaly streaks. 4520' - 4530' 70% Sandstone, white, coarse grained, poor sorted, subangular - subrounded, loose quartz sand. 20% Shale, light brown, laminated, mica, silty, very carbonaceous. 10% Coal, black - dark brown, silty, brittle. $70\frac{3}{5}$ Sandstone, as above. Shale, as above. 4530' - 4540' 80% Sandstone, as above, rounded - subrounded. 10% Shale, as above. 10% Coal, black and minor pebbles of quartzite. 4540' - 4550' 100% Sandstone, as above. 4550' - 4560' 4560' - 4570' 90% Sandstone, dominantly clay, milky white, coarse-very coarse, subrounded, subangular, quartz grains, moderately well sorted, poor porosity. No fluorescence, no gas kicks. 5% Clay, brown, oozy.
5% Coal, dark brown, black, soft. Traces pyrite nodules and aggregates. 100% <u>Sandstone</u>, dominantly medium - coarse grained. Occasional pyrite grains. No coal. 4570' - 4580' 4580' - 4590' 100% Sandstone, as above. 4590' - 4600' 100% Sandstone, as above. 4600' - 4610' 95% Sandstone. as above with traces of weathered 5% Coal. feldspars. 4610' - 4620' 100% Sandstone, as above with traces of coal. 100% Sandstone, as above. 4620' - 4630' 100% Sandstone, as above. 4630' - 4640'

100% Sandstone, as above.

4640' - 4650'

4650' - 4660' 100% Sandstone, as above, traces very coarse and granule sized quartz sand. Still pyritic in parts.

4660' - 4670' 100% Sandstone, as above. Trace of coal.

4670' - 4680' 80% Sandstone, massive consolidation, comprising dominantly coarse to very coarse (rare granule sized) subangular, subrounded quartz grains, poorly sorted. Poor porosity.

10% Brown Clay, sticky, soft.
10% Coal, black, brown, recovered as chips, fragile.

4680' - 4690' 70% Sandstone, loose unconsolidated white quartz sand, coarse grained, subangular - subrounded as above.

20% Coal, black, dirty, soft-brittle with conchoidal fracture grading into 10% Shale, brown - dark brown, very carbonaceous with coaly streaks, in parts laminated, silty and mica.

4690' - 4700' 80% Sandstone, as above.

20% Shale, light brown, very carbonaceous, as above.

Traces coal, pyrite with fossiliferous glauconite.

L/S (Gippsland L/S cavings?)

4700' - 4710' 90% Sandstone, as above. 10% Coal and carbonaceous Shale.

4710' - 4720' 40% <u>Sandstono</u>, as above.
60% <u>Highly altered rock</u> - mostly chlorite and zeolite with abundant limonite and pyrite.
Probably weathered basalt of Childer's Formation.

4720' - 4730' 90% Olivine Basalt, greenish black, olivine phenocrysts, pyroxene-amphible grained, massive. Slightly weathered in part, occasional limestone flakes, Kaolinitic in parts.

10% Quartz, up to granule sized, milky white, cloudy, mostly subangular, strongly pyritic, with inclusions of quartz.

Traces of clays, brownish white, soft plastic.

95% Olivine Basalt.
5% Quartz, dominantly very coarse to coarse, grained. Less pyritic.

4730' - 4740' 95% Olivine basalt, dominantly olivine phenocrysts and pyroxene-amphibole, fine grained, ground mass. Slightly limonitic, only slightly weathered.

5% Quartz, milky white, clay, very coarse to coarse grained, occasional nodules of pyrites. Traces calcite?

4745'

100% Olivine basalt. Greenish black, dense, unweathered. Green olivine phenocrysts and black, dense, fine grained ground mass. Occasional limonite flakes, nodules of pyrite with inclusions of quartz grains, Kaolinitic in parts, traces quartz infilling, random milky white, cloudy, very coarse grained quartz.

4740' - 4750' 100% Olivine basalt, as above. Occasionally kaolinitic with less quartz fractions.

4755'

100, Olivine basalt with increase in olivine content. More kaolinitic than sample above.

Traces quartz fractions. Relative increase in limonitic particles.

4750' - 4760' 50% Olivine basalt, as above, strongly weathered in places, exposing the olivine as discrete crystals/aggregates. Occasionally pyritic. 50% Clay, grey to buff coloured, firm, does not wash away too easily.

4765' $\begin{array}{c} 75\% \text{ Olivine basalt} \\ 25\% \text{ Clay} \end{array} \right) \text{ as above.}$

4760' - 4770' 90% Olivine basalt, as above, strongly kaolinitic. Occasionally calcitic veins, rare pyrite. 10% Clay, as above.

4770' - 4780' 100% Olivine Basalt, as above.

4780' - 4790' 100% Olivine Basalt, as above. 50% Fresh. 50% Altered.

4790' - 4800' 70% <u>Basalt</u>, as above, mostly altered to chlorite and zeolites.

30% <u>Clay</u>, grey - green, soft, washes away.

4800' - 4810' 50% <u>Basalt</u>, as above, all altered.
50% <u>Clay</u>, perhaps Tuff, brown, soft, some glassy material visible.

4810' - 4820' 70% Sandstone, white, coarse grained, poorly sorted, subangular -rounded, loose quartz sand. Latrobe Valley Coal Measures lithology. 30% Basalt, as above, altered.

4820' - 4830' Mudstone, brown, silty mica and very carbonaceous.

30% Sandstone, white, coarse grained, subangular rounded, loose quartz sand.

30% Olivine Basalt, green and black, altered to
chlorite and zeolite.

Traces coal, black brittle.

4840' - 4850'

70% Clay, buff coloured to yellow, sticky, dense, firm, difficult to washaway, probable weathered product of basalt.

20% Olivine Basalt, black and greenish black, olivine phenocrysts have been variably weathered. Strongly kaolinitic elsewhere.

10% Sandstone, pale grey comprising milky white to cloudy, very coarse grained quartz, subrounded, subangular, poorly sorted with prominent pyrite nodules. No shows. No fluorescence.

Traces calcite and limonite.

4850' - 4860' 50% Sandstone, as above, poor porosity. No shows and no fluorescence.
40% Clay, as above.
10% Basalt, as above. Traces olivine, plagioclase.

4860' - 4870' 80% Sandstone, as above with abundant coarse to very coarse and granule sized quartz, poorly sorted, no fluorescence, no shows. 10% Clay, as above. 10% Basalt, as above, with small grains of olivine and plagioclase aggregates often weathered. Traces of pyrite. 4870' - 4880' 80% Sandstone, dominantly very coarse to coarse grained, moderately well sorted, no shows, no fluorescence. 10% Clay, as above. 10% Basalt, strongly weathered, grey, aphanitic, weathered feldspars (plagioclase), strongly kaolinitic, exposed olivine phenocrysts. 4880' - 4890' 70% Sandstone, as above, traces ferruginised quartz grains. 20% Basalt, as above, but fresh (unweathered). 10% Clay, as above. 90 Sandstone, as above. 4890' - 4900' 10% Basalt, as above, fresh. 50% Sandstone, white, coarse grained, subangular -4900' - 4910' rounded, loose quartz sand. 50% Basalt, black, green and whitish, fresh to altered, some with distinct flow banding. 90% Sand and Gravel, white, very coarse grained, 4910' - 4920' subangular - rounded. 10% Basalt, as above. 100% Sand and Gravel, as above. 4920' - 4930' Trace Basalt. 4930' - 4940' 100% Sand and Gravel, as above. Trace Basalt. No fluorescence. 4940' - 4950' 100% Sand and Gravel, as above. No shows. 4950' - 4960' 100% Sand and Gravel, as above. Trace pyrite and Basalt. 4960' - 4970' 60% Basalt, green and black, probably cavings. . 40% Sand and gravel, as above. 4970' - 4980' 100% Sand and gravel, as above. Trace basalt. 70% Sand and Gravel, as above.
20% Coal, black, brittle. Trace brown clay.
10% Basalt, green, altered to chlorite. 4980' - 4990' 80% Sand and Gravel, as above.
10% Coal, black, brittle with traces brown, 4990' - 5000' carbonaceous clay. 10% Basalt, green and altered as above. 5000' - 5010' 70% Sand and Gravel, as above. 30% Basalt, green and altered as above. 50% Sand and Gravel, as above. 5010' - 5020' 20% Coal, black and brittle. 20% Basalt, green as above.
10% Mudstone, brown, xxx soft, silty, carbonaceous.

- 5020' 5030' 40% Sandstone, pale grey, comprising medium to coarse grained, subrounded quartz, good sorting, fair porosity. No shows. No fluorescence.

 40% Basalt, olivine phenocrysts, part weathered, weathered plagioclase prominent.

 20% Clay, dark brown, soft, puggy.
- 5030' 5040' $\frac{40\%}{40\%} \frac{\text{Sandstone}}{\text{Clays}}$ As above. Traces pyrite.
- 5040' 5050' 60% Clay, dark brown, sticky, soft.

 20% Sandstone, as above.

 20% Basalt, as above. Abundant weathered olivine.

 Traces pyrite with quartz inclusions. Occasional quartz, strongly ferruginised. Siltstone, dark brown; micaceous in parts, strongly argillaceous, in parts.
- 5050' 5060' 75% Gravelly Sandstone, pale grey to white, moderately well consolidated, comprising coarse to very coarse milky white and slightly cloudy, subangular quartz, fair sorting, occasionally pyritic, poor to nil porosity.

 No shows or fluorescence.

 25% Olivine Basalt, strongly weathered in places.

 5% Clays, probable weathered product of basalt.

 Traces coal, black vitreous, soft, brittle.
- 5060' 5070' 100% Gravelly Sandstone, as above with occasional granule sized quartz fragments. Often pyritic.

 Trace of basalt.
- 5070' 5080' 100% Sandstone, as above, comprising dominantly medium-coarse grained, subangular quartz.

 Occasionally pyritic.
- 5080' 5090' 100% Sandstone, pale grey, poorly consolidated, abundant medium to coarse grained, angular, subangular, moderately well sorted, fair porosity, no fluorescence; no gas "kicks".

 Traces olivine, weathered basalt, pyrite.
- 5090' 5100' 100% Sand and Gravel, white, very coarse grained, subangular, rounded, unconsolidated. No shows or fluorescence.
- 5100' 5110' 100% Sand and Gravel, as above.
 Traces of basalt and coal.
- 5110' 5120' 100% <u>Sandstone</u>, white, coarse grained, as above. Traces <u>Coal</u>, black, brittle.
- 5120' 5130' 100% Sandstone, as above, with traces of coal.
- 5130' 5140' 100% Sandstone, as above with traces of basalt.
- 5140' 5150' 70% Sandstone, as above with traces of basalt. 30% Coal, black, brittle.
- 5150' 5160' 50% Sandstone, white, coarse grained, subangular rounded, loose quartz grains. No shows or fluorescence.

 50% Coal, dark brown black, brittle.

- 5160' 5170' 50% Sandstone, as above.
 50% Coal, as above. Trace of basalt.
- 5170' 5180' 90% Sandstone, pale grey, dominantly very fine grained to medium, also coarse, subangular, moderately well sorted, poor to fair porosity, no fluorescence, no gas kicks.

 10% Coal, black, brittle, soft.
- 5180' 5190' 0% Sandstone $\frac{\text{Coal}}{\text{Coal}}$ as above. Trace of clays.
- 5190' 5200' 75% Sandstone, pale brown, well consolidated, micaceous in parts, well cemented, kaolinitic in part, no porosity.

 Sandstone, pale grey, loosely cemented, comprising very fine to coarse grained quartz sand, moderately well sorted, some porosity. No fluorescence or gas kicks.

 25% Coal, black, brittle, soft.

 Abundant pyrites, found as nodules and aggregates. Weathered olivine basalt, limonitic fragments.

 Traces siltstone, pale grained, micromic, sandy in part.
- 5200' 5210' 25% Sandstone, as above, less pyritic. 75% Coal, black, brittle.
- 5210' 5220' 50% Sandstone, pale grey, coarse to medium grained, moderately well cemented, poor porosity.

 50% Coal, as above.

 Small amounts of buff coloured fractions, affected by acid, calcite? dolomite? Minor olivine basalts, random pyrites.
- 5220' 5230' 50% Sandstone, as above with minor granule sized quartz, also milky white quartz.

 Small amounts of dolomite, strongly calcareous.

 50% Coal, as above.

 Traces pyrite, siltstone including pale brown to grey varieties. Micromic, sandy in part. Minor weathered plagioclase.
- 5230' 5240' 50% Sandstone, pale grey variety, well consolidated, strongly siliceous, micromic, colourless variety, poorly consolidated comprising very fine to coarse grained, subangular quartz, some porosity. Very calcareous. Also calcite (dolomite) components.

 50% Coal, black to dark brown, earthy, brittle.
- 5240' 5250' 25% Sandstone, pale grey, well consolidated, fine to medium grained, strongly siliceous in parts, kaolinitic in parts, with dark green lithic inclusions. Abundant milky white to colourless coarse to medium grained, subangular quartz.

 Moderately well sorted, poor porosity. No fluorescence or flow.

 75% Coal, black, massive, vitreous.

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60% Coal, as above.
5250' - 5260'
                25% Sandstone, dominantly colourless to pale grey,
                loosely consolidated, comprising fine to coarse
                grained, subangular, subrounded, poorly sorted,
                poor porosity. No fluorescence, no gas kicks.
                15% Weathered Olivine basalt, showing streaks of
                weathered plagioclase (buff coloured) and weathered
                olivine.
                Trace siltstone, dark grey to pale brown,
                argillaceous in parts, micaceous, carbonaceous
                streaks, kaolinitic in parts. Pyrite aggregates,
                limonitic fragments, occasional ferruginised quartz
                grains.
                                   As above. Occasionally calcareous.
                75% Coal
25% Sandstone
5260' - 5270'
                                  Strongly calcareous. (Calcite?)
                Traces of pyrite, less limonitic fragments, minor
                clays.
                75% Coal
52701--- 52801
                                    As above.
                25% Sandstone
                80% Coal, as above.
5280' - 5290'
                 10% Sandstone, fine to medium grained, white,
                 calcareous, clayey, lithic. Tight.porosity.
                 50% Sandstone, grey, fine to medium grained,
5290' - 5300'
                 calcareous, lithic with dirty grains.
                 60% Sandstone, grey, fine - medium grained, lithic,
5300' - 5310'
                 very calcareous, clayey, dirty fragments.
                 30% Siltstone, grey, very micaceous, carbonaceous.
                 10% Sand, white, loose quartz grains.
                 90% Sandstone, fine - medium grained, as above.
5310' - 5320'
                 10% Sand, looze quartzose, as above.
                 90% Sandstone, fine - medium grained, as above.
 5320' - 5330'
                 10% Sand, as above.
                 90% Sandstone, fine - medium grained, as above.
 5330' - 5340'
                 10% Sand, as above.
                 70% Sandstone, fine - medium grained, as above. 20% Siltstone, green, micaceous. 10% Sand, as above. Trace coal.
 5340' - 5350'
                 80% Sandstone, greenish grey, well consolidated,
 5350' - 5360'
                 fine grained, siliceous, strongly kaolinitic, feldspathic, micaceous in parts, very strongly
                  calcareous, friable, tight, no porosity. Carb-
                  onaceous in parts. Abundant loose coarse grained
                  quartz.
                  20% Siltstone, grey, sandy in part, carbonaceous,
                  micromicaceous.
                  60% Sandstone, as above.
 5360' - 5370'
                                              Sample very clayey.
                  40% Siltstone, as above.
                  50% Sandstone
50% Siltstone
  5370' - 5380'
                                       as above.
                  50% Sandstone
  5380' - 5390'
                                       as above.
                  50% Siltstone
                                       as above, but sample less clayey.
                  60% Sandstone
40% Siltstone
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5390' - 5395'

SALT LAKE NO. 1

SIDEWALL CORE DESCRIPTIONS

Number Taken: 21

Number Recovered: 17

Core Number	Depth	Recovery	Lithology
1.	5323'	1"	SANDSTONE, greenish grey, friable, very fine grained, strongly siliceous matrix, strongly calcareous, kaolinitic, very feldspathic with varying amounts of dark lithic inclusions. Generally tight, no fluorescence.
2.	53061	3 11	SANDSTONE, greenish grey, friable, very fine to fine grained, strongly siliceous with a calcareous matrix, very feldspathic, strongly kaolinitic, micromicaceous, carbonaceous, occasionally ferruginised, generally tight, no fluorescence.
3.	5259'	1"	MUDSTONE, dark grey, massive, friable, soft, very strongly argillaceous, slightly silty in places, micromicaceous.
4.	5216'	1/2 m	MUDSTONE, pale green, massive, soft, very calcareous matrix, micromicaceous, occasionally silty.
5•	52001	1"	MUDSTONE, pale grey, strongly laminated increase in carbonaceous content has given rise to the dark grey to black layers, occasionally sandy, slightly calcareous, kaolinitic in part.
6.	5173'	1"	SILTSTONE, greyish black, massive, soft, friable, occasionally sandy, micromica-ceous.
7•	5165'	1"	SILTSTONE, dark grey, massive, soft, friable, occasionally sandy, with rare carbonaceous specks and streaks.
. . 8 .	5139'		No recovery.
9.	5104'	<u>3</u> "	SANDSTONE, pale grey, friable, very fine to fine grained, strongly siliceous matrix, slightly calcareous, kaolinitic together with abundant loose colourless fine to very fine, subangular to subrounded quartz grains. Occasional
			carbonaceous specks disseminated through- out the sample. Fair porosity, no fluorescence.
10.	5055'	14"	SANDSTONE, pale grey, friable, dominantly medium to coarse grained, strongly siliceous matrix, strongly kaolinitic, slightly argillaceous in places, together
			with minor colourless to slightly cloudy, coarse to medium grained, occasionally granule sized, subangular to subrounded
			quartz grains. Minor dark lithic inclusions and carbonaceous specks. Fair porosity with a faint spotty fluorescence.
			a a a a a a

Core Number	Depth	Recovery	Lithology
11.	50401	•	No recovery.
12.	5000'	114"	SANDSTONE, pale grey, friable medium to coarse grained, strongly kaolinitic, weakly siliceous matrix, carbonaceous
			inclusions, slightly calcareous together with occasional loose, colourless to clear, coarse grained, angular to
			subangular, moderately well sorted quartz. Good to fair porosity with a faint spotty Tluorescence.
13.	4900'	1 1 "	SANDSTONE, pale grey, friable, gritty, weakly siliceous matrix, strongly kaolinitic, slightly calcareous with minor dark brown and black lithics, together with occasional loose, colourless to clear, very coarse to granule sized, subrounded to subangular, moderately well sorted quartz grains. Good porosity with a dull patchy fluorescence.
14.	4876'	1 ½ "	SANDSTONE, pale grey, friable, fine to coarse grained, poorly sorted, weakly siliceous matrix, strongly kaolinitic, slightly calcareous with occasional ferruginised patches, together with minor clear to slightly cloudy, coarse grained, subangular to subrounded quartz. Good to fair porosity with a dull and patchy fluorescence.
15.	4840'	14"	OLIVINE BASALI, TUFF, heavily weathered, pale green to greenish grey olivine phenocrysts and dull yellow groundmass (dominantly plagioclase). Massive, soft, strongly argillaceous in places, weathered feldspars and siliceous components (often found as glass shards) generally orientated as streaks or striations. Strongly calcareous, occasionally carbonaceous.
16.	47851	14"	OLIVINE BASALT, heavily weathered with a predominantly clayey matrix. Occasional vugs contain chlorite and zeolite. Strongly calcareous, slightly carbonaceous.
17.	47451		No recovery.
18.	4680'	1, 11	SILTSTONE, dark grey, massive soft, friable, slightly sandy in places, strongly micromicaceous, occasionally carbonaceous.
19.	4244	1 1/4 "	SANDSTONE, pale grey, dominantly very fine to fine grained, siliceous matrix, slightly calcareous, slightly argillaceous, occasionally kaolinitic, variably carbonaceous with minor loose colourless to slightly cloudy, medium to coarse grained, angular to subangular, well sorted quartz. Fair to poor porosity. No fluorescence.

Core Number	Depth	Recovery	<u>Lithology</u>
20.	39141	114"	SILTSTONE, grey to pale grey, massive, friable, strongly argillaceous matrix with prominent carbonaceous specks and streaks. Occasionally micaceous, slightly sandy in places.
21.	34651		No recovery.

Sample descriptions by A. MARIMUTHU

PALYNOLOGICAL REPORT ON WOODSIDE SALT LAKE No.1 WELL, 3914 - 5323 FEET

The present account documents microfloral evidence obtained from fifteen sidewall cores from Woodside Salt Lake No.1 well, between 5914 and 5323 feet. This section is documented (refer Attachment 2; letter 27th July, 1970 E2/88/11) as including the lower portion of the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures (3914 - 4710 feet), basalt (4710- 4845 feet), Childers Formation (4845 - 5210 feet), and Strzelecki Group (5210 - T.D.5395 feet). The sidewall cores examined are from the sedimentary units and include sandstones, mudstones, and siltstones. Several of the sandstone samples (particularly those from the Childers Formation) were found to be extremely friable and were noted as having been impregnated with drilling mud.

Moreover, the sample from 5216 feet (Strzelecki Group) appeared to consist entirely of drilling mud contamination.

The samples were cleaned as thoroughly as possible before preparation by the procedure outlined by Dettmann (1970a), and the resultant residues mounted in glycerine jelly on glass microscope slides for microscopic analyses of the contained plant microfossils. All samples were found to contain, in varying quantities, plant microfossils including spores, pollen grains, and fragments of wood and cuticle. Samples from the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures and the Childers Formation also yielded rare dinoflagellate cysts. Qualitative estimates of the individual microfloral assemblages extracted from the samples are documented below. It should be noted that several of the samples yielded readily recognizable contaminants from younger horizons and reworked types from older strata. The possibility that other samples contain high proportions of contaminants and/or recycled forms is discussed in a subsequent section of the report.

MICROFLORAL ASSEMBLAGES

A. Latrobe Valley Coal Measures

3914 feet

Well preserved plant microfossils including spores, pollen grains, and rare dinoflagellate cysts occur in the sample. Species identified include:

Spores <u>Gleicheniidites circinidites</u> (Cookson)

Laevigatosporites ovatus Wilson & Webster

Trilites kopkuensis Couper

Pollen Casuarinidites cainozoicus Cookson & Pike

Dacrydiumites balmei Cookson

D. ellipticus Harris

D. florinii (Cookson & Pike)

Duplopollis orthoteichus (Cookson & Pike)

Malvacipollis diversus Harris

Nothofagidites emarcidus (Cookson)

N. cinctus (Cookson)
N. goniatus (Cookson)

N. heterus (Cookson)

Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson

P. reticulosaccatus Harris

<u>Podocarpidites ellipticus</u> Cookson <u>Proteacidites subscabratus</u> Couper

Triorites harrisii Couper Tricolporites prolata Cookson

Microplankton Kenylea fimbriata Cookson & Eisenack

Ginginodinium tabulatum Cookson & Eisenack

Remanié Cicatricosisporites australiensis (Côokson) -sCretaceous

4244 feet

The sample ippovided abundant and well preserved spores and

pollen grains. The following forms were observed:

Spores <u>Cyathidites australis</u> Couper

C. splendens Harris

Gleicheniidites circinidites (Cookson)

Lycopodiumsporites sp.

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Trilites tuberculiformis Cookson

Pollen <u>Dacrydiumites balmei Cookson</u>

D. ellipticus Harris

D. florinii (Cookson & Pike) Dilwynites granulatus Harris

Microcachryidites antarcticus Cookson Nothofagidites emarcidus (Cookson)

N. brachyspinulosus (Cookson)

Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson

P. reticulosaccatus Harris

Polycolpites sp.

Polyporina fragilis Harris

Proteacidites crassus Cookson

P. subscabratus Couper

Tricolporites prolata Cookson

Triorites harrisii Couper

T. edwardsi Cookson & Pike

Tricolpites gillii Cookson

4680 feet

Well preserved spores and pollen grains extracted from the sample comprise the following diverse microfloral suite:

Spores

Pollen

Camarozonosporites amplus (Stanley)

C. sp.

Ceratosporites equalis Cookson & Dettmann

Cyathidites australis Couper

<u>C. splendens Harris</u> Lycopodiumsporites sp.

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

S. sp.

Verrucatosporites speciosus Harris

Araucariacites australis Cookson

Dacrydiumites balmei Cookson

D. ellipticus Harris

D. florinii (Cookson & Pike)

Nothofagidites emarcidus (Cookson)

Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson

P. reticulosaccatus Harris

Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson

Proteacidites crassus Cookson

P. reticuloscabratus Harris

P. subscabratus Couper

Tricolpites gillii Cookson

Triorites edwardsi Cookson & Pike

T. harrisii Couper

B. Childers Formation

4876 feet

A sparse assemblage of well preserved spores and pollen grains was extracted from the sample. Types identified include the following forms, some or all of which may be contaminants (see discussion in following section):

Spores

Baculatisporites comaumensis (Cookson)

Neoraistrickia sp.

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Pollen

Dacrydiumites balmei Cookson

D. ellipticus Harris

D. florinii (Cookson & Pike)

Nothofagidites emarcidus (Cookson)

N. cinctus (Cookson)

Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson

Proteacidites subscabratus

P. spp.

Triorites harrisii Couper

Microplankton Ginginodinium spinulosum Cookson & Eisenack

4900 feet

The well preserved microflora is sparse and probably includes

contaminants (see below). The following types were observed:

Spores

Cyathidites australis Couper

Gleicheniidites circinidites (Cookson)
Laevigatosporites ovatus Wilson & Webster

Verrucatosporites speciosus Harris

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Pollen

Dacrydiumites ellipticus Harris

Microcachryidites antarcticus Cookson Nothofagidites emarcidus (Cookson)

N. goniatus (Cookson)

Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson Proteacidites crassus Cookson Triorites harrisii Couper

5000 feet

The residue contains fairly plentiful plant microfossils

that comprise the following restricted assemblage:

Spores

Gleicheniidites circinidites (Cookson)

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Pollen

Dacrydiumites ellipticus Harris
Nothofagidites emarcidus (Cookson)
Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson
Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson
Proteacidites crassus Cookson

P. subscabratus Couper

Triorites edwardsii Cookson & Pike

T. harrisii Couper

Microplankton Ginginodinium spinulosum Cookson & Eisenack

5055 feet

The well preserved spore-pollen suite is sparse and contains a significant proportion of contaminants (see below). The following types were observed:

Spores

Clavifera triplex (Bolkhovitina)

Gleicheniidites circinidites (Cookson)

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Pollen

Dacrydiumites ellipticus Harris

Duplopollis orthoteichus (Cookson & Pike)

Nothofagidites cinctus (Cookson)
Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson
Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson
Proteacidites annularis Cookson

P. subscabratus Couper Triorites harrisii Couper T. edwardsii Cookson & Pike

T. magnificus Cookson

5104 feet

The sample provided a sparse assemblage in which one to several examples of the following types were observed:

Spores

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Pollen

Nothofagidites emarcidus (Cookson)
Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson
Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson
Proteacidites crassus Cookson
Triorites harrisii Couper

5165 feet

Spores and pollen grains extracted from the sample are abundant and noticeably less well preserved than those from higher horizons. Several of the types represented are probably contaminants.

Spores

<u>Baculatisporites comaumensis</u> (Cookson) <u>Ceratosporites equalis</u> Cookson & Dettmann

Cyathidites australis Couper

C. minor Couper

Dictyophyllidites crenatus Dettmann

Foraminisporis asymmetricus (Cookson & Dettmann)

Klukisporites scaberis (Cookson & Dettmann)

Kraeuselisporites jubatus Dettmann & Playford

Leptolepidites verrucatus Couper

L. major Couper

Lycopodiumsporites austroclavatidites (Cookson)

L. eminulus Dettmann

L. nodosus Dettmann

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Pollen

Araucariacites australis Cookson Alisporites grandis (Cookson) Classopollis of . classoides Pflug Microcachryidites antarcticus Cookson Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson Tsugaepollenites dampieri (Balme)

5173 feet

The microflora exhibits similar preservation quality to that from 5165 feet and includes the following species of spores and pollen grains; some of which are derivatives from higher horizons:

Spores

Baculatisporites comaumensis (Cookson) Ceratosporites equalis Cookson & Dettmann

Cyathidites australis Couper

C. minor Couper

C. punctatus (Delcourt & Sprumont) Cicatricosisporites ludbrooki Dettmann

Dictyotosporites speciosus Cookson & Dettmann

Leptolepidites verrucatus Couper Lycopodiumsporites nodosus Dettmann

Klukisporites scaberis (Cookson & Dettmann)

Matonisporites cooksoni Dettmann

<u>Pilosisporites notensis</u> Cookson & Dettmann

Rouseisporites reticulatus Pocock

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Pollen

Alisporites grandis (Cookson) Cycadopites nitidus (Balme)

Nothofagidites emarcidus (Cookson) Microcachryidites antarcticus Cookson Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson

Tricolpites sp. Triorites sp.

Tsugaepollenites dampieri (Balme)

5200 feet

A diverse assemblage of spores and pollen together with rare acritarchs occurs in the sample. Preservation quality of the microfossils is generally fair although several species (contaminants) exhibit good preservation.

Spores

Baculatisporites comaumensis (Cookson)
Ceratosporites equalis Cookson & Dettmann
Cicatricosisporites australiensis (Cookson)

Cyathidites australis Couper

C. minor Couper

Foraminisporis dailyi (Cookson & Dettmann)
Gleicheniidites circinidites (Cookson)

Klukisporites scaberis (Cookson & Dettmann)

Leptolepidites verrucatus Couper

Lycopodiumsporites austroclavatidites (Cookson)

L. facetus Dettmann
L. nodosus Dettmann

L. reticulumsporites (Rouse)

Laevigatosporites sp.

Pollen

Araucariacites australis Cookson

Alisporites grandis (Cookson)

Classopollis cf. classoides Pflug

Microcachryidites antarcticus Cookson

Phyllocladidites mawsonii Cookson

Podosporites microsaccatus (Couper)

Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson

Tsugaepollenites dampieri (Balme)

Acritarcha

Micryhstridium sp.

Schizosporis spriggi Cookson & Dettmann

Remanié

Nuskoisporites sp.

C. Strzelecki Group

5216 feet

The residue obtained from the sample appears to consist entirely of species derived from horizons of the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures. This is not unexpected since the original sample appeared to be composed of drilling mud.

5259 feet

An abundant and fairly preserved spore-pollen suite was obtained from the sample. Species identified include:

Spores

Baculatisporites comaumensis (Cookson)
Ceratosporites equalis Cookson & Dettmann
Cicatricosisporites australiensis (Cookson)

Cyathidites australis Couper

C. minor Couper

Dictyophyllidites crenatus Dettmann

<u>Dictyotosporites speciosus</u> Cookson & Dettmann <u>Foraminisporis dailyi</u> (Cookson & Dettmann) F. asymmetricus (Cookson & Dettmann) Gleicheniidites circinidites (Cockson)

Klukisporites scaberis (Cookson & Dettmann)

Laevigatosporites sp.

Lycopodiumsporites austroclavatidites (Cookson)

L. facetus Dettmann
L. nodosus Dettmann

Leptolepidites verrucatus Couper

L. major Couper

Pilosisporites notensis Cookson & Dettmann

Reticulatisporites pudens Balme
Rouseisporites reticulatus Pocock
Trilites cf. tuberculiformis Cookson

Stereisporites antiquasporites (Wilson & Webster)

Pollen

Alisporites grandis (Cookson)

Araucariacites australis Cookson

Classopollis cf. classoides Pflug

Microcachryidites antarcticus Cookson

Podocarpidites ellipticus Cookson

Podosporites microsaccatus (Couper)

Remanié

<u>Aratrisporites</u> sp. - Triassic Nuskoisporites sp. - Permian

5306 feet

The sample yielded a small residue composed entirely of wood fragments.

5323 feet

Wood fragments and occasional cuticular material comprise the plant matter obtained from the sample.

AGE OF THE MICROFLORAS

A. Latrobe Valley Coal Measures

The upper sample of the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures from 5914 feet contains a well preserved microfloragin which spores and pollen grains predominant and dinoflagellate cysts are rare. The spore-pollen suite is of Lower Tertiary aspect with occasional recycled Cretaceous forms (Cicatricosisporites australiensis). Amongst the Tertiary forms represented Dacrydiumites balmei, Phyllocladidites reticulosaccatus, and Duplopollis orthoteichus collectively suggest reference of the horizon to Harris' (1965) Triorites edwardsi/Duplopollis orthoteichus Concurrent

Range Zone of Middle - Upper Paleocene age. Other forms (e.g. Nothofagidites goniatus) are known only from Eocene microfloras and are interpreted as contaminants from higher in the sequence. A Middle - Upper Paleocene age is supported by the contained dinoflagellate cysts referred to Kenylea fimbriata and Ginginodinium tabulatum (see Cookson and Eisencak 1965; 1967a,b).

Samples from 4244 and 4680 feet contain <u>Dacrydiumites balmei</u>, <u>D. ellipticus</u>, <u>Phyllocladidites reticulosaccatus</u>, and <u>Triorites edwardsij</u>, the association of which signify a Middle Paleocene age (Harris 1965) and reference of the sediments to Harris's <u>Triorites edwardsii</u> Assemblage Zone.

B. Childers Formation

Samples from between 4876 feet and 5104 feet yielded 'mixed' microfloras containing uppermost Cretaceous - Paleocene, and Eocene or later elements. As discussed previously the samples were friable sandstones suspected as having been invaded by drilling mud and it is possible that all forms extracted are derivatives from higher horizons. The Eocene forms (Triorites magnificus, Nothofagidites goniatus etc.) generally exhibit a distinct mode of preservation from those of Paleocene - uppermost Cretaceous age, and a close search did not reveal the presence of pre-uppermost Cretaceous forms.

The age of the microfloras is here adduced from the occurrence of <u>Dacrydiumites balmei</u>, <u>D. ellipticus</u>, <u>Triorites edwardsii</u>, and <u>Ginginodinium tabulatum</u>. Collectively these forms indicate an uppermost Cretaceous - lowermost Tertiary age. The absence of <u>Phyllocladidites reticulosaccatus</u> (present in stratigraphically higher horizons) may suggest an age older than that of horizons between 4244 and 4680 feet in the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures. It should be emphasized that the uppermost Cretaceous - lowermost Tertiary age can only be regarded with caution in view of the

possibility of contamination from stratigraphically higher sediments.

Samples taken from siltstone and mudstone horizons between 5165 and 5200 feet from the basal part of the Childers Formation yielded high concentrations of plant microfossils including abundant spores and pollen grains and rare acritarchs. Stratigraphically significant species identified include <u>Dictyotosporites</u> <u>speciosus</u> (5173 feet), <u>Pilosisporites</u> notensis (5173 feet), Foraminisporis asymmetricus (5165 feet), and Dictyophyllidites crenatus (5165 feet). The presence of these species suggests the horizons are from the middle or upper portions of Dettmann and Playford's Dictyotosporites speciosus Zone (i.e. from the top of the Cyclosporites hughesi Subzone or from the Crybelosporites striatus Subzone) of Lower Cretaceous (Neocomian - Lower Albian)age. The majority of other forms represented are long-ranging within the Upper Mesozoic. However, the residues also include occasional angiospermous grains (Nothofagidites, simple tricolpate and triporate froms), Phyllocladidites, and Kraeuselisporites jubatus, the majority of which are interpreted to represent contaminants from higher horizons in the well. Nevertheless, the presence of \underline{K} . $\underline{jubatus}$ is bewildering, since the species is known only from Late Albian - Early Senonian, and thus could hardly be expected to have derived from the latest Cretaceous - Tertiary section in the well. It is possible that the horizons are of mid Cretaceous age and that their contained microfloras are largely reworked from pre-Upper Albian strata. However, the evidence is inconclusive and can only be evaluated in the light of other stratigraphical data.

If the horizons are in fact within the <u>Dictyotosporites</u> speciosus Zone, then the lower portion of the Childers Formation can be regarded as a correlative of the Strzelecki Group.

C. Strzelecki Group

The sample from 5216 feet is considered to represent sediment from stratigraphically higher horizons in the well on account of the preponsity of Eccene and Paleocene types represented in the microflora.

The sample from 5259 feet provided a rich assemblage of fairly preserved spores and pollen grains. Stratigraphically significant species identified include <u>Dictyotosporites speciosus</u>, <u>Pilosisporites notensis</u>, <u>Rouseisporites reticulatus</u>, and <u>Foraminisporis asymmetricus</u>.

On this basis the sediment is considered to be from within the middle or upper portion of the <u>Dictyotosporites speciosus</u> Zone (i.e. from the upper part of the <u>Cyclosporites hughesi</u> Subzone or the <u>Crybelosporites striatus</u> Subzone). A close search failed to reveal the presence of the indices of either the <u>C</u>. <u>hughesi</u> or <u>C</u>. <u>striatus</u> Subzones, and hence the age attribution can be no more precise than Neocomian - Lower Albian. The microflora also yielded several examples of reworked types of Permian and Triassic age.

Underlying horizons (5306 and 5323 feet) failed to provide spores and pollen grains, although fine woody material was observed in both samples.

COMPARISON AND CORRELATION OF SALT LAKE No.1 WITH OTHER WELL SEQUENCES IN THE GIPPSLAND BASIN

In order to appreciate the biostratigraphic relationships existing between the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures, the Childers Formation, and the "Golden Beach Beds" in Salt Lake No.1, Colliers Hill No.1, Merriman No.1, and Golden Beach West No.1, core samples from the last two-mentioned wells have been reinvestigated (see also data documented in Dettmann 1966a) and the results incorporated in Table 1.

of the middle and upper portions (4876 - 5104 feet) of the Childers

Formation in Salt Lake No.1 is correct, then the basalt, which overlies
the Childers Formation and is itself overlain by Paleocene horizons of
the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures, can be regarded as uppermost Cretaceous lowermost Tertiary age. Similarly the middle and upper portions of
the Childers Formation in Salt Lake No.1 can be considered correlatives
of the basal portions of the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures in Colliers
Hill No.1 and Golden Beach West No.1.

Beach Beds" is clearly younger in Merriman No.1 (sediments containing Nothofagidites Microflora) than in Colliers Hill No.1 (Tricolpites pachyexinus Zone). In Colliers Hill No.1 an hiatus is suspected to occur within the "Golden Beach Beds" between horizons of the Tricolpites pachyexinus and Appendicisporites distocarinatus Zones. In Merriman No.1 and Golden Beach West No.1 a disconformity also appears to be represented within the "Golden Beach Beds"; the precise time extents of the hiatus is however difficulat to adduce because of insufficient coverage of samples. In Merriman No.1 the hiatus appears to include some or all of the interval of time represented by the T. pachyexinus together with the Clavifera triplex and/or Appendicisporites distocarinatus Zones.

In Golden Beach West No.1 the disconformity may represent a lesser time interval during which portions of the C. triplex and/or A. distocarinatus Zones were deposited.

The basal horizons od the Childers Formation in Salt Lake

No.1 are possibly of Lower Cretaceous age and within the <u>Dictyotosporites</u>

speciosus Zone. Such an assignment suggests that the base of the

Childers Formation in Salt Lake No.1 is equivalent to portions of the Strzelecki Group as developed in other sequences in the Gippsland Basin (see Table 2). The top of the Strzelecki Group in Salt Lake No.1 is also within the <u>D. speciosus</u> Zone and is clearly olderethan upper horizons of the Strzelecki Group examined in Woodside South No.1, Darriman No.1, and Lake Reeve No.1 (see Table 2). This evidence and other data tabulated in Table 2 indicates that the top of the Strzelecki Group does not form a time-concordant surface.

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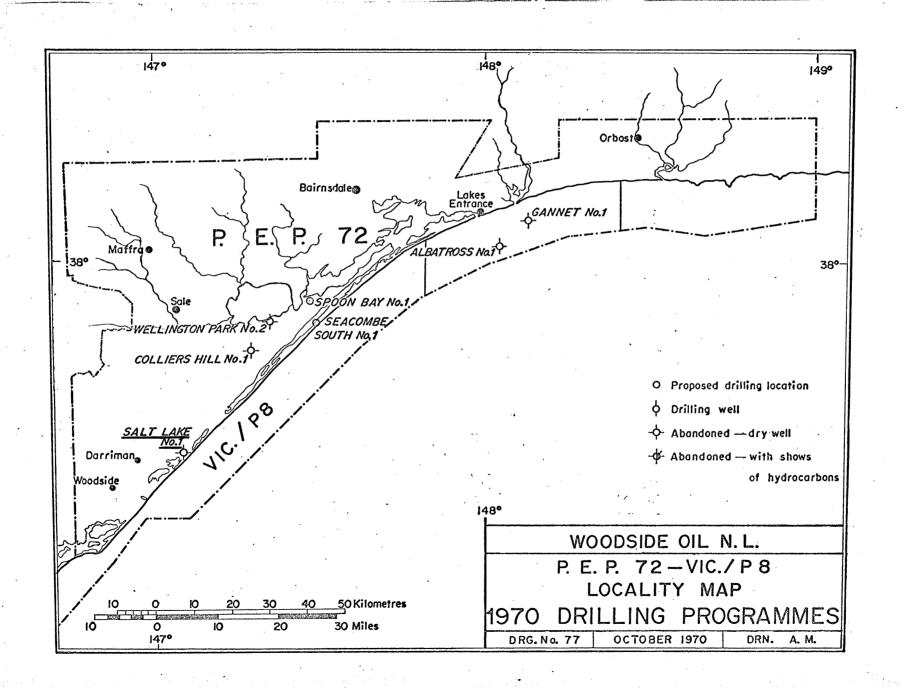
24th September, 1970.

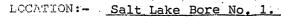
Mary E. Dettmann, Department of Geology, University of Queensland, St. Lucia, Qld. 4067.

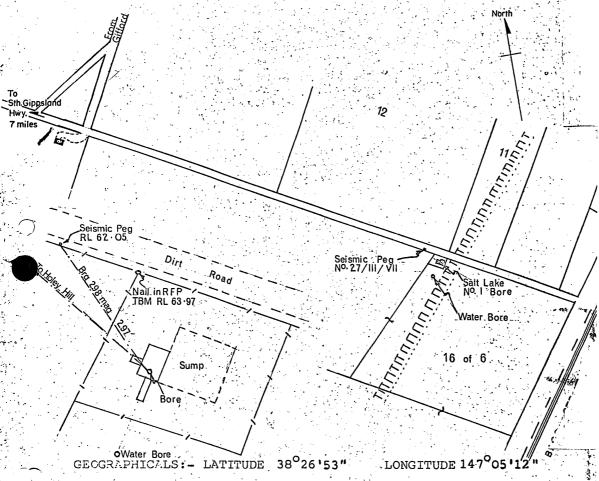
	Colliers Hill No.1	Golden Beach West No.1	Merriman S	alt Lake No.1
Eocene	1860-2905ft.	5076 ft.	not identified in sampled section	not identified in sampled section
Paleocene	not identified in sampled section	not identified in sampled section	not identified in sampled section	3914-4680 ft,
uppermost Cretaceou lowermost Tertiary		5415 ft.	not identified in sampled section	?4876-5164
Nothofagidites	absenta	not identified in sampled section	4705 ft.	absent
T ricolpites Bachyexinus	4159-5250ft.	6380 ft.	? absent	absent
Clavifera triplex	?absent	(6848 ft.	(5070 ft	absent
Appendicisporites distocarinatus	5425-5550 ft.			?absent

TABLE 1. Biostratigraphic relationships of sediments in Colliers Hill No.1, Golden Beach West No.1, Merriman No.1, and Salt Lake No.1 wells. Upper Cretaceous spore-pollen zones are those defined by Dettmann and Playford 1969.

Legend:	Latrobe Valley Coal Measures
	Childers Formation
	"Golden Beach Beds"







AMG Coordinates N 5,744,459.20 E 507,575.70 (Metres) A Zone 55

(Metres) A Zone 55 REDUCED LEVELS:- Ground Level 62.81

Rotor Table 74.25

Kelly Bushing 75.58

LEVEL DATUM:- Williamstown

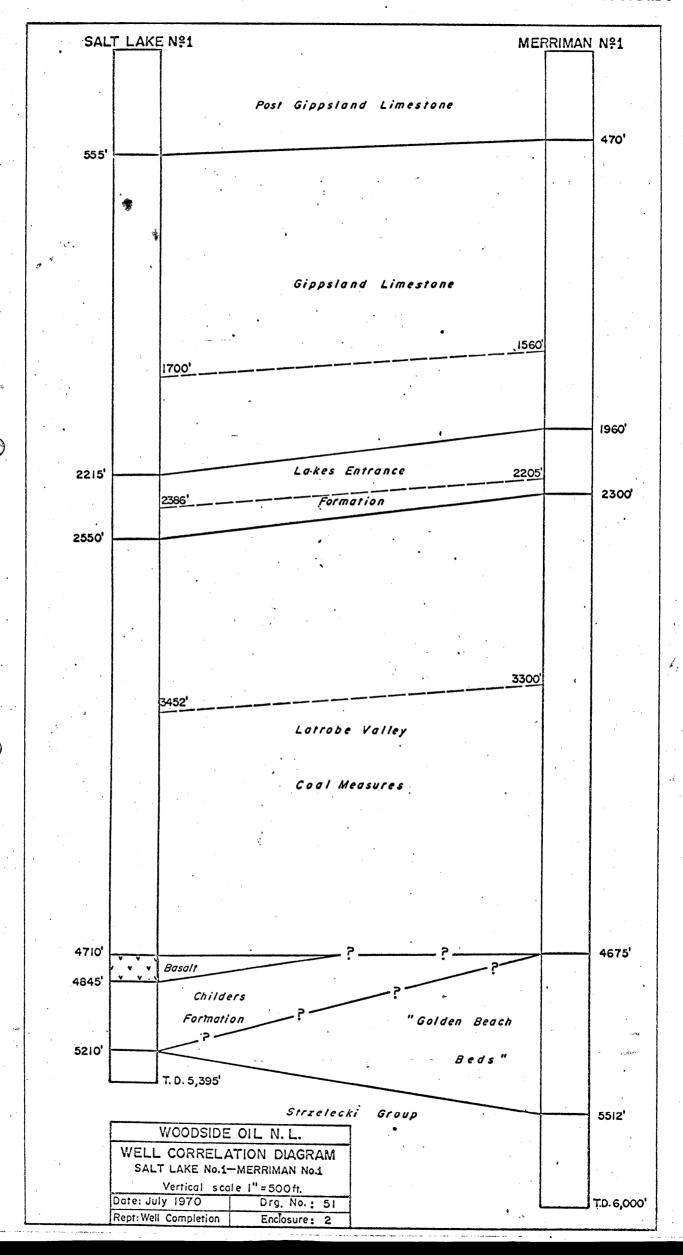
CADASTRAL DESCRIPTION:-

Crown Allotment 16 of 6 Parish of Darriman County of Bula Bula

NOTE: The coordinates for the well are based on the Australian Geodetic Datum and not on the Sydney Observatory Datum.

The dots representing the downhill edge.

Surveyed By	R. J.	Fennell	Approved	11.01
Calculations	R. J.	Fennell	Date	1-5-70.
Drawn	R. J.	Fennell	Drawing No.	112/3



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2nd October, 1970.

SALT LAKE NO. 1 WELL

Amendments to well completion report.

Based on the results of Dr. M. Dettmann's palynological study of the sidewall cores the following amendments are made:-

- (1) Revised top of Strzelecki Group in 5155'.
- (2) Childers Formation in this well is related to the Latrobe Valley Coal Measures and not "Golden Beach Beds".
- (3) Palynological biostratigraphic breakdown of the well based on sidewall cores:-

Eocene	Not identified
Paleocene	3914' - 4680'
Uppermost Cretaceous - Lowermost Tertiary	?4876' - 5104'
Strzelecki Group	5165' - T.D.

PE601476

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE601476 is enclosed within the container PE902817 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE601476 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE601476

CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902817

NAME = Composite Well Log

BASIN = GIPPSLAND

PERMIT =

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = COMPOSITE_LOG

DESCRIPTION = Composite Well Log, sheet 1 of

2, (enclosure from WCR) for Salt Lake-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED = 8/05/70

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W583$

WELL_NAME = Salt Lake-1

CONTRACTOR = Woodside Oil NL

CLIENT_OP_CO = Woodside Oil NL

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)

Well	Depth (ft.)	Spore-pollen Zone
Darriman No.1	4474– 5	Coptospora paradoxa (base)
Tarwin Meadows No.1	600-2572	Dictyotosporites speciosus undiff.
Rosedale No.1	2469-3447	Dictyotosporites speciosus undiff.
	3447-4496	Cyclosporites hughesi
Woodside South No.1	3279-99	Coptospora paradoxa
	3 489 – 509	Crybelosporites striatus
Bellbird No.1	995-1000	Coptospora paradoxa or Crybelosporites striatus
Lake Reeve No.1	6080-96	Coptospora paradoxa (probably upper part)
Seaspray No.1	4872-5556	Coptospora paradoxa
Duck Bay No.1	2831-51	?Crybelosporites stylosus
Carrs Creek No.1	4522-5507	Dictyotosporites speciosus undiff.
Wellington Park No.1	1 3818-4340	Crybelosporites striatus
	6845-9019	Cyclosporites hughesi
Bellbird No.1 Lake Reeve No.1 Seaspray No.1 Duck Bay No.1 Carrs Creek No.1	3489-509 995-1000 6080-96 4872-5556 2831-51 4522-5507 1 3818-4340	Crybelosporites striatus Coptospora paradoxa or Crybelosporites striatus Coptospora paradoxa (probably upper part) Coptospora paradoxa ?Crybelosporites stylosus Dictyotosporites speciosus undiff. Crybelosporites striatus

TABLE 2. Palynological zonation of the Strzelecki Group in wells in the Gippsland Basin. Data extracted from Dettmann (1965a,b; 1966); spore-pollen zones are those of Dettmann and Playford 1969.

PE601477

This is an enclosure indicator page. The enclosure PE601477 is enclosed within the container PE902817 at this location in this document.

The enclosure PE601477 has the following characteristics:

ITEM_BARCODE = PE601477
CONTAINER_BARCODE = PE902817

NAME = Composite Well Log

BASIN = GIPPSLAND

PERMIT =

TYPE = WELL

SUBTYPE = COMPOSITE_LOG

DESCRIPTION = Composite Well Log, sheet 2 of

2, (enclosure from WCR) for Salt Lake-1

REMARKS =

DATE_CREATED = 1/06/70

DATE_RECEIVED =

 $W_NO = W583$

WELL_NAME = Salt Lake-1
CONTRACTOR = Woodside Oil NL

CLIENT_OP_CO = Woodside Oil NL

(Inserted by DNRE - Vic Govt Mines Dept)