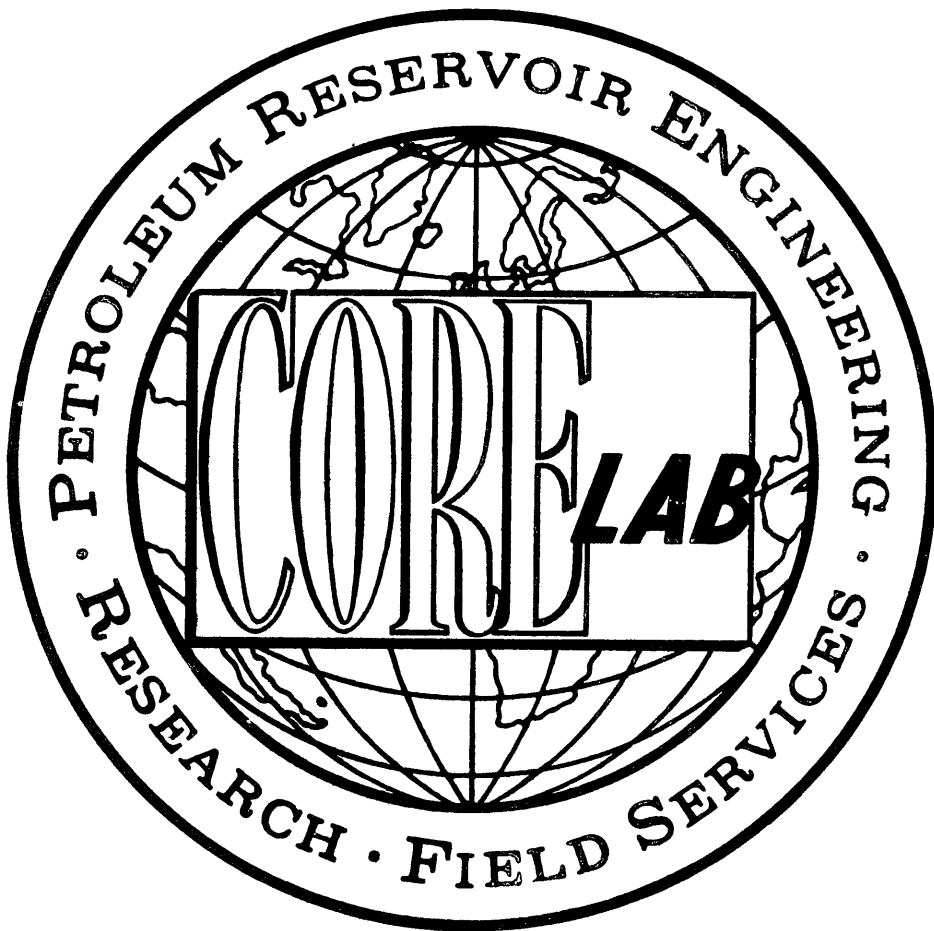


W782
WIRRAH - 1
(MUDLOG REPORT) Vol 1
ATTACHMENT TO WCR



OIL and GAS DIVISION

7 JUN 1983

WIRRAH NO.1

W782

ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD

IES WELL REPORT

PART 1 OF 2

CORE LABORATORIES AUSTRALIA (QLD.) LTD.

Petroleum Reservoir Engineering
AUSTRALIA

BRISBANE OFFICE:
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PINKENBA, Q. 4008.
P.O. BOX 456
HAMILTON CENTRAL, Q. 4007
AUSTRALIA.

CABLE ADDRESS: CORELAB BRISBANE
TELEX No: COREBN AA42513
TELEPHONE: 260 1722
260 1723

21st January 1983

Esso Australia Ltd.
Esso House
127, Kent Street
Sydney
New South Wales 2001

Attention: MR. K. KUTTAN

Dear Mr. Kuttan,

Please find enclosed five (5) copies plus the original well report for WIRRAH NO. 1. It has been bound in 2 sections.

If you have any enquiries concerning WIRRAH NO. 1, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours very truly,
CORE LABORATORIES INTERNATIONAL LTD.

Tony Charles

for A. Dodson
Unit Supervisor

MM/ARC/GCM:pc

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1. INTRODUCTION

WIRRAH NO. 1 was drilled by Esso Australia Ltd. in the Bass Strait, Australia.

Well co-ordinates were:

Latitude : 38° 11' 22.33" S

Longitude : 147° 48' 57.12" E

The well was drilled by South Seas Drilling Company's semi-submersible rig 'Southern Cross', and monitored by Core Laboratories Intermediate Extended Service Field Laboratory 802.

WIRRAH NO. 1 was spudded on 15th September 1982 and reached a total depth of 3026 metres on 18th November 1982, a total drilling time of 65 days, including the first production test. The main objective of the well was to assess the Top Latrobe and Intra Latrobe hydrocarbon potential of the WirraH structure. The well was production tested in the Lower Latrobe.

Elevations were:

Kelly bushings to mean sea level 21m

Water depth 49m

Kelly bushings to mean sea bed 70m

All depths used in this report and accompanying logs refer to depth below rotary kelly bushings (RKB).

Core Laboratories personnel involved in the logging of were as follows:

M. Mowatt	.....	Unit Supervisor
T. Charles	.....	Pressure Engineer
G. Munn	.....	Pressure Engineer
B. Giftson	.....	Logging Crew Chief
R. Martin	.....	Well Logger
B. Paulet	.....	Well Logger
P. Denton	.....	Well Logger
T. Green	.....	Sample Catcher
M. Robinson	.....	Sample Catcher
A. Bock	.....	Sample Catcher
E. Karp	.....	Sample Catcher

2. CORE LABORATORIES EQUIPMENT

Core Laboratories Field Laboratory 802 monitoring equipment includes the following :

A. MUD LOGGING

1. T.H.M. total gas detector and recorder.
2. Hot Wire total gas detector and recorder.
3. F.I.D. (Flame Ionization Detector) chromatograph and recorder.
4. Gas trap and support equipment for the above.
5. Rate of Penetration, recorder and digital display.
6. Pit volume totalizer, recorder and digital display.
7. Digital depth counter.
8. Two integrated pump stroke counters, with digital display.
9. Ultra-violet fluoroscope.
10. Binocular microscope.

B. INTERMEDIATE EXTENDED SERVICE PACKAGE

1. Hewlett Packard 9825B desktop computer.
2. Hewlett Packard 9872B plotter.
3. Hewlett Packard 2631A printer.
4. Two Hewlett Packard 2621P visual display units, (one located in the client's office).
5. Hookload/weight-on-bit transducer and recorder.
6. Rotary speed tacho-generator and recorder.
7. Stand-pipe pump pressure transducer and recorder.
8. Mud flow out sensor and recorder.
9. Mud temperature sensors and recorders (in and out).
10. Mud conductivity sensors and recorders (in and out).
11. Rotary torque sensor and recorder.
12. Shale density apparatus.
13. Hydrogen sulphide gas detector.
14. Carbon dioxide gas detector.

3. CORE LABORATORIES MONITORING EQUIPMENT

DEPTH

Depth registered every 0.2 metres and rate of penetration calculated each metre (or every 0.2m while coring), ROP displayed on digital panel and chart.

WEIGHT ON BIT

A Tyco 0-1000 psi, solid state pressure transducer is connected to the rig's deadline anchor. The weight-on-bit is calculated in the Rig Functions Panel, and displayed (with hookload) on a digital meter and recorder chart.

ROTARY SPEED

This is a DC generator for which 1 volt = 100 rpm, and which is belt-driven from the rotary drive shaft. The value is displayed on a digital meter and recorder chart.

PUMP PRESSURE

This is a Tyco 0-5000 psi transducer mounted on the stand-pipe manifold. The pressure is displayed on a digital panel meter and recorder chart.

PIT VOLUME

Six individual pits can be displayed on the meter. The pit volume total is calculated in the PVT panel and displayed on a digital meter. The sensors are vertical floats driving potentiometers accurate to +/- 1 barrel. Each sensor is equipped with a wave compensating device. In addition, a sensor is fitted to the rig's trip tank, so that hole fill-up during trips may be closely monitored. A recorder chart displays the levels of the active pits, the pit volume total, and the trip tank.

PUMP STROKES

These are the limit switch type, counting individual strokes. The Pulse Data Box can monitor one or two pumps individually or integrate the total number of strokes from both pumps. The pump rate per minute is displayed on a recorder chart.

ROTARY TORQUE

An American Aerospace Controls bi-directional current sensor is clamped over the power cable of the rotary table motor. Torque is displayed on a digital panel meter and recorder chart.

MUD TEMPERATURE

This is a platinum probe resistance thermometer, calibrated 0-100 deg. C. Temperature in and out is displayed on a digital panel meter and chart recorder.

MUD CONDUCTIVITY

A Balsbaugh electrode-less conductivity sensor measures the current in a closed loop of solution coupling a pair of toroidal transformer coils. The conductivity in and out is displayed on analog and digital meters, and recorder chart.

All the sensors are 5 to 24V DC powered with the exception of the air driven gas trap. Along with monitoring and maintaining the above equipment, Core Lab furnished and operated certain other items...

CUTTINGS

Microscopic and ultra-violet inspection of cuttings samples at predetermined intervals. Dry samples were washed, dried and boxed. Wet samples were washed, sacked and boxed. Geochemical samples were canned and boxed.

GAS

1. Flame Ionization Total Hydrocarbon gas detector.
The T.H.M. accurately determines hydrocarbon concentrations up to 100% saturation.
2. Flame Ionization Detector chromatograph.
The F.I.D. is capable of accurate determination of hydrocarbon concentration from C1 to C6+.
3. Hot Wire gas detector (Wheatstone Bridge type).
A back-up system for total gas detection.

SHALE DENSITY

Manual determination of shale density in an accurately calibrated variable density column.

4. INTERMEDIATE EXTENDED SERVICE INTRODUCTION

The Core Laboratories Intermediate Extended Service Package includes sensors, recorders and computer facilities useful in the drilling operation, for the detection of abnormal formation pressure, and the optimization of drilling.

Presented graphically on Core Laboratories I.E.S. logs (discussed individually in the following section of this report) are the various functions necessary for well control, abnormal formation pressure detection and drilling optimization.

Other available services include electric log interpretation programs for the wellsite geologist, hydraulics (synthesis and analysis), well kill, cost per foot, bit nozzle selection, swab and surge created by pipe movement, and bit performance programs for the drilling engineer.

Core Laboratories I.E.S. logs include the following :

I.E.S. PRESSURE LOG

Information plotted on this log includes formation pore pressure, mud weight in and formation fracture pressure. This is plotted on linear graph paper at a vertical scale of 1:5000. The formation pore pressure and fracture pressure gradients are based on all available information. This is a conclusion log, therefore the information may be modified by results from formation drill stem tests, data from adjacent wells, kicks, and formation breakdown tests.

CORE LAB DRILL DATA PLOT

This plot, which is drawn while drilling is in progress, is the primary tool by which formation overpressure is detected. Drawn on a 1:5000 scale it is particularly useful in that five plots are drawn side by side, and thus any trend can be readily recognised.

The main plot is that of the corrected 'd' exponent, which is presented on a logarithmic scale. The 'd' exponent was first developed by Jordan and Shirley in 1966 to assist in interpreting rate of penetration data by normalizing for rotary speed and weight-on-bit per inch of bit diameter.

The modified 'dc' exponent was proposed by Rhem and McClendon to compensate for increases in mud weight. This involves multiplying the standard 'd' exponent value by the inverse ratio of the mud weight. A multiple of 9 ppg was used for convenience to return the magnitude of the 'dc' to a comparable value of it's uncorrected state. In this case, a multiplier of 10 ppg was used. The equation for 'dc' is therefore :

$$'dc' = \frac{\text{Log } \frac{(\text{ROP})}{(\text{RPM} \times 60)} \quad 10}{\text{Log } \frac{(\text{WOB} \times 12)}{(\text{Bit diam} \times 1000)} \quad \text{MDI}} \times \text{MDI}$$

Deviations from the normal 'dc's trend may be interpreted as being due to a change in formation pore pressure. An equation derived by Eaton is used in an attempt to evaluate pore pressure from deviations in the 'dc's plot. This method of overpressure detection can be fairly accurate for homogeneous shales, but where the sand/silt/shale ratio varies a great deal, inaccuracies often occur.

The other main plots are a logarithmic rate of penetration, which complements the 'dc's plot and a linear plot of total mud gas.

Shale densities are also plotted on a linear scale in order to show up a decreasing density trend, and hence a possible transition into abnormally pressured shales. The points are determined by measuring the density of air dried shale samples in an accurately calibrated density solution.

An interpreted lithology column is also included on the log, as is a plot of mud density in, to assist in interpretation. All relevant information, such as casing points, bit runs, etc. are also included.

I.E.S. GEO-PLOT LOG

This is plotted by the computer while drilling is in progress. At a later date this plot can be re-run on different scales to suit the client. The data is stored on magnetic tape during the drilling operations. Functions plotted on this log are : rate of penetration, corrected 'd' exponent, break-even analysis, formation pore pressure, mud density in and formation fracture pressure.

A Geo-plot is included in this report, at a scale of 1:5000.

I.E.S. FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE, FLOWLINE TEMPERATURE END-TO-END PLOTS

Flowline temperature and end-to-end plot of flowline temperature are the two main plots relating to the temperature of the returning drilling fluid. These are plotted on a vertical scale of 1:5000. The use of these plots as an indicator of the presence of over-pressure takes secondary role to the I.E.S. drill log. Continuous observation of flowline temperature may indicate an increase in geothermal gradient. Factors affecting temperature are noted on the log, such as new bit runs, changes in the circulation rates, circulating cuttings out and the addition of water and chemicals to the active mud system. Since the goal of the end-to-end plot is to provide a representation of the geothermal gradient, all surface changes which would cause artificial changes in the flowline temperature are disregarded.

ELECTRIC LOG PLOT

A plot of shale resistivity (ohm-metres squared/metre), sonic travel time (microseconds per foot), bulk density (gm/cc) and neutron porosity (%), is made using data supplied by Schlumberger. Two-cycle semi-log paper is used, with a vertical scale of 1:10000. As far as possible only clean shale points are selected and plotted. The relatively compressed vertical scale makes deviations from the normal compaction trend easier to identify.

PROGRESS LOG

This is the traditional presentation of footage against elapsed time in days. It shows actual drilling time from spud to total depth.

DATA RECORDING

Data is recorded on tape while drilling both as raw input numbers and computer calculated numbers. This data can be accessed later for use in interpretative programs or to review data. Comprehensive data lists are included in this report.

MUD DATA SHEETS

These are a record of the mud properties while drilling, and are derived from the mud engineer's daily report.

DRILLING PARAMETER PLOT

The drilling parameter plot shows : rate of penetration, weight-on-bit, rotary speed, pump pressure, hydraulic horsepower, impact force and jet velocity. This plot is drawn by the computer and is designed to aid the drilling engineer in drilling optimization. The scale chosen here is 1:5000.

HYDRAULIC ANALYSES

During drilling, routine hydraulic analyses are calculated by the computer, and these are made available to the drilling engineer. This report includes a sample hydraulics for each 100 metres.

GAS COMPOSITION ANALYSIS

For each significant gas show the chromatograph results are analysed using two techniques :-

1. Log plot
2. Triangulation plot

Both plots are included in this report.

GRAPHOLOG

This is plotted on the industry-standard form on a vertical scale of 1:500. Rate of penetration is plotted in metres per hour, together with mud gas chromatography results. Total gas is also plotted, and a percentage lithology log is drawn. A lithology description is presented in an abbreviated form. All relevant drilling data is included, as is bit and mud data.

MISCELLANEOUS

Various data collected from this well are also included in this report for reference. These include formation leak-off test data, and R.F.T. and well test data where appropriate.

5. RIG INFORMATION SHEET



RIG INFORMATION SHEET

COMPANY ESSU AUSTRALIA LTD.WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

OWNER	SOUTH SEAS DRILLING COMPANY
NAME AND NUMBER	SOUTHERN CROSS (N ^o 107)
TYPE	SEMI-SUBMERSIBLE , TWIN HULLED.
DERRICK, DRILL FLOOR & SUBSTRUCTURE	DERRICK: LEE C MOORE, 152' HIGH X 40' AT BASE. LOAD CAPACITY OF 1 000 000 lbs
DRAWWORKS	OILWELL E-2000 DRIVEN BY 2 GE 752 ELECTRIC MOTORS.
CROWN BLOCK	LEE C MOORE 27458 C. CAPACITY 500 SHORT TONS.
TRAVELING BLOCK	OILWELL A 500
SWIVEL	OILWELL PC 425
ELEVATORS	BYRON JACKSON MODEL GG CAPACITY 350 TON
KELLY & KELLY SPINNER	DRILLCO 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 50' HEX KELLY
ROTARY TABLE	OILWELL A 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ SINGLE ELECTRIC MOTOR
ROTARY SLIPS	VARCO DCS-L
MUD PUMPS	TWO OILWELL A 1700PT. RATED AT 1600HP
MUD SYSTEM	FOUR MUD TANKS HAVING A TOTAL CAPACITY OF 1200 BBL, AND ONE PILL TANK HAVING A CAPACITY OF 105 BBL. TWO MUD HOPPERS POWERED BY 2 MISSION 6x8" CENTRIFUGAL BY TWO 100 HP ELECTRIC MOTORS. DESANDER : 1 DEMCO 4 CONE 12" MODEL N ^o 124 DESILTER : 1 DEMCO 4"-16H 16 CONE DEGASSER : 1 SWACO MODEL N ^o 36 SHALE SHAKERS : 2 BRANDT DUAL UNIT TANDEM - GHI DUAL UNIT.
BLOW OUT PREVENTORS	THREE SHAFFER L.W.S. 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ " - 10 000 psi TWO HYDRIL G.L. 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ " - 5000 psi
WELL CONTROL EQUIP.	FOUR VALV CON ACCUMULATORS. 2" - 10 000psi CHOKES: 2 C.I.W. ABJ H2 2 1/16" - 10 000 psi, 1 SWACO SUPER CHOKE
TUBULAR DRILLING EQUIPMENT	DC : 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 2 13/16" (4" IF TJ) 8 " x 2 13/16" (6 5/8" H90 TJ) 9 $\frac{3}{4}$ " x 3" (7 5/8" H90 YJ) HWDP : 5" 50lb/ft GRADE G (6 $\frac{1}{2}$ " OD 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " IF TJ) DP : 5" 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb/ft GRADE G&E (6 3/8" OD 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " IF TJ)
CEMENTING UNIT	HALLIBURTON HT-400 UNIT
MONITORING EQUIPMENT	MARTIN DECKER : MUD VOLUME TOTALIZER 6 CHANNEL DRILLING RECORDER 4 PRESSURE GAUGES FLOWSHOW INDICATOR
POWER SUPPLY	2 EMD MD 18 DIESEL ENGINES RATED AT 1950 HP EACH 1 EMD MD 12 DIESEL ENGINE RATED AT 1500 HP
DIRECTIONAL EQUIP.	-
MISCELLANEOUS (E.G. RISER, COMPENSATION SYSTEM, PIPE RACKER, DP EQUIPMENT) RISER: REGAN FC-7 TELESCOPIC 21" ID. PLUS FLOW DIVERTOR. CASING POWER TONGS: ECKEL 13 3/8" (20 000 ft lbs), 20" (35 000 ft lbs) CMT BULK TANKS: 3x1570cu ft. RISER TENSIONER: 6 WESTERN GEAR, 50" STROKE, 80 000 lbs. MUD BULK TANKS: 3x1570cu ft. GUIDE LINE TENSIONERS : 4 WESTERN GEAR 16 000 lbs, 40" STROKE	

6. WELL INFORMATION SHEET



WELL INFORMATION SHEET

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
 WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

Sheet No. 1

WELL NAME	WIRRAH NO. 1										
OPERATOR	ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.										
PARTNERS	B.H.P.										
RIG	OWNER	SOUTH SEAS DRILLING COMPANY									
	NAME OR NUMBER	SOUTHERN CROSS									
	TYPE	SEMI-SUBMERSIBLE									
LOCATION	LATITUDE (X)	38° 11' 22.33" S				LONGITUDE (Y)	147° 48' 57.12" E				
	FIELD	-				AREA	BASS STRAIT				
	COUNTY	-				STATE	-				
	COUNTRY	AUSTRALIA									
	DESCRIPTION	-									
DATUM POINTS	Ground Elevation	-				RKB to Ground Level	-				
	Mean Water Depth	49 METRES				RKB to Water Level	21 METRES				
DATES	SPUD	15TH SEPTEMBER 1982				TOTAL DEPTH	18TH NOVEMBER 1982				
HOLE SIZES	Depth From	Depth To	Bit Size "	No. Of Bits	No. of Reamers	Date From	Date To	Cased	Logged		
	70	206	26	1	-	15/9/82	15/9/82	20"	NO		
	206	845	17½	2	-	16/9/82	18/9/82	13-3/8"	YES		
	845	2797	12¼	12	-	1-9/82	15/10/82	9-5/8"	YES		
	2797	3026	8½	6	4 MILLS	12/11/82	18/11/82	NO	YES		
DRILLING FLUID	Depth From	Depth To	Weights		Type						
	70	206	8.6 TO 8.6		SEAWATER						
	206	845	8.6 TO 9.4		SEAWATER GEL						
	845	3026	8.b TO 11.2		SEAWATER GEL						
			TO								
			TO								
			TO								
WIRELINE LOGGING	Depth From	Depth To	Hole Size"	Date Run	Logs Run						
	799	206	17½	18/9/82	BHC-GR-CAL						
	1770	830	12¼	26/9/82	DLL-MSFL-SP-CAL						
	1770	830	12¼	26/9/82	LDT-CNL-GR						
	-	-	12¼	27/9/82	RFT'S: PRETEST 2, 3, 4, 5						
	-	-	12¼	28/9/82	RFT'S: 6, 7, 8, 9						
	2304	1710	12¼	4/10/82	LDT-CNL-GR						
	2318	1700	12¼	4/10/82	DLL-MSFL-GR						
-	-	12¼	5/10/82	VELOCITY SURVEY							
RISER, CASING & LINER	Depth From	Depth To	OD "	ID "	Weight	Grade	Threads	Date Run	Cement	Stages	Excess
	2	70	2	21.0	-----	-----	R I S E R	-----	-----	-----	-----
	70	190	20	19.124	94	X-52	JV BOX	15/9/82	"N"	1	-
	70	830.4	13.375	12.615	54.50	K-55	BUTT	19/9/82	"N"	1	-
	70	2788	9.625	8.681	47	N-80	BUTT	23-24/10/82	"N"	2	-

7. WELL HISTORY

WELL HISTORY

14th September 1982. Towed to the new location. Set anchors. Ballasted down the rig.

15th September 1982. Spudded in at 0645 hours, and drilled down to 206m with a 17½" bit (HTC OSC 3AJ, 3 x 20) and 26" hole opener. Cleaned out the hole and ran the 20" casing, setting the shoe with cement at 186m.

16th September 1982. POOH. Ran the stack and riser. RIH, pressure tested the casing and function tested the BOP stack. Bit 2 (HTC OSC 3AJ) was RIH. Cement was drilled from 186m to 206m and new hole was drilled to 272m.

17th September 1982. Drilled 17½" hole from 272m to 799m. Mud conditioned with occasional Hi-Vis pills. Drill breaks at 704m and 717m, these were flow-checked but proved negative. Ran carbide lag at 755m, result of carbide gave hole equivalent diameter of 17.6". Dropped spinning-chain into hole, at 770m, drilled on to T.D. at 799m.

18th September 1982. Circulated out, dropped a survey, pumped slug and P.O.O.H. Trip gas on circulation was zero. Made up junk-sub and R.I.H. Worked junk sub, circulated and P.O.O.H. Rigged up Schlumberger, ran I.S.F.-SONIC-G.R. log. Made up BHA, R.I.H., drilled 17½" hole from 799m to 845m. Circulated B.U. - no gas recorded. P.O.O.H. to shoe - no drag. R.I.H. - no fill, then P.O.O.H. to run 13-3/8" casing.

19th September 1982. P.O.O.H. to run 13-3/8" casing. Made up cement-head, pulled wear bushing. Ran 13-3/8" casing, R.I.H. with cement head, circulated B.U. (no gas) then cemented and displaced. Ran seal assembly and tested. Tested B.O.P., rams, and choke and kill lines. P.O.O.H. to set wear bushing. Made up BHA. Ran into hole, tagged cement at 767m. Tested casing to 1500 psi. Drilled plug and cement to 803m.

20th September 1982. Drilled cement and plug to shoe at 830m. Drilled ahead from 830-845m - no cement was encountered. Drilled to 851m, circulated B.U. commenced leak-off test, no leak-off (equiv 13.5ppg). Drilled 12¼" hole from 851m to -150m. Ran carbide at 1105m: carbide gave equivalent hole diameter of 13.2".

21st September 1982. Drilled ahead 12¼" hole from 1150m. The hole packed off at 1368m and 1444m. In both cases, the pipe was worked and circulation regained. Flow checks were carried out at 1207m, 1221m and 1487m; no flow was observed. A drilling break was encountered at 1484m with an increase in

ROP from 22-56m/hr. The break was circulated out and the maximum gas observed was 115 units (SANDSTONE). Drilled ahead to 1488m, circulated B/U and P.O.O.H. to cut Core No. 1. Dropped survey tool.

22nd September 1982. Recovered survey tool (survey: $1\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$). BCO was 5-4-I. Made up core barrel and R.I.H. Core No. 1 was cut from 1488.2m to 1500.6m. The maximum gas observed whilst coring was 23 units. P.O.O.H. and recovered 11.6m (93.5%). The core barrel was serviced and R.I.H. Core No. 2 was cut from 1500.6m to 1513.4m. The maximum gas observed whilst coring was 11.5 units. P.O.O.H. and recovered 9.8m (76.6%). R.I.H. with the core barrel again. Core No. 3 was cut from 1513.4m - 1527m. The maximum gas observed whilst coring was 9 units. P.O.O.H. to recover Core No. 3.

23rd September 1982. P.O.O.H. to recover Core No. 3. Recovered 2.5m (18.7%) The core barrel was stood in the derrick, a new BHA was made up and R.I.H., with NB No. 4. The circulation was broken and the rat hole reamed from 1488m to 1527m. Drilled $12\frac{1}{4}$ " hole from 1527m. A flow check was carried out at 1528m and no flow was observed. B/U was circulated at 1528m and the maximum gas observed was 48 units. Drilled ahead and a gas peak of 10-101-2 units was encountered at 1538m. A drill break occurred at 1571-1572m of 15-44m/hr. A flow check was carried out but no flow was observed. B/U was circulated and maximum gas was 1-28-1 units. Drilling was resumed for 1m and B/U circulated out; the gas observed was 0.3-20-0.2 units. P.O.O.H. for Core No. 4. The core barrel was made up and R.I.H. Circulated, dropped the ball and cut Core No. 4 from 1573.4m to 1585.6m. Maximum gas observed whilst coring was 2.6 units. P.O.O.H. to recover Core No. 4 (7.9m, 64.8%).

24th September 1982. R.I.H. for Core No. 5. Circulated B/U (1.0-2.6-1.0 units gas) cored from 1585.6m-1596.6m. P.O.O.H. and recovered core (2.6m 23.6%). Made up NB 5 (HTC J11) and R.I.H. The rat hole was reamed (maximum gas 15 units) new hole drilled to 1598m where a flow check was made (no flow) and B/U circulated (0.1-4-0.1 units gas). Drilling was resumed to 1607.2m where a flow check was made following a drilling break from 1606m with ROP's of 43 - 49m/hr. B/U was circulated (0.2-0.2-0.2 units gas). Drilling then continued to 1624m. The ROP's slowed down at 1612m to 2-5m/hr with a few faster metres which were related to lithological changes.

25th September 1982. Drilling continued to 1628m when it was decided to pull the bit after drilling on junk. (BCO was 8-2-I). Making up the new BHA, Bit No. 6 (HTC J22) was RIH and the junk sub worked for 15 minutes prior to drilling ahead. (TG was 4 units.) The well was flow checked at 1633.6m (no flow and B/U circulated at 1634m (maximum gas 0.2/1.2/0.2 units). Drilling ahead, gas peaks of 16/35.6/13.3 and 13.1/35.1/18.8 from coal were observed at 1658m and 1662m respectively. A drill break (39-78m/hr) at 1681m was flow checked (no flow) and circulating B/U, maximum gas was 2.0/3.5/2.1 units from coal. A break at 1707m (5-43m/hr) was flow checked (no flow) and B/U yielded maximum gas 0.4 units from a sandstone. Again at 1728m, a break of 3-33m/hr was flow checked (no flow) and B/U maximum gas was 0.4 units from a sandstone. Drilled ahead, midnight depth was 1761m.

26th September 1982. Drilling continued to 1770m where the bit was pulled to run Schlumberger logs. First a survey (2°) and a wiper trip were made. Schlumberger logs run were DLL-MSFL-GR. Then some RFT pretests were made in run No. 1.

27th September 1982. RFT's were continued with samples taken from RFT No. 2 (1595m), No. 3 (1575m), No. 4 (1613m), No. 5 (1584m) and No. 6 (1678m). Oil was recovered from runs 2, 3 and 5.

28th September 1982. RFT's continued with samples taken from No. 7 (1532m), No. 8 (1605m) and No. 9 (1529.5). Oil was recovered from run No. 7. The BOP's were then tested. NB 7 was RIH, the hole being tight at 1527m where the pipe was worked. The hole was reamed out from 1517m to 1531m.

29th September 1982. Reaming continued with a maximum gas (Trip Gas) of 35 units, 10% Co_2 . New hole was drilled to 1782m where a flow check (negative) was made and B/U circulated, (gas 0.2 units), following a drill break at 1779m with ROP's of 19-50m/hr increasing from 4-6m/hr. Drilling continued, the sample circulated up having no show. At 1800m a flow check was made (no flow) and B/U were circulated following a drill break from 1799m where ROP's increased from 3m/hr to 23-27m/hr. The sample had no show (gas was 0.1 unit) and drilling resumed. At 1816m and 1860m flow checks were made (no flow) and B/U circulated. In both cases no show was observed with a minimal rise in gas (maximum 1.4 units) and drilling continued to 1880m.

30th September 1982. Drilling continued from 1880m to 2032m. The well was flow checked at 2032m (no flow) and B/U circulated (maximum gas 1.0/31/0.7 units). Drilled ahead to 2046m, B/U were again circulated after

a drilling break. (6.6-20m/hr) Maximum gas was 1.5/9/1.5 units and the well was flow checked (no flow).

1st October 1982. With the decision to cut a core, a survey was dropped and P.O.O.H. commenced. (Survey recovered was $2\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$.) Made up the core barrel and R.I.H.; no fill was found. Circulating B/U (Trip Gas was 2.5 units), Core No. 6 was cut from 2046m to 2061.2m and recovered to yield 15.12m of 15.2 cut (99.5%). Maximum gas while coring was 1.2 units. Made up BHA and R.I.H. The rat hole was reamed from 2046m to 2056m (T.G. was 0.2/6.8/0.2 units).

2nd October 1982. Reamed to 2061m, then drilled ahead with a $12\frac{1}{4}$ " HTC J22 (Bit No. 8) to 2215m. Flow checks were conducted at 2080m and 2154m (both negative).

3rd October 1982. Drilled ahead from 2215m to 2310m; a flow check was conducted at 2266m but no flow was observed. Gas peaks were observed at 2226m (50 units), 2241m (35 units) and 2269m (17 units).

4th October 1982. A depth of 2321m, the original proposed T.D. for the well, was reached at 0300 hours, and after circulating for 15 minutes a survey was dropped and a wiper trip to the casing shoe conducted. Bottoms up were then circulated (maximum gas observed was 10.3 units). P.O.O.H. commenced after pumping a slug and flushing the riser (Survey - $3\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$). Schlumberger ran the following logs:

DLL-MSFL-GR (2318-1700m)

LDL-CNL-GR (2304-1710m)

A velocity survey was then run.

5th October 1982. R.I.H. to 2315m and washed to 2321m. Bottoms up were then circulated (maximum gas was 7 units) and after pumping a slug and flushing the riser, P.O.O.H. Schlumberger ran RFT No. 10 (pretests).

6th October 1982. Schlumberger ran RFT's No. 11, No. 12, No. 13 with 6 gallon and 1 gallon segregator chambers and in all three cases the 1 gallon chamber was preserved with:

RFT No. 11 set at 2249m,

RFT No. 12 set at 2205m,

RFT No. 13 set at 2032m

RFT No. 14 was then run with 6 and 1 gallon chambers and set at 2280m. (Both chambers opened.) RFT No. 15 with 6 and $2\frac{3}{4}$ gallon chambers was set at 2046m (both chambers opened).

7th October 1982. Attempting to run RFT No. 16, Schlumberger were unable to reach desired depths and retrieving the tool a wiper trip was commenced. Stopped to break circulation at the casing shoe, R.I.H. and washed from 2317m to 2321m. Circulated B/U; trip gas was 10.1 units. P.O.O.H.; Schlumberger ran RFT No. 17, (No. 16 declared a misrun) with 6 and 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ gallon chambers and setting the tool at 2195.3m. Rigged down Schlumberger and the wear bushing was pulled. RIH and tested the BOP stack. RIH with Bit No. 9 (HTC J22).

8th October 1982. Washed from 2316m to 2321m, then drilled ahead to 2403m. Trip gas was 2.5 units and maximum gas observed for the interval was 0.9/3.6/0.2 units from a drilling break of 4-14m/hr at 2359m (sandstone). A flow check conducted at 2341.2m indicated no flow.

9th October 1982. Drilled 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ " hole from 2403m to 2497m; maximum gas observed in the interval was 0.1/2.3/0.2 units from a sandstone at 2448m associated with a drilling break of 5.1-12.8m/hr. Other increases in ROP for the interval yielded no increase in gas above a background of 0.1-0.5 units and flow checks made at 2436m and 2447m indicated no flow.

10th October 1982. Drilled 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ " hole from 2497m to 2585m; maximum gas was 0.6/3.8/0.5 units from a sandstone at 2577m (Drilling break 4-16m/hr). BG remained at 0.1-0.6 units. A flow check conducted at 2578m indicated no flow.

11th October 1982. Drilled 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ " hole from 2583-2601m where B.U. were circulated and Bit No. 9 pulled having made 28m hole with 66.7 on bottom hours. Maximum gas was associated with a drilling break (15-31m/hr) and lithology change to predominantly loose quartz, coarse grained sandstone from a finer grained aggregate sandstone. Both types yielded a bright white fluorescence and strong instant crush cut. Flow checks were conducted at 2593m, 2587m and 2598m, all with no flow. NB No. 10 (HTC J22) was RIH to 2592m, washing/reaming to T.D. Drilling resumed to 2643m.

12th October 1982. Drilling continued at a slow rate with ROP's between 1.5-2.0m/hr (B.G. was 0.1 unit). Tight hole was encountered from 2655m to 2662m, high torque resulted necessitating the pipe to be worked on occasions. The slow drilling was attributed to the hard lithology, thought to be a volcanic sill.

13th October 1982. The hole was reamed from 2668-2671m due to tight hole. Drilling continued to 2676m where a survey was dropped and a bit

trip was made due to low ROP's. Bit No. 10 made 75m in 29.2 on bottom hours. B.G. had been 0.1-0.4 units with a maximum of 1.1 units. Swab gas of 1.7 units was detected from the reamed section at 2671m. Bit No. 11 (HTC J33) was RIH to the shoe. The rig was then shut down temporarily due to an industrial dispute. RIH to 2638m and the hole reamed to 2676m where drilling continued to 2684m at which point B/U were circulated following an ROP increase from 3-12m/hr. The samples indicated a return to sedimentary siltstones and sandstones. Continued drilling ahead to 2689m.

14th October 1982. Drilled ahead from 2689 to 2785m at ROP's between 3 and 10m/hr in an interbedded sandstone/siltstone sequence with occasional volcanics.

15th October 1982. Drilled ahead to 2797m where the bit was pulled due to slow ROP's and excessive torque after 28.28 hours on bottom, having made 121m. Circulated B/U, dropped a survey (2°) and P.O.O.H. The bit had lost 3 cones during drilling, probably due to drilling on junk (the previous bit had lost a lot of its buttons). Due to the proximity of the re-scheduled T.D. of 2821m it was decided to T.D. at 2797m and log. Schlumberger ran the following logs:

MSFL-DLL-GR

LDT-CNL-GR

The hole was very washed out in the section 2635-2680m (the volcanic zone). Schlumberger recorded a T.D. of 2804m.

16th October 1982. Continued running Schlumberger logs:

LDT-CNL-GR

ISF-SONIC

HDT

RFT No. 18 (2633m),

RFT No. 19 (pretests).

17th October 1982. Ran a velocity survey prior to RIH for a wiper trip. Circulated and conditioned mud (0.1-3.5-0.1 units T.G.) and P.O.O.H. Schlumberger then ran RFT No. 20 (pretests).

18th October 1982. RFT's were continued with run numbers 21 (2604.5), 22 (2461.5m), 23 (2633m) and 24 (2461.5m). Due to the washed out nature of the hole there were many problems in finding good seats. Sidewall cores were then run.

19th October 1982. Made two more sidewall core runs. RIH and reamed to bottom from 2528m. Circulated out - maximum gas of 3.5 units (T.G.), B.G. was 0.1 units.

20th October 1982. Circulated out then made a wiper trip to the shoe. Ran in to T.D., and circulated again (0.1-0.4-0.2 units gas). P.O.O.H. to shoe, then had to wait on weather for the delivery of the casing.

21st October 1982. W.O.W. for casing to arrive. R.I.H. and circulated (gas was 0.1-0.6-0.1 units). P.O.O.H. to the shoe.

22nd - 23rd October 1982. W.O.W.

24th October 1982. Ran and cemented the 9-5/8" casing.

25th October 1982. Had difficulties testing the seal assembly. Ran the wear bushing, and R.I.H. after laying down the 8" and 9³/₄" drill collars.

26th October 1982. Tagged cement at 2312m. Drilled out cement and plug. R.I.H. to 2748m, circulated then P.O.O.H. Ran one Schlumberger log: CBL-VDL-GR-CCL. Retrieved the wear bushing, made up the seal assembly, and tested the B.O.P.'s. Set the wear bushing, made up the circulating head, and reverse-circulating at 2742m.

27th October 1982. P.O.O.H., the Schlumberger ran a tool (tight hole was encountered at 2313m). R.I.H., and worked the casing craper at 2300 - 2328m. Reverse circulated, pumped a slug, and P.O.O.H. Schlumberger ran a tool again.

28th October 1982. Set a Baker Model "D" packer at 2603m. Ran and stung tubing into the packer. Spaced out and made up the sub-sea Christmas Tree and chick-sans.

29th October 1982. Perforated the casing from 2624 - 2633.5m. The well was opened for 2 hours (30 bbls of diesel flowed). The well was opened a further two times but had to be closed prematurely due to a ruptured burner, and unfavourable weather. There were no H₂S or CO₂ detected during the flow.

30th October 1982. Waited on weather and monitored the well pressure. Well was opened at 03:59 and 5 bbls of diesel burnt off. Shut in well briefly from 05:36 to 05:47 and again from 0630 to 0631 hours, burning off through the boomers when well was opened. Well shut in at 0733 hours. Sampling carried out as required by Esso production engineers. Well was opened at 0756 hours and shut in again at 0940 hours with flow to the Otis tanks while open. Opened again at 1139 hours with flow to Otis tanks the well

was shut in at 1225 hours to await Flopetrol heater, facilitating flow to the flare. Schlumberger P.O.O.H. with HP and Amerada gauge.

31st October 1982. Ran pressure survey and rigged down Schlumberger and Otis Ameradas. Rigged up and R.I.H. with Otis bottom hole sampler, took sample at 1900m (oil of 37.5° API at 60°F and pour-point 87°F) and P.O.O.H. Still waiting for Flopetrol heater to re-open well.

1st November 1982. Well shut in and still waiting on Flopetrol heater. R/U Schlumberger with HP and Amerada; repaired and tested Schlumberger lubricator; and ran a pressure test.

2nd November 1982. Opened well to separator from 0600 to 0715 hours. Then reopened well to burners at 0910 hours. Half hourly gas and fluid samples were caught until the well was shut in at 1141 hours. The well was opened to the burners for the final flow period from 1603 to 0533 hours on the 3rd November 1982. Sampling was carried out as required by Esso production engineers.

3rd November 1982. The well was shut in to end PWT No. 1 at 0533 hours, but burn off from the separator and Otis tanks continued until 0730 hours. No H₂S had been observed during the test and CO₂ concentration remained at 13-15% throughout the final flow period.

4th November 1982. Well shut in and monitored pressured buildup. Schlumberger P.O.O.H. with H.P. and Ameradas - took 6 gradient readings on the way out. Killed the well by pumping 10 bbls water and 92 bbls of 9.7 ppg mud. The injection rate for the last 12 bbls was 1/3 BPM at 3500 psi. Observed well for flow, but the well was dead. Established circulation eventually (maximum gas detected was 0-120-8 units). Large quantities of wax appeared over the shakers while circulating.

5th November 1982. Pulled 39 joints of tubing out of the hole, laying down the sub-sea test tree. R.I.H. with drill-pipe. Circulated and conditioned the mud (Bottoms-up gas was 3 units). Stung into the packer, closed the annulars, and established an injection rate of 0.49 BPM at 3500 psi. Unstung, circulated and pulled the remainder of the tubing out of the hole. The hole did not take the correct amount of fluid (12 bbls less than expected). Pulled the wear bushing. Tested the BOP stack, and the choke and kill lines. Ran the wear bushing, then made up the packer retrieving tool and BHA prior to R.I.H.

6th November 1982. R.I.H. Circulated and conditioned the mud. Stung into the packer and milled same. Slugged the pipe and P.O.O.H. R.I.H. to 2597m, where the packer was tagged, so the bit had to be pulled, for another mill run. R.I.H.

7th November 1982. R.I.H. and milled on the packer after tagging it at 2597m. Pushed the packer down to the top of the cement, and milled on the packer, making one foot of cement as well. Pumped a slug, and P.O.O.H. R.I.H. with open-ended drill-pipe to 2640m. The first attempt at cementing the perforations was aborted. Reversed out, then pumped the second mix of cement. Pulled 4 stands, hung-off on the Upper Pipe Rams and then squeezed 14 bbls of mud into the hole. Opened the rams and P.O.O.H. R.I.H. with a bit and a junk-sub, tagging cement at 2606m. Drilled 5 metres of cement. Laid down 12 joints of drill-pipe.

8th November 1982. R.I.H. to 2611m and drilled cement to 2632m. Tested the cement squeeze job - O.K. R.I.H. to 2698m, washed fill down to 2717m, then worked the junk-sub. Drilled cement from 2717 - 2725m. Lost 1300 psi pump pressure, so P.O.O.H. looking for washout. The pressure drop turned out to be a missing jet. R.I.H. with a bit, and fished with a junk-basket. Drilled through the remaining cement, baffle, float collar and shoe. Cleaned out the 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ " hole to 2797m. Fished for junk. Pumped a slug and P.O.O.H. R.I.H. with a milling-tool.

9th November 1982. R.I.H. with a junk basket. Milled from 2797m to 2798m, pumped a slug, and P.O.O.H. One bit core was recovered. R.I.H. again, with a new junk basket and milled from 2798 - 2799m. Slugged the pipe, and P.O.O.H., recovering one core and part of a shank. R.I.H. with a 7" magnet inside a burn shoe.

10th November 1982. Fished for junk, pumped slug, and P.O.O.H. R.I.H. again with a junk-basket, and milled from 2799 - 2800m. A core sample, 0.52 metres in length, was recovered. Then R.I.H. with a flat bottom mill. Milled the junk and worked the junk basket. Hanging-off in the upper pipe rams, a P.I.T. was performed (16.5 ppg E.M.W. at 2800m).

11th November 1982. Pumped a slug, and P.O.O.H., retrieving small pieces of core and abundant metal shavings. R.I.H. and milled junk again. Pulled the pipe and recovered 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs of metal pieces. Made another milling run, but did not recover any metal in the junk basket.

12th November 1982. R.I.H. with new bit no. 12 (HTC J7, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ "), drilled 3 metres of new hole, and worked the junk subs. P.O.O.H. retrieving 5 lbs of metal (including bearings and teeth). R.I.H. with new bit no. 13 (HTC J7, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ "), and repeated the operation, drilling 3 new metres of hole. Then a core was cut by Christensen from 2805 - 2807.8m, pulling out early due to fluctuating pump pressure.

13th November 1982. Recovered the core (8%), then R.I.H. with another new bit (HTC J33, 8½"). Reamed the rat-hole, then drilled ahead from 2807.8 - 2860m. The bit was pulled at 2860m due to very low ROP's. (Maximum gas detected was 5 units, and the background was 0-1 units).

14th November 1982. P.O.O.H. (the survey was a misrun). R.I.H. with new bit no. 15 (HTC J33, 8½"). No fill was encountered, but as a precaution the hole was reamed from 2859 - 2860m. Drilled from 2860 - 2914m (maximum gas was 27 units, and the background was 0-1 units). It was then decided to cut a core so "bottoms" were circulated up a survey was dropped (3°), a slug was pumped, and the bit pulled.

15th November 1982. R.I.H. with the core barrel, washing from 2893 - 2914m. Cut core no. 8 from 2914 - 2916m. Pressure increased and penetration ceased, so the barrel was pulled (only 4 pebbles were recovered). Tested the stack, then ran in the hole with bit no. 16 (HTC J44, 8½"), reaming the rathole, then drilling 8½" hole from 2916 - 2925m.

16th November 1982. Drilled from 2925m to 2964m, where a drilling break was flow-checked and circulated up. The gas rose to 560 units so the mud weight -as increased to 10.0 ppg. The gas dropped to less than 10 units. A "10-10-10" test was run (6-452-11 units), and the mud was further weighted up to 10.4 ppg. Another "10-10-10" test yielded 0.3-1.4-0.6 units, so the mud weight was raised to 10.6 ppg.

17th November 1982. Circulated and raised the mud weight to 10.7 ppg to counter the overpressure. P.O.O.H. to the shoe and ran back in. Circulated bottoms-up (maximum gas was 0.2 units), and decided to drill ahead as a result of the low gas readings. Drilled 8½" hole from 2964 to 2972m, and then pulled the bit due to low ROP's. No fill was detected as the new bit (No. 17, HTC-J44, 8½") was being run in the hole. Drilled from 2972 to 2992m (trip gas was 0.1-0.4-0.1 units). Flow-checked 2 drilling breaks (50 units gas from 2977m; and 310 units from 2985m) - no flow in both cases. AT 2984m, 12 units of gas were detected from a 3-minute shut-down, and 526 units of connection gas came from kelly-down at 2986m. Core Lab concluded that the pore pressure had risen to an estimated 10.5/10.6 ppg, so the mud was weighted up to 11.2 ppg.

18th November 1982. Worked pipe and circulated bottoms up with the 11.2 ppg mud (0.3-0.3-0.3 units gas - indicating no influx and hence it was safe to drill ahead). Drilled from 2992 - 3026m. Flow-checked at 3009, 3015, and 3024m (all O.K.). A decision was made to P.O.O.H. to log, so "bottoms"

were circulated up (2 units gas), and a short wiper trip was performed (trip gas 0.2-28-0.6 units). P.O.O.H. (survey 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ ⁰). Schlumberger ran the following logs:

DLL-MSFL-GR

19th November 1982. Continued running Schlumberger Logs:

LDL-CNL-GR,

BHC-GR

A wiper trip was then made and bottoms up circulated with gas levels of 0.2-216-0.8 units, an earlier peak was detected of 230m which was probably caused by gas migration from a higher pressure sand. P.O.O.H. to the casing shoe and W.O.W. R.I.H. to 3026m and circulated bottoms up (0-2.8-0.6 units gas, again an early peak, of 5 units was detected). Schlumberger then prepared to run RFT No. 25.

20th November 1982. Due to adverse hole conditions the only successful pretest from RFT No. 25 was 2973.8m and a sample was taken from this depth. The pore pressure calculated from this RFT gave an E.M.W. of 10.61 ppg. Two CST runs were then run prior to a Velocity Survey.

21st November 1982. Continued running Velocity Data Tests. Open-ended drill-pipe was then R.I.H. and bottoms up circulated (0-256-0.4 units gas). A cement was then pumped to set a plug at 3026m and fill the open hole. Fire stands were pulled and the pipe was cleaned by Reverse Circulation (max gas 0.2 units). P.O.O.H. to 2745m, where the second cement plug was set. Fire stands were P.O.O.H. and reverse circulation commenced with a maximum gas of 0.2 units. P.O.O.H. The B.O.P. stack was then tested. R.I.H. to dress the plug to 2750m.

22nd November 1982. Continued R.I.H. and tagged cement at 2743m. Cement was drilled to 2743m and bottoms up circulated (0-0.5-0 units gas). A pressure test of the casing and plug revealed a leak of 1 bbl mud and 100 psi. Circulation proceeded to condition the mud to 9.7 ppg from 11.2 ppg with a maximum gas of 2.5 units. P.O.O.H. A RTTS tool was then run and set at 2730m and a pressure test of the casing and plug was successfully concluded indicating the previous leak to be at the perforations made for PWT No. 1. P.O.O.H.

23rd November 1982. Schlumberger ran the CCL/GR log and then two Baker model 'D' packers were set; one without a flapper at 2668m and one with a flapper at 2612m. The seal and test assembly was then R.I.H. on tubing. The tubing and seal assembly were then successfully pressure tested.

24th November 1982. The test christmas tree and B.O.P.'s were rigged up and tested. Schlumberger then R.I.H. and perforated at 13 shots per metre

between 2736 and 2725m. When Schlumberger were out of the tubing the hole was opened. No flow was observed.

25th November 1982. Schlumberger R.I.H. and made another set of perforations between 2736m and 2747m. Again there was no flow. Otis then R.I.H. and swabbed the test zone. The well was then shut-in and the pressure built-up to 20 psi. Due to this low pressure Schlumberger R.I.H. and perforated between 2702m and 2691m. The shut in pressure rose to 428 psi in 21 minutes before the choke (3-2/64") was opened and flow allowed to the Test Tanks. The flowing pressure was 11 psi. After 30 minutes the well was shut in for pressure build up.

26th November 1982. The pressure build up was observed and monitored reaching 1132 psi before stabilising at 735 psi after 11½ hours, when the well was opened on 32" choke. The flow pressure was 11 psi but dropped to 2 psi when the choke was opened further to 48/64" after one hour's flow. The flow pressure dropped again after 9 hours to 1 psi, then to 0 psi. 14½ hours after the well was opened the choke was shut in having displaced 14 barrels of diesel into the test tanks. Schlumberger R.I.H. with HP and Amerada tool.

27th November 1982. Schlumberger R.I.H. with HP and Amerada tools to monitor down hole pressures and temperatures. Pressure continued to build up to a maximum of 561 psi after 23½ hours. Schlumberger then started to P.O.O.H. making gradient stops.

28th November 1982. Schlumberger continued making gradient stops and then P.O.O.H. Otis R.I.H. to take samples, set for 2450m. The samples were recovered, they were water with salinities of 24000 ppm. An injection rate was then established into the perforated formation of 500 psi in 2 minutes from 4500 psi. The well was then opened to the test tank but there was no flow. After some difficulty, overpull of 60,000 lbs was required, the tubing was pulled from the packers. The diesel and fluid in the tubing was then reverse circulated initially into the test tanks. After the first displacement flow was returned to the shakers, gas levels were 29-29-4 units. Circulation continued down the tubing, after the second displacement of the tubing, with gas levels of 0-5.5-2.6 units (C1 to C4 breakdown). The tubing was then P.O.O.H.

29th November 1982. Continued P.O.O.H. then R.I.H. with drill pipe and cement stinger to 2750m. Mud was circulated with a B.U. gas of 0.8-50-2 units to condition the mud. Cement slurry was then pumped to set a plug up to 2668m. Five stands were P.O.O.H. and mud was reverse circulated with gas levels of 1 unit, until the pipe volume had been displaced two times.

Circulation then continued down the drill pipe to condition the mud, with gas levels dropping to 0 unit. P.O.O.H.

30th November 1982. Continued to P.O.O.H. Pressure tested the cement. Schlumberger set a bridge plug at 2605m. A test on the plug failed. Attempted to pull the seal assembly unsuccessfully. Tested the casing to 3100 psi.

1st December 1982. Pulled the seal assembly with a back-out tool. Cut the casing at 224.84m (R.K.B.). Attempted to spear the casing, but failed. Cut the casing a second time (252.14m R.K.B.), and managed to spear the casing free (with 70K overpull).

2nd December 1982. Laid down the 9-5/8" casing and the tubing.

3rd December 1982. Set a cement retainer at 242m. R.I.H. with stinger, and pressure tested the annulus. Set a balance plug on top of the retainer. Reversed out, then P.O.O.H. Perforated the 13-3/8" casing from 151 - 151.5m, and set a cement retainer at 141m.

4th December 1982. Squeezed 299 sacks of cement below the retainer, and dumped 87 sacks on top. Circulated hole and riser, with seawater. Tested the cement - O.K. Washed the wellhead and laid down drill-pipe. Pulled the stack and riser. Deballasted the rig. Blew the well-head.

5th December 1982. Waited on work-boats. Handled the anchors. Waited on weather.

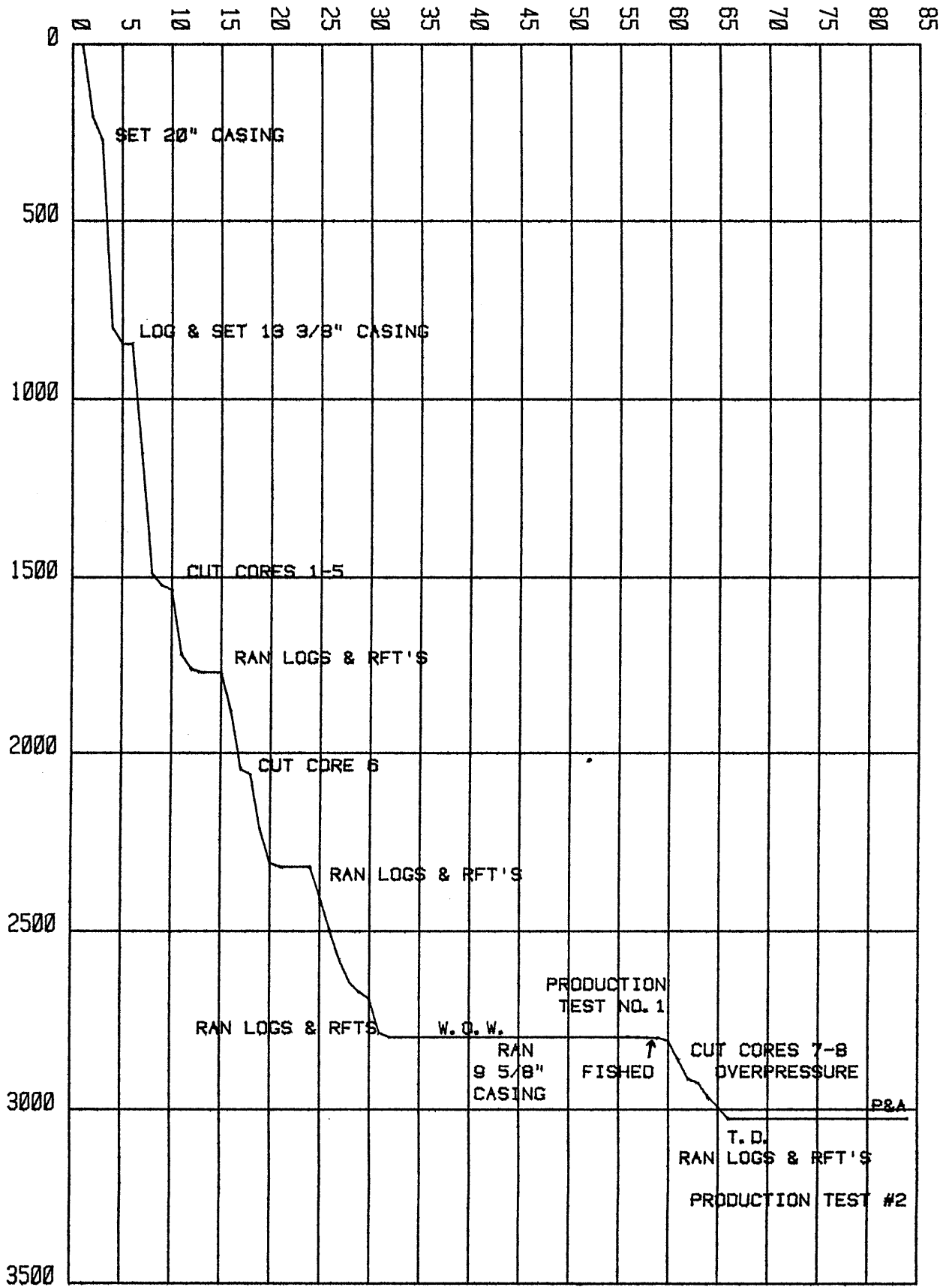
6th December 1982. Waited on weather. Handled the anchors. Began towing to the new location at 1900 hours.

8. PROGRESS LOG

PROGRESS LOG
 ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD

WIRRAH NO. 1

SEPT	OCT	NOV	
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9. BIT RECORD SHEETS



COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

BIT RECORD

Sheet No. 1

S/NO.	Bit No.	Make	Type	IADC Code	Size	Jets	Depth In m	Hole Made m	Drilling Time	On Bottom Hours	K Turns	Condition T B G	Remarks
294 SR	RR 1	HTC	26" HO +OSC 3AJ	111	26 17½	28/28/28 20/20/20	70.0	136.0	6¾	4.05	19	2-4-I	OUT FOR 20" CSG.
KX 481	2	HTC	OSC 3AJ	111	17½	20/20/20	207.0	593.0	26	16.15	132	2-2-I	DRILLED CMT, PLUGGED JET.
KX 481	RR 2	HTC	OSC 3AJ	111	17½	20/20/20	799.0	46.0	5¼	4.06	34	2-2-I	OUT FOR 13-3/8" CSG.
291 KK	3	HTC	X3A	114	12¼	18/18/18	845.0	643.2	41½	31.23	257	5-4-I	OUT FOR CORE NO. 1.
IW 5994	3	CHRIS	RC4	4	8½	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1488.2	12.4	1	0.77	4	45%	OUT FOR CORE NO. 2.
1W 5994	3	CHRIS	RC4	4	8½	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1500.6	12.8	1¾	1.24	7	50%	OUT FOR CORE NO. 3.
1W 5994	3	CHRIS	RC4	4	8½	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1513.4	13.6	2	1.43	9	60%	RECOVER CORE NO. 3.
951UA	4	HTC	X3A	114	12¼	18/18/18	1527.0	46.4	3¾	2.60	22	4-2-I	OUT FOR CORE NO. 4.
2W 6901	4	CHRIS	RC3	4	8½	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1573.4	12.2	4½	4.48	27	5%	OUT FOR CORE NO. 5.
2W 6901	4	CHRIS	RC 3	4	8½	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1585.6	11.0	3	2.92	19	20%	RECOVER CORE NO. 5.
5X 456	5	HTC	J11	437	12¼	18/18/18	1596.6	31.8	9½	7.37	28	8-2-I	DRILLED ON JUNK.
FR 646	6	HTC	J22	517	12¼	18/18/18	1628.4	142.0	17¼	11.42	41	1-2-1/8	POOH TO LOG, BROKEN INSERTS.
796 NL	7	HTC	J22	517	12¼	18/18/18	1770.4	275.6	34¼	28.35	94	2-2-I	OUT FOR CORE NO. 6.
2W 6901	7	CHRIS	RC3	4	8½	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	2046.0	15.2	4¾	4.02	26	20%	RECOVER CORE NO. 6.
694 FL	8	HTC	J22	517	12¼	18/18/18	2061.2	259.8	49¾	43.41	129	1-2-I	POOH TO LOG.
690 FL	9	HTC	J22	517	12¼	18/18/18	2321.0	280.0	74¼	66.68	216	3-4-1/8	OUT DUE TO LOW R.O.P.'S.
801 NL	10	HTC	J22	517	12¼	18/18/18	2601.0	75.0	36¼	29.22	103	8-2-1/8	LOW R.O.P.'S IN VOLCANIC PLUG.
768 BL	11	HTC	J33	537	12¼	18/18/18	2676.0	121.0	35	28.28	97	8-8-	OUT @ T.D., 3 CONES LOST.
FD 737	12	HTC	J7	316	8½	12/12/12	2801.0	3.0	1½	0.54	2	7-2-I	OUT TO RETRIEVE JUNK MILLED TO 2801M.
FK 594	13	HTC	J7	316	8½	12/12/12	2804.0	3.0	1½	0.46	1	3-2-I	OUT TO CUT CORE NO. 7.
81A 0647	RR13	CHRIS	C-20	4	8 ¹⁵ / ₃₂	EQUIVALENT 13/13/13	2805.0	2.8	3	2.62	13	100%	OUT DUE TO FLUCTATING PUMP PRESSURE.
546 MS	14	HTC	J33	537	8½	12/12/12	2807.8	52.2	13	11.73	40	4-4-1/8	OUT DUE TO LOW ROP'S.
541 MS	15	HTC	J33	537	8½	12/12/12	2860.0	54.0	12½	11.17	39	5-4-1/8	OUT AT CORE POINT.
81E 0636	15	CHRIS	C-20	4	8 ¹⁵ / ₃₂	EQUIVALENT 13/13/13	2914.0	2.0	2½	1.89	9	90%	OUT DUE TO FLUCTUATING PUMP PRESSURE.



COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

BIT RECORD

Sheet No. 1

S/NOS.

S/NOS.	Bit No.	Make	Type	IADC Code	Size	Cost	Jets	Depth In m	Depth Out m	Hole Made m	Drilling Time	On Bottom Hours	Turns K	Average ROP	Average Cost/ m	Condition T B G
294 SR	RR 1	HTC	26" HO +OSC 3AJ	111	26 17½	6350	28/28/28 20/20/20	70.0	206.0	136.0	6¾	4.05	19	33.6	257.68	2-4-I
KX 481	2	HTC	OSC 3AJ	111	17½	4442	20/20/20	206.0	799.0	593.0	26	16.15	132	36.7	156.42	2-2-I
KX 481	RR 2	HTC	OSC 3AJ	111	17½	4442	20/20/20	799.0	845.0	46.0	5¼	4.06	34	11.2	861.60	2-2-I
291 KK	3	HTC	X3A	114	12¼	2201	18/18/18	845.0	1488.2	632.2	41½	31.23	257	20.6	255.41	5-4-I
IN 5994	3	CHRIS	RC4	4	8½	13000	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1488.2	1500.6	12.4	1	0.77	4	16.1	3190.37	45%
1W 5994	3	CHRIS	RC4	4	8½	13000	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1500.6	1513.4	12.8	1¾	1.24	7	10.3	3254.03	50%
1W 5994	3	CHRIS	RC4	4	8½	13000	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1513.4	1527.0	13.6	2	1.43	9	9.5	3124.77	60%
951 UA	4	HTC	X3A	114	12¼	2201	18/18/18	1527.0	1573.4	46.4	3¾	2.60	22	17.8	804.92	4-2-I
2W 6901	4	CHRIS	RC3	4	8½	13000	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1573.4	1585.6	12.2	4½	4.48	27	2.7	4668.53	5%
2W 6901	4	CHRIS	RC3	4	8½	13000	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	1585.6	1596.6	11.0	3	2.92	19	3.8	4546.88	20%
SX 456	5	HTC	J11	437	12¼	6788	18/18/18	1596.6	1628.4	31.8	9½	7.37	28	4.3	2014.04	8-2-I
FR 646	6	HTC	J22	517	12¼	6788	18/18/18	1628.4	1770.4	142.0	17¼	11.42	41	12.4	587.32	1-2-1/8
796 NL	7	HTC	J22	517	12¼	6788	18/18/18	1770.4	2046.0	275.6	34¼	28.35	94	9.7	583.98	2-2-I
2W 6901	7	CHRIS	RC3	4	8½	13000	EQUIVALENT 15/15/14	2046.0	2061.2	15.2	4¾	4.02	26	3.8	3905.17	20%
694 FL	8	HTC	J22	517	12¼	6788	18/18/18	2061.2	2321.0	259.8	49¾	43.41	129	6.0	887.67	1-2-I
690 FL	9	HTC	J22	517	12¼	6788	18/18/18	2321.0	2601.0	280.0	74¼	66.68	216	4.2	1202.91	3-4-1/8
801 NL	10	HTC	J22	517	12¼	6788	18/18/18	2601.0	2676.0	75.0	36¼	29.22	103	2.6	2298.40	8-2-1/8
768 BL	11	HTC	J33	537	12¼	6637	18/18/18	2676.0	2797.0	121.0	35	28.28	97	4.3	1385.14	8-8-
FD 737	12	HTC	J7	316	8½	1260	12/12/12	2799.0	2802.0	3.0	1½	0.54	2	5.6	12936.0	7-2-I
FK 594	13	HTC	J7	316	8½	1260	12/12/12	2802.0	2805.0	3.0	1½	0.46	1	6.5	12818.0	3-2-I
81A 0647	RR13	CHRIS	C-20	4	8½ 32	13000	EQUIVALENT 13/13/13	2805.0	2807.8	2.8	3	2.61	13	1.1	21501.0	100%
546 MS	14	HTC	J33	537	8½	3703	12/12/12	2807.8	2860.0	52.2	13	11.73	40	4.5	1761.05	4-4-1/8
541 MS	15	HTC	J33	537	8½	3703	12/12/12	2860.0	2914.0	54.0	12½	11.17	39	4.8	1664.45	5-4-1/8
81E 0636	15	CHRIS	C-20	4	8½ 32	13000	EQUIVALENT 13/13/13	2914.0	2916.0	2.0	2½	1.89	9	1.1	228945.0	90%

10. MUD INFORMATION SHEETS

DEPTH Metres

MUD WEIGHT Pounds per gallon

FUNNEL VISCOSITY . . . A.P.I seconds

PLASTIC VISCOSITY. . . Centipoise

YIELD POINT. Pounds/100 square feet

GEL : INITIAL/10 min . Pounds/100 square feet

FILTRATE A.P.I. c.c.

CAKE THICKNESS Thirty-seconds of an inch

SALINITY : Ca/Cl ppm

SOLIDS/SAND/OIL. . . . Percentage .



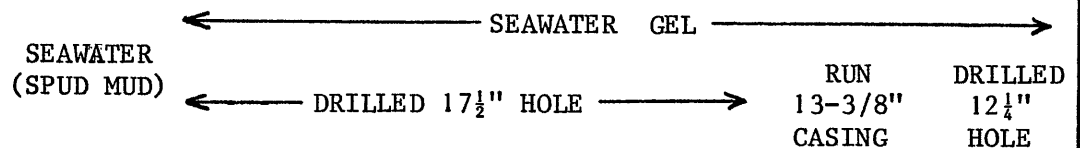
MUD INFORMATION SHEET

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

Sheet No. 1

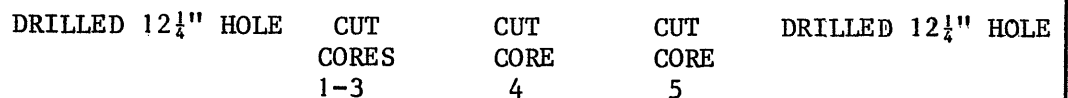
DEPTH (m)	SPUD	272	799	806	845	813	1040
DATE		15/9/82	16/9/82	17/9/82	18/9/82	18/9/82	19/9/82
TIME		24:00	24:00	21:00	23:00	24:30	15:00
WEIGHT		8.6	9.2	9.3	9.4+	9.4	9.1
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	S	29	31	32	34	38	29
PV/YP	E	2/8	4/17	4/17	5/18	6/29	5/18
N/K	A	.26/1.94	.25/4.38	.25/4.38	.28/3.92	.23/8.44	.28/3.92
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	W	3/5	-	6/21	6/24	4/22	5/17
pH	A	8.5	8.5	9	9	12.2	9.6
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	T	-	-	-	-	-	-
CAKE	E	3	3	3	3	4	5
SALINITY	R	-	20K	20K	20K	20K	24K
SAND % Vol.		.25	.25	TR	TR	.25	TR
SOLIDS % Vol.		-	-	4	5	5	4
OIL		-	-	-	-	-	-

REMARKS:



DEPTH (m)	1145	1488	1512	1585	1622	1766	1770
DATE	20/9/82	21/9/82	22/9/82	23/9/82	24/9/82	25/9/82	26/9/82
TIME	23:30	23:00	21:30	24:00	23:30	0:30	23:15
WEIGHT	9.2	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.7+	9.8	9.7+
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	41	46	47	42	50	56	48
PV/YP	4/16	5/19	8/14	7/15	10/11	14/14	9/9
N/K	.26/3.88	.27/4.38	.45/1.35	.4/1.83	.56/.63	.58/.73	.58/.47
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	5/18	11/26	7/16	4/15	3/13	3/13	2/8
pH	10.6	11.2	10.3	11.1	11.9	9.7	9.7
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	24	8/17	7.4/16.2	5/15.4	5.2/14.8	5.0/14.2	4.6/14.0
CAKE	4	3	3	3	2	2	2
SALINITY	24K	21K	20K	20K	20K	16.5K	16.0K
SAND	TR	TR	TR	TR	.25	TR	TR
SOLIDS	4	8	10	10	10	11	10.5
OIL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NITRATES	60	40	70	70	70	120	160

REMARKS:





MUD INFORMATION SHEET

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
 WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

Sheet No. 2

DEPTH (m)	1770	1770	1860	2034	2055	2210	2301
DATE	27/9/82	28/9/82	29/9/82	30/9/82	1/10/82	2/10/82	3/10/82
TIME	22:45	3:15	23:00	22:45	22:10	22:05	22:01
WEIGHT	9.7+	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.6+	9.8	9.8
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	49	47	43	48	48	57	59
PV/YP	9/8	11/10	10/9	16/14	16/11	19/4	22/18
N/K	.61/.37	.61/.48	.61/.42	.62/.64	.67/.41	.66/.58	.66/.55
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	2/8	2/8	2/9	4/9	3/7	5/20	6/24
pH	9.5	4.6	11.4	10.0	11.4	10.9	10.4
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	4.6/13.8	11.0/13.2	5.0/14.2	5.2/14.0	4.6/13.6	5.4/14.4	5.5/14.8
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SALINITY K (ppm)	16.0	16.0	15.5	15.5	15.0	12500	12200
SAND % by Vol	TR	TR	TR	TR	0.25	TR	TR
SOLIDS % by Vol	10	11	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	10.5
OIL % by Vol	0	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
NITRATES (mg/l)	140	220	220	190	170	100	140

REMARKS:

← LOGGING → DRILLED 12¼" HOLE CUT CORE 6 DRILLED 12¼" HOLE

DEPTH (m)	2321	2321	2321	2321	2340	2486	2574
DATE	4/10/82	5/10/82	6/10/82	7/10/82	8/10/82	9/10/82	10/10/82
TIME	08:00	09:00	17:00	07:15	21:30	22:00	21:30
WEIGHT	9.8	9.8+	9.7	9.7+	9.7+	9.7	9.7
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	69	71	53	62	47	50	56
PV/YP	25/19	23/18	15/11	19/15	16/15	13/15	11/20
N/K	.65/.77	.65/.75	.66/.43	.64/.63	.60/.73	.55/.91	.44/2.02
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	6/29	9/33	3/17	6/22	5/22	6/20	8/22
pH	10.3	10.5	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.5	10.7
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	5/14.8	5.8/16.6	5.8/17.6	6.8/15.8	6.2/16.4	6.2/14.8	5.8/15.0
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SALINITY K (ppm)	12.2	12.5	12.2	12.2	12.2	13.0	14.5
SAND % by Vol	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
SOLIDS % by Vol	10.5	10.5	9	9.5	10	9	9
OIL % by Vol	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
NITRATES (mg/l)	110	220	220	220	220	220	220

REMARKS:

← LOGGING → WIPER TRIP; RFT'S ← DRILLED 12¼" HOLE →



MUD INFORMATION SHEET

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
 WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

Sheet No. 3

DEPTH (m)	2640	2670	2681	2752	2797	2797	2797
DATE	11/10/82	12/10/82	13/10/82	14/10/82	15/10/82	16/10/82	17/10/82
TIME	21:30	21:30	21:30	13:30	13:30	21:30	09:30
WEIGHT	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.7
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	54	53	58	51	45	46	55
PV/YP	10/81	12/20	13/19	13/16	12/16	14/15	15/17
N/K	0.44/1.80	0.46/1.83	0.49/1.49	0.53/1.04	0.51/1.04	0.57/0.84	0.55/1.01
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	8/19	8/18	8/20	8/20	6/18	4/12	8/20
pH	10.5	10.3	10.6	10.4	10.5	10.3	10.1
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	6.2/15.4	5.2/14.6	5.2/14.8	5.0/15.0	5.0/14.8	5.0/14.6	5.2/15.2
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SALINITY K ppm	15	16	18	19	20	18	19
SAND % by vol	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
SOLIDS % by vol	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
OIL % by vol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NITRATES (mg/l)	220	180	130	200	220	180	180

REMARKS:

DRILLED 12 1/4" HOLE

T. D. FOR TESTING

LOGGING

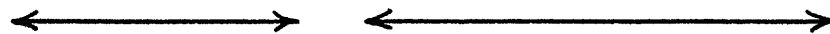
DEPTH (m)	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797
DATE	18/10/82	19/10/82	20/10/82	21/10/82	22/10/82	23/10/82	24/10/82
TIME	23:00		11:30	13:30	24:00	10:15	04:00
WEIGHT	9.6	9.6+	9.7	9.7	9.6	9.7	9.7
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	41	45	48	43	45	46	43
PV/YP	12/14	14/17	16/18	14/11	14/12	15/12	14/12
N/K	0.55/0.86	0.54/1.09	0.56/1.06	0.64/0.46	0.62/0.54	0.64/0.51	0.62/0.54
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	2/8	4/15	4/15	3/8	4/9	3/9	4/9
pH	10.3	10.7	10.6	10.1	10.1	10.3	10.3
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	5.0/14.8	5.4/15.2	5.6/15.4	5.6/15.6	5.6/15.6	5.1/15.2	6/15.8
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SALINITY K ppm	18	19	19	18.5	18	18	18
SAND % by vol	0	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
SOLIDS % by vol	8	9	9	9	9	9	9
OIL % by vol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NITRATES (mg/l)	220	180	140	140	140	130	130

REMARKS:

LOGGING

W. O. W.

RAN &
 CEMENTED
 9-5/8" CASING.





MUD INFORMATION SHEET

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

Sheet No. 4

DEPTH (m)	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797
DATE	25/10/82	26/10/82	27/10/82	28/10/82	29/10/82	30/10/82	31/10/82
TIME	23:00	23:20	12:30	23:00	21:00	23:00	23:00
WEIGHT	9.5	9.7	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.5	9.6
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	41	39	37	35	35	41	37
PV/YP	14/12	15/12	14/11	12/9	12/9	10/4	10/7
N/K	0.62/0.54	0.64/0.51	0.64/0.46	0.65/0.36	0.65/0.36	0.78/0.11	0.67/0.27
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	4/9	3/7	3/8	2/7	3/8	3/6	4/7
pH	10.1	9.8	10.3	10.3	10.3	10.1	11.5
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	6/15.5	8.5/16.7	5.8/-	5.9/-	5.8/-	6/-	6.4/-
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
SALINITY K ppm	18	18	18.5	19	19	19	18
SAND % by vol	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
SOLIDS % by vol	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
OIL % by vol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NITRATES (mg/l)	130	140	130	120	130	120	110

REMARKS:

LOGGED
CEMENTING
TESTED
STACK
PRODUCTION TESTING

DEPTH (m)	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797	2797
DATE	1/11/82	2/11/82	3/11/82	4/11/82	5/11/82	6/11/82	7/11/82
TIME	21:00	23:00	24:00	16:30	20:00	07:00	23:00
WEIGHT	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.5	9.6	9.5	9.5
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	39	52	42	38	40	45	38
PV/YP	11/7	15/17	13/11	6/9	7/11	9/14	7/12
N/K	0.69/0.25	0.55/0.1	0.62/0.49	0.49/0.73	0.47/0.94	0.48/1.18	0.45/1.13
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	3/6	7/11	5/7	3/7	3/4	3/7	3/6
pH	11.1	10.8	10.7	11.3	9.5	10.6	10.8
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	5/-	5.4/-	6.4/-	8.6/-	5.8/-	6.2/-	7.2/-
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SALINITY K ppm	18	18	18	15	19	19	19
SAND % by vol	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
SOLIDS % by vol	9	9	9	7	9	9	9
OIL % by vol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NITRATES (mg/l)	130	120	110	90	100	80	80

REMARKS:

PRODUCTION TESTING
RIGGED DOWN PWT EQUIPMENT AND PREPARED TO DRILL AHEAD. CEMENTED PERFORATIONS.



MUD INFORMATION SHEET

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD

WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

Sheet No. 5

DEPTH (m)	2797	2800	2800	2800	2807	2710	2867
DATE	8/11/82	9/11/82	10/11/82	11/11/82	12/11/82	13/11/82	14/11/82
TIME	15:30	03:00	23:00	09:00	22:00	10:00	09:00
WEIGHT	9.3	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	38	38	45	42	39	44	43
PV/YP	6/9	7/8	8/13	7/9	7/8	8/12	10/10
N/K	0.49/0.73	0.55/0.48	0.47/1.16	0.52/0.61	0.55/0.48	0.49/0.97	0.58/0.52
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	3/8	3/6	4/8	3/6	3/6	4/9	6/13
pH	11.0	11.1	10.6	10.5	10.8	10.4	10.5
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	8.4/-	8.4/-	8.0/-	7.8/-	60./17.4	6.0/17.2	6.0/15.4
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SALINITY K ppm	16	15	13	13	12	10	10
SAND % by vol	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
SOLIDS % by vol	7	7	7	7	7	8	8
OIL % by vol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NITRATES (mg/l)	40	40	30	10	TR	TR	200

REMARKS:

DRILLED CEMENT
 DRILLED 8 1/2" HOLE
 CUT CORE NO. 7
 P.I.T. FISHED
 DRILLED 8 1/2" HOLE

DEPTH (m)	2915	2964	2992	3026	3026	3026	3026
DATE	15/11/82	16/11/82	17/11/82	18/11/82	19/11/82	20/11/82	21/11/82
TIME	06:00	23:00	23:00	21:00	15:00	23:00	23:00
WEIGHT	9.2	10.5	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	10.8
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	46	44	50	52	51	48	40
PV/YP	10/13	15/15	19/16	17/15	17/15	17/15	13/11
N/K	0.52/0.90	0.58/0.78	0.63/0.71	0.60/0.79	0.61/0.69	0.61/0.69	0.62/0.49
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	6/13	8/16	10/23	11/23	13/22	10/19	6/9
pH	10.6	10.7	10.5	10.7	10.6	10.5	10.8
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	5.6/15.0	5.4/15.2	5.9/15.0	5.6/15.0	5.6/15.0	5.6/15.2	7.8/-
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
SALINITY K ppm	11	13	12	12	12	12	12.5
SAND % by vol	TR	TR	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.25
SOLIDS % by vol	8	14	13	14	14	14	13
OIL % by vol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NITRATES (mg/l)	200	200	220	220	220	210	200

REMARKS:

CUT CORE NO. 8
 ENCOUNTERED OVERPRESSURED
 DRILLED 8 1/2" HOLE
 T.D.' ED
 LOGGING
 SET CEMENT PLUG



MUD INFORMATION SHEET

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
 WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

Sheet No. 6

DEPTH (m)	3026	3026	3026	3026	3026	3026	3026
DATE	22/11/82	23/11/82	24/11/82	25/11/82	26/11/82	27/11/82	28/11/82
TIME	23:00	23:00	23:30	24:00	22:00	01:00	00:30
WEIGHT	9.7	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.7
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	36	38	41	42	42	42	38
PV/YP	779	7711	10/10	10/11	11/11	11/12	10/9
N/K	0.52/0.61	0.47/0.94	0.58/0.52	0.56/0.63	0.58/0.57	0.56/0.68	0.61/0.42
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	5/11	5/12	6/13	6/13	6/13	6/12	4/10
pH	10.8	10.6	11.1	11.1	11.0	11.1	11.0
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	8.2/-	8.2/-	7/-	7/-	7/-	7.1/-	7.2/-
CAKE	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SALINITY K ppm	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
SAND % by vol	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR	TR
SOLIDS % by vol	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
OIL % by vol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NITRATES (mg/l)	200	210	220	210	200	210	220

REMARKS: TAGGED AND DRESSED CEMENT TO 2750M
 PRODUCTION WELL TEST NO. 2
 REVERSE OUT AND CIRCULATE AND CONDITION MUD

DEPTH (m)	3026	3026	3026	3026			
DATE	29/11/82	30/11/82	1/12/82	2/12/82			
TIME	23:00	00:30	24:00	23:30			
WEIGHT	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.7			
FUNNEL VISCOSITY	51	47	48	45			
PV/YP	12/23	9/16	10/16	10/15			
N/K	0.43/2.47	0.44/1.57	0.47/1.39	0.49/1.21			
GEL: INITIAL/10 MIN	10/19	9/17	9/17	9/15			
pH	12.3	12.2	12.1	12.0			
FILTRATE: API/API HTHP	8.4/-	5.5/-	8.5/-	8.5/-			
CAKE	4	4	4	4			
SALINITY K ppm	12	12	12	12			
SAND % by vol	TR	TR	TR	TR			
SOLIDS % by vol	9	9	9	9			
OIL % by vol	0	0	0	0			
NITRATES (mg/l)	190	200	200	200			

REMARKS: PLUG RECOVER LAY DOWN PIPE AND PERFORA- SEAL TUBING TIONS ASSEMBLY CIRCULATE AND CON- DITION MUD

11, LITHOLOGICAL SUMMARY

LITHOLOGICAL SUMMARY

WIRRAH NO. 1 was drilled to evaluate the hydrocarbon potential of the Top Latrobe and Intra-Latrobe sandstones. The proposed T.D. was 2321m (KB), however, this was extended to 3026m (KB) to further evaluate the Lower Latrobe formation.

(NB: The formation tops are open to speculation and are based entirely on examination of cuttings. All depths from RKB).

Gippsland Limestone. The Gippsland Limestone consisted of a white to grey, calcarenite/calclutite, very fine to medium grained, fossiliferous limestone. The fossils encountered were shell fragments, foraminifera, bryozoa, echinoids. These were more abundant higher up in the formation. Within this section, a sandstone bed was encountered between 760m-830m (KB). The sandstone was of predominantly fine-medium loose quartz grains, clear to very light grey, subangular to subrounded, well sorted with a calcareous cement.

Lakes Entrance Formation. This formation consisted entirely of siltstone. This was light to medium grey, firm becoming occasionally soft, argillaceous, calcareous, bulky becoming sub fissile in part towards the lower part of the formation. Occasional foraminifera fossils were encountered at varying depths. Traces of glauconite and pyrite were also encountered.

Latrobe Formation. This formation consisted of siltstone interbedded predominantly with sandstones and to a lesser extent coal. The siltstone ranged in colour from a light brown-grey to dark brown in some beds, hardness ranged from soft to hard. In the upper formation, the siltstone is non calcareous and becomes progressively more calcareous in the lower levels but appears to grade into a non-calcareous, carbonaceous lithology close to T.D. Associated pyrite is found also. The sandstone is predominantly clear to buff-white, and occasionally brown; they range from between fine to medium grained and, in general, poorly sorted, to coarser, well sorted beds. In the upper levels dolomitic cement was found grading to a siliceous cement in the deeper beds, and to a number of loose beds with little or no cement. Porosity varied from poor to good depending on cement and grain size. Fluorescence was encountered and ranged from poor to 80-100% fluorescence at 2570m. The coal encountered was a black vitreous blocky to firm texture with a conchoidal fracture. Between 2635m and 2680m there was a volcanic sill which was medium-light grey, very hard, massive and crystalline.

There were 6 cores cut and 24 RFT's run.

Gas levels were generally low but with frequent peaks associated with sandstone and coals. Heavies (C_1-C_6) were present throughout most of the Upper Latrobe to 2245m, below which there were fewer peaks, and heavies above C_2 were rarely seen.

From 2680 - 2740m, a sandstone/siltstone sequence was encountered. The sandstone was white, clear, medium to granule size, angular to well rounded, frequently dolomitic, and occasionally pyritic. The siltstone was grey to reddish brown, firm to soft, occasionally calcareous and pyritic. From 2740m the first indications of a conglomerate were encountered. The conglomerate was a mixture of sandstone, chert and basalt. The sandstone was clear, sub angular to sub rounded, fine to coarse grained. The chert was milky white to medium grey, very hard, with angular fragments. From 2850m a sandstone/siltstone interbedded sequence was re-encountered.

The sandstone was of two types:

- a. clear, subangular, very fine to medium grained, occasionally argillaceous and
- b. loose angular to sub angular fine to very coarse grained.

The siltstone was buff to grey/brown carbonaceous, moderately hard to friable. The conglomerate tended to fade out around 2850m.

12. R.F.T. DATA SHEETS

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 3

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY				
CHOKE SIZE	0.03"	0.03"		
SEAT No.	37	37		
DEPTH (M) (from RKB)	1573	1575		
A RECORDING TIMES			HH:MM	HH:MM
TOOL SET	9:40			
PRETEST OPEN	9:40			
TIME OPEN	0:02			
CHAMBER OPEN	9:42	9:52		
CHAMBER FULL	9:51	9:57		
FILL TIME	0:09	0:05		
START BUILD UP	9:51	9:57		
FINISH BUILD UP	9:52	9:58		
BUILD UP TIME	0:01	0:01		
SEAL CHAMBER	9:51	9:57		
TOOL RETRACT		9:58		
TOTAL TIME		0:18		
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP (psig)	2647.2			
ISIP (psia)	790.6	2177.1		
IFP (psia)	1633.6	2173.5		
FFP (psia)	2230.7	2230.6		
FSIP (psia)		2647.0		
FHP ()				
TEMP. CORR. ()				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE				
DEPTH TOOL REACHED ()	1592	1592		
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°)	152.5	152		
TIME CIRC. STOPPED				
TIME SINCE CIRC.				
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				
SURFACE PRESSURE (psig)	1300m			
VOL. GAS (cuft)	50.8cfg			
VOL. OIL (ml)	23000			
VOL. WATER ()				
VOL. FILTRATE ()				
VOL. CONDENSATE ()				
VOL. OTHER ()				
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	752025		
A	c2 (ppm)	55869		
S	c3 (ppm)	20608		
	c4 (ppm)	4345		
C	c5 (ppm)	1146		
O	c6+ (ppm)	325		
M	CO ₂ (%)	0.5		
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	50		
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER			
()	REFRACTOMETER	34@60°F		
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR		G1d Bn		
FLUORESCENCE		BtBlWhIrel		
G.O.R. (cu.ft./ml)		351		
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.				
ODOUR				
POUR POINT (°)				
COMMENTS				
(c) WATER PROPERTIES				
RESISTIVITY ()				
Cl (frm. resis.) ()				
Cl (frm. titrat) ()				
NO ₃ ()				
pH				
OTHER TRACERS ()				
DENSITY ()				
FLUORESCENCE				
COLOUR				
COMMENTS				
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
F MUD PROPERTIES				
TYPE				
RESISTIVITY ()	0.33 @ 21°			
Cl (frm. resis.) ()	22K			
Cl (frm. titrat) ()	16.K	16.K		
NO ₃ Drld/1st. circ ()	120	120		
pH	97			
OTHER TRACERS ()				
DENSITY ()	9.8	9.8		
G GENERAL COMMENTS				
FROTHY OIL SETTLES OUT TO DARK BROWN WAXY OIL.				CHAMBER PRESERVED

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 7

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (GALL)	6	2 ³ / ₄		
CHOKE SIZE (SQ. IN.)	0.03	0.03		
SEAT No.	52	52		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)	1532	1532		
A RECORDING TIMES			HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS
TOOL SET	3:27:30			
PRETEST OPEN	3:27:00			
TIME OPEN	:03:00			
CHAMBER OPEN	3:40:00	3:51:00		
CHAMBER FULL	3:47:00	3:54:00		
FILL TIME	:07:00	:03:00		
START BUILD UP	3:47:00	3:54:00		
FINISH BUILD UP	3:50:00	3:55:30		
BUILD UP TIME	:03:00	:01:30		
SEAL CHAMBER	3:50:00	3:55:30		
TOOL RETRACT		3:57:00		
TOTAL TIME		:30:00		
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP (psig)	2567.6			
ISIP (psia)	2166.0			
IFP (psia)	924.4	2133.12		
FFP (psia)	2164.4	2165.1		
FSIP (psia)	2165.2	2165.2		
FHP (psig)		2575.6		
TEMP. CORR. (°)				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE				
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)	1532	1532		
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)	156.5	156.5		
TIME CIRC. STOPPED	5:15/26/9			
TIME SINCE CIRC.	46:15 hrs			
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				
SURFACE PRESSURE(psig)	1350			
VOL. GAS (ft ³)	60.7cfg			
VOL. OIL (ml)	20			
VOL. WATER ()				
VOL. FILTRATE ()				
VOL. CONDENSATE ()				
VOL. OTHER ()				
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	309657		
A	c2 (ppm)	14500		
S	c3 (ppm)	5376		
	c4 (ppm)	1686		
C	c5 (ppm)	600		
O	c6+ (ppm)	278		
M	CO ₂ (%)	0.5		
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	80		
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER			
()	REFRACTOMETER	34@60°F		
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR		Gld Brn		
FLUORESCENCE		Brk Wh Bl		
G.O.R. (cu. ft. ³ /ml)		481565		
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.				
ODOUR				
POUR POINT (°)				
COMMENTS				
(c) WATER PROPERTIES				
RESISTIVITY ()				
Cl (frm. resis.) ()				
Cl (frm. titrat) ()				
NO ₃ ()				
pH				
OTHER TRACERS ()				
DENSITY ()				
FLUORESCENCE				
COLOUR				
COMMENTS				
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
F MUD PROPERTIES				
TYPE				
RESISTIVITY (m)	0.33 @ 21°C			
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)	22K			
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)	16.5K			
NO ₃ Drld/1st. circ (mg/l)	120			
pH	9.7			
OTHER TRACERS ()				
DENSITY (ppg)	9.8			
G GENERAL COMMENTS				
				PRESERVED SAMPLE.

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 9

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gall)	6	2 $\frac{3}{4}$		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)	0.03	0.02		
SEAT No.	58	58		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)	1529.5	1529.5		
A RECORDING TIMES			HH:MM	HH:MM
TOOL SET	11:47			
PRETEST OPEN	11:51			
TIME OPEN	:02			
CHAMBER OPEN	11:53	12:02		
CHAMBER FULL	12:00	12:02		
FILL TIME	:07	:1sec.		
START BUILD UP	12:00	12:02		
FINISH BUILD UP	12:02	12:02		
BUILD UP TIME	:02			
SEAL CHAMBER	12:01	12:09		
TOOL RETRACT				
TOTAL TIME				
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP (psig)	2571.5			
ISIP (psia)	2166.0			
IFP (psia)	2158.6	2164.2		
FFP (psia)	2165.5	2165.3		
FSIP (psia)	2165.5	2165.3		
FHP (psig)		2570.9		
TEMP. CORR. (°)				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE				
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)	1601.9	1601.9		
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)	156.5	156.5		
TIME CIRC. STOPPED				
TIME SINCE CIRC.				
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				
SURFACE PRESSURE (psig)	1500			
VOL. GAS (ft ³)	119			
VOL. OIL (ml)				
VOL. WATER (ml)	430			
VOL. FILTRATE ()				
VOL. CONDENSATE (ml)	100			
VOL. OTHER ()				
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	331776		
A	c2 (ppm)	36045		
S	c3 (ppm)	22400		
	c4 (ppm)	5606		
C	c5 (ppm)	680		
O	c6+ (ppm)	120		
M	CO ₂ (%)	0.6		
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	30		
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER			
()	REFRACTOMETER			
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR				
FLUORESCENCE				
G.O.R. ()				
F MUD PROPERTIES				
TYPE	SW/RGH/LIGNO/POLY			
RESISTIVITY (m)	0.33@21°C			
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)	.22K			
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)	16.5K			
NO ₃ Drl/1st. circ (mg/l)	120			
pH	97			
OTHER TRACERS ()				
DENSITY (ppg)	9.8			
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
G GENERAL COMMENTS				

CHAMBER PRESERVED

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 11

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gall)	6	1		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)	0.03	0.02		
SEAT No.	88	88		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)	2249	2249		
A RECORDING TIMES			HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS
TOOL SET	23:21:10			
PRETEST OPEN	23:21:30			
TIME OPEN	:20			
CHAMBER OPEN	23:24:30	23:34:30		
CHAMBER FULL	23:30:20	23:36:50		
FILL TIME	05:50	02:20		
START BUILD UP	23:30:20	23:36:50		
FINISH BUILD UP	23:32:20	23:37:30		
BUILD UP TIME	02:00	:40		
SEAL CHAMBER	23:33:00	23:38:30		
TOOL RETRACT		23:39:00		
TOTAL TIME				
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP (psig)	3816			
ISIP (psia)	3221	3219.9		
IFP (psia)	3186	3207.8		
FFP (psia)	3175	3207.4		
FSIP (psia)	3219.9	3219.7		
FHP (psig)		3813.5		
TEMP. CORR. (°)				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE				
DEPTH TOOL REACHED (m)	2252			
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)	88.2			
TIME CIRC. STOPPED	9.00			
TIME SINCE CIRC.	14HRS20MINS			
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				
SURFACE PRESSURE (psig)	1600			
VOL. GAS (ft ³)	60.1			
VOL. OIL (ml)	18000			
VOL. WATER (ml)	TR			
VOL. FILTRATE ()				
VOL. CONDENSATE ()				
VOL. OTHER ()				
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	849668		
A	c2 (ppm)	51718		
S	c3 (ppm)	12629		
	c4 (ppm)	3864		
C	c5 (ppm)	477		
O	c6+ (ppm)			
M	CO ₂ (%)	8		
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	0		
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER	39.7@27.5°C		
()	REFRACTOMETER	37.6@60°F		
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR	LQN PHASE	DK BRN		
FLUORESCENCE		MILKY WH		
G.O.R.	(ft ³ /ml)	531		
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.				
ODOUR		AROMATIC		
POUR POINT (°C)		27.5		
COMMENTS				
(c) WATER PROPERTIES				
RESISTIVITY ()				
Cl (frm. resis.) ()				
Cl (frm. titrat) ()				
NO ₃ ()				
pH				
OTHER TRACERS	()			
DENSITY ()				
FLUORESCENCE				
COLOUR				
COMMENTS				
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
F MUD PROPERTIES				
TYPE		SW/GEL/POLYMER		
RESISTIVITY (m)		0.41@17.3°C		
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)		19.5K		
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)		12.5K		
NO ₃ Drld/1st. circ (mg/l)		100	220	
pH		10.9		
OTHER TRACERS	()			
DENSITY ()				
G GENERAL COMMENTS				
			1 GALLON CHAMBER PRESERVED. RUN NO. 10 WAS PRETESTS ONLY.	

BLU WH
CUT FLU

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 12

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.		1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gall)		6	1		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)		0.03 m	0.03		
SEAT No.		89	89		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)		2205	2205		
A RECORDING TIMES		HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS		
TOOL SET		4:01:40			
PRETEST OPEN		4:02:00			
TIME OPEN					
CHAMBER OPEN		4:05:00	4:15:40		
CHAMBER FULL		4:10:20	4:17:50		
FILL TIME		05:20	02:10		
START BUILD UP		4:10:20	4:17:50		
FINISH BUILD UP		4:14:30	4:20:10		
BUILD UP TIME		04:10	02:20		
SEAL CHAMBER		4:14:40	4:20:40		
TOOL RETRACT			4:21:00		
TOTAL TIME					
B SAMPLE PRESSURES					
IHP (psig)		3737			
ISIP (psia)		3153.4	3153		
IFP (psia)		3044	3115		
FFP (psia)		3041	3113		
FSIP (psia)		3153	3152.9		
FHP (psig)			3735		
TEMP. CORR. (°)					
COMMENTS					
C TEMPERATURE					
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)		2224	2224		
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)		191.2 ^o F			
TIME CIRC. STOPPED		0900 hrs			
TIME SINCE CIRC.		19			
D SAMPLE RECOVERY					
SURFACE PRESSURE(psig)		1550			
VOL. GAS (ft ³)		51			
VOL. OIL (ml)		13100			
VOL. WATER ()					
VOL. FILTRATE ()					
VOL. CONDENSATE ()					
VOL. OTHER-MUD (ml)		3000			
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES					
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	863364			
A	c2 (ppm)	66084			
S	c3 (ppm)	19080			
	c4 (ppm)	4401			
C	c5 (ppm)	1074			
O	c6+ (ppm)	205			
M	CO ₂ (%)	0			
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	0			
(b) OIL PROPERTIES					
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER				
()	REFRACTOMETER	36.9@60 ^o F			
REFRACTIVE INDEX					
COLOUR LIQUID		DK BRN			
FLUORESCENCE		MILKY WH			
G.O.R. (ft ³ /ml)		624			
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.					
ODOUR			AROMATIC		
POUR POINT (°C)			27.5		
COMMENTS					
(c) WATER PROPERTIES					
RESISTIVITY (m)			0.37@26 ^o C		
Cl (frm. resis.)(ppm)			15.5K		
Cl (frm. titrat)(ppm)			9K		
NO ₃ (mg/l)			120		
pH			7.8		
OTHER TRACERS					
(Ca ⁺⁺)			180		
DENSITY (ppg)			8.9		
FLUORESCENCE					
COLOUR					
COMMENTS			MUD AND FILTRATE		
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES					
F MUD PROPERTIES					
TYPE			SW/GEL/POLYMER		
RESISTIVITY (m)			0.41@17.3 ^o C		
Cl (frm. resis.)(ppm)			19.5K		
Cl (frm. titrat)(ppm)			12.5K		
NO ₃ Drld/1st. circ(mg/l)		100	220		
pH			10.9		
OTHER TRACERS					
()					
DENSITY ()					
G GENERAL COMMENTS					
1 GALLON PRESERVED.					

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 13

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY	6	1		
CHOKE SIZE (gall)	0.03	0.03		
SEAT No. (sq.in.)	98	98		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)	2032	2032		
A RECORDING TIMES			OIL PROPERTIES CONT.	
	HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS	ODOUR	AROMATIC
TOOL SET	8:38:40		POUR POINT (°C)	27.5
PRETEST OPEN	8:39:00		COMMENTS	
TIME OPEN	05:00		(c) WATER PROPERTIES	
CHAMBER OPEN	8:44:20	9:01:25	RESISTIVITY (m)	0.38@32.5°C
CHAMBER FULL	8:51:20	9:03:50	Cl (frm. resis.)(ppm)	13K
FILL TIME	07:00	02:25	Cl (frm. titrat)(ppm)	9K
START BUILD UP	8:51:20	9:05:50	NO ₃ (mg/l)	120
FINISH BUILD UP	9:00:45	9:05:50	pH	7.7
BUILD UP TIME	09:25		OTHER TRACERS (Ca ⁺⁺)	180
SEAL CHAMBER	9:00:50	9:06:00	DENSITY ()	
TOOL RETRACT			FLUORESCENCE	
TOTAL TIME			COLOUR	
B SAMPLE PRESSURES			COMMENTS	
IHP (psig)	2450		(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES	
ISIP (psia)	2887.5	2286.1		
IFP (psia)	2235	2800		
FFP (psia)	1877	2455		
FSIP (psia)	2286.1	2886.9		
FHP (psig)				
TEMP. CORR. (°)				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE			F MUD PROPERTIES	
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)			TYPE	SW/GEL/POLYMER
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)			RESISTIVITY (m)	0.41@17.3°C
TIME CIRC. STOPPED			Cl (frm. resis.)(ppm)	19.5K
TIME SINCE CIRC.			Cl (frm. titrat)(ppm)	12.5K
			NO ₃ Drl d/1st. circ(mg/l)	220
			pH	
			OTHER TRACERS ()	
			DENSITY. ()	
D SAMPLE RECOVERY			G GENERAL COMMENTS	
SURFACE PRESSURE(psig)	1200		1 GALLON CHAMBER PRESERVED.	
VOL. GAS (ft ³)	27.2			
VOL. OIL (ml)	6500			
VOL. WATER (ml)				
VOL. FILTRATE (ml)	11000			
VOL. CONDENSATE (ml)				
VOL. OTHER ()				
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	779200		
A	c2 (ppm)	45870		
S	c3 (ppm)	12210		
	c4 (ppm)	2570		
C	c5 (ppm)	390		
O	c6+ (ppm)			
M	CO ₂ (%)	5		
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	0		
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER	37@60°F		
()	REFRACTOMETER			
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR LIQUID PHASE		DK BRN		
FLUORESCENCE		MILKY WH		
G.O.R. (ft ³ /ml)		665		

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 14

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gall)	6	1		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)	0.03	0.03		
SEAT No.	101	101		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)	2280	2280		
A RECORDING TIMES			HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS
TOOL SET	14:30:00			
PRETEST OPEN	14:30:00			
TIME OPEN				
CHAMBER OPEN	14:33:00	14:52:00		
CHAMBER FULL	14:39:00	14:54:00		
FILL TIME	05:40	02:20		
START BUILD UP	14:39:00	14:54:00		
FINISH BUILD UP	14:50:00	15:06:00		
BUILD UP TIME	11:00			
SEAL CHAMBER	14:51:00	15:06:00		
TOOL RETRACT		15:07:00		
TOTAL TIME				
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP (psig)	3850			
ISIP (psia)	3254.4	3238		
IFP (psia)	2764	3131		
FFP (psia)	2684	3117		
FSIP (psia)	3237	3239		
FHP (psig)		3848		
TEMP. CORR. (°)				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE				
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)	2284	2284		
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)	211.5			
TIME CIRC. STOPPED	900			
TIME SINCE CIRC.	30 HRS			
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				
SURFACE PRESSURE (psig)	375	375		
VOL. GAS (ft ³)	2.9	0.3		
VOL. OIL (ml)				
VOL. WATER (ml)				
VOL. FILTRATE (ml)	20500	3250		
VOL. CONDENSATE (ml)				
VOL. OTHER ()				
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	246675	280936	
A	c2 (ppm)	43673	13648	
S	c3 (ppm)	15264	3066	
	c4 (ppm)	3434	537	
C	c5 (ppm)	700	159	
O	c6+ (ppm)	48	102	
M	CO ₂ (%)	12		
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	0		
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER			
()	REFRACTOMETER			
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR				
FLUORESCENCE				
G.O.R. (ft ³ /ml)				
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.				
ODOUR				
POUR POINT (°C)				
COMMENTS				
(c) WATER PROPERTIES				
RESISTIVITY (m)		0.36@18°C	0.38@18°C	
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)		20K	18K	
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)		10200	9200	
NO ₃ (mg/l)		40	40	
pH		6.6	6.6	
OTHER TRACERS				
(Ca ⁺⁺)		120	140	
DENSITY ()				
FLUORESCENCE				
COLOUR				
COMMENTS				
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
F MUD PROPERTIES				
TYPE		SW/GEL/POLYMER		
RESISTIVITY (m)		0.41@17.3°C		
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)		19.5K		
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)		12.5K		
NO ₃ Dr1d/1st. circ (mg/l)		100	200	
pH		10.5		
OTHER TRACERS				
()				
DENSITY ()				
G GENERAL COMMENTS				

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 15

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.		1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gall)		6	2 $\frac{3}{4}$		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)		0.03	0.03		
SEAT No.		103	103		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)		2046	2046		
A RECORDING TIMES		HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS		
TOOL SET					
PRETEST OPEN					
TIME OPEN					
CHAMBER OPEN		19:39:00	19:57:00		
CHAMBER FULL		19:46:00	20:00:00		
FILL TIME		06:36	03:00		
START BUILD UP		19:46:00	20:00:00		
FINISH BUILD UP		19:55:00	20:08:00		
BUILD UP TIME		09:00	08:00		
SEAL CHAMBER		19:56:00	20:09:00		
TOOL RETRACT			20:14:00		
TOTAL TIME		17:00	18:00		
B SAMPLE PRESSURES					
IHP (psig)		3467	3467		
ISIP (psia)		2906.8			
IFP (psia)		2500	2030		
FFP (psia)		2800	1934		
FSIP (psia)		2901	2901		
FHP (psig)		3466	3466		
TEMP. CORR. (°)					
COMMENTS					
C TEMPERATURE					
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)		2065	2065		
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)		91.6	91.6		
TIME CIRC. STOPPED					
TIME SINCE CIRC.					
D SAMPLE RECOVERY					
SURFACE PRESSURE(psig)		500	700		
VOL. GAS (ft ³)		5.4	8.6		
VOL. OIL (ml)		2750	4750		
VOL. WATER (ml)		17250	2750		
VOL. FILTRATE (ml)					
VOL. CONDENSATE (ml)					
VOL. OTHER ()					
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES					
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	382771	328090		
A	c2 (ppm)	20644	27525		
S	c3 (ppm)	6543	13087		
	c4 (ppm)	2744	4460		
C	c5 (ppm)	270	716		
O	c6+ (ppm)	27	627		
M	CO ₂ (%)	4	3		
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	0	0		
(b) OIL PROPERTIES					
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER	37.1	38.6		
()	REFRACTOMETER				
REFRACTIVE INDEX					
COLOUR		yel/bn/blk	yel/bn/blk		
FLUORESCENCE		milky wh			
G.O.R. (ft ³ /ml)		312	288		
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.					
ODOUR		DIESEL	DIESEL		
POUR POINT (°C)		25	24		
COMMENTS					
(c) WATER PROPERTIES					
RESISTIVITY (m)		0.36@29°C	0.34@29°C		
Cl (frm. resis.)(ppm)		16K	17K		
Cl (frm. titrat)(ppm)		9.1K	11K		
NO ₃ (mg/l)		90	55		
pH		7.7	7.7		
OTHER TRACERS (Ca ⁺⁺)		160	220		
DENSITY ()					
FLUORESCENCE					
COLOUR					
COMMENTS					
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES					
F MUD PROPERTIES					
TYPE			SW/GEL/POLYMER		
RESISTIVITY (m)			0.4@17.3°C		
Cl (frm. resis.)(ppm)			19.5K		
Cl (frm. titrat)(ppm)			15.5K		
NO ₃ Drld/1st.circ(mg/l)		190	220		
pH			10.5		
OTHER TRACERS ()					
DENSITY ()					
G GENERAL COMMENTS					

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 17

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gall)	6	2 $\frac{3}{4}$		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)	0.03	0.03		
SEAT No.				
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)	2195.3	2195.3		
A RECORDING TIMES			HH:MM	HH:MM
TOOL SET	14:25			
PRETEST OPEN	14:26			
TIME OPEN	:05			
CHAMBER OPEN	14:31	15:00		
CHAMBER FULL	14:41	15:04		
FILL TIME	:10	:04		
START BUILD UP				
FINISH BUILD UP	DID NOT	FINISH		
BUILD UP TIME				
SEAL CHAMBER	14:58	15:11		
TOOL RETRACT		15:17		
TOTAL TIME	:33	:16		
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP (psig)	3711	3711		
ISIP (psia)	3152.6	3147.6		
IFP (psia)	76	1100		
FFP (psia)	2092	2130		
FSIP (psia)	3147.6	3151.1		
FHP (psig)	3701	3701		
TEMP. CORR. ()				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE				
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)	2264	2264		
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)	171.6	171.6		
TIME CIRC. STOPPED	7:30	7:30		
TIME SINCE CIRC.	5 HRS	5 HRS		
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				
SURFACE PRESSURE (psig)	1380	1400		
VOL. GAS (ft ³)	89	44.1		
VOL. OIL (ml)	100	55		
VOL. WATER (ml)				
VOL. FILTRATE (ml)	2000	120		
VOL. CONDENSATE (ml)				
VOL. OTHER ()				
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	382771	793883	
A	c2 (ppm)	30966	57344	
S	c3 (ppm)	11996	19630	
	c4 (ppm)	4460	6174	
C	c5 (ppm)	1751	1910	
O	c6+ (ppm)	655	750	
M	CO ₂ (%)	5	6	
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	0	0	
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER	47	47	
()	REFRACTOMETER			
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR		DK BN	DK BN	
FLUORESCENCE		MILKY	WHITE	
G.O.R.	(ft ³ /ml)	141510	127489	
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.				
ODOUR				
POUR POINT (°)				
COMMENTS				
(c) WATER PROPERTIES				
RESISTIVITY (m)		0.42@61° F	0.42@61° F	
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)		17K	16K	
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)		10.5K	9K	
NO ₃ (mg/l)		110	60	
pH		7.7	7.7	
OTHER TRACERS (Ca ⁺⁺)		80	140	
DENSITY ()				
FLUORESCENCE				
COLOUR				
COMMENTS				
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
F MUD PROPERTIES				
TYPE		SW/GEL/POLYMER		
RESISTIVITY (m)		0.41@17.3°C		
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)		79.5K		
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)		15K		
NO ₃ Drld/1st. circ (mg/l)		170	220	
pH		10.5		
OTHER TRACERS ()				
DENSITY ()				
G GENERAL COMMENTS				
RFT NO. 16 WAS A MISRUN.				

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 18

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gall)	6	1		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)	0.03	0.02		
SEAT No.	112	112		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)	2633	2633		
A RECORDING TIMES			HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS
TOOL SET	14:06:05			
PRETEST OPEN	14:06:40			
TIME OPEN	:05:50			
CHAMBER OPEN	14:10:30	14:28:30		
CHAMBER FULL	14:19:00	14:31:00		
FILL TIME	:08:30	02:30		
START BUILD UP	14:19:00	14:31:00		
FINISH BUILD UP				
BUILD UP TIME				
SEAL CHAMBER	14:27:30	14:37:10		
TOOL RETRACT				
TOTAL TIME				
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP (psig)	4383.2			
ISIP (psia)	3790.1	3738		
IFP (psia)	176-1120	1490-2690		
FFP (psia)	1160	2600		
FSIP (psia)	3739.40	3744.3		
FHP (psig)		4379.9		
TEMP. CORR. (°)				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE				
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)				
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)	2153°F	101.8°C		
TIME CIRC. STOPPED	0700			
TIME SINCE CIRC.	17			
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				
SURFACE PRESSURE(psig)	480	310		
VOL. GAS (ft ³)	2.9	0.5		
VOL. OIL (ml)	SCUM			
VOL. WATER (ml)				
VOL. FILTRATE (ml)	19600	3400		
VOL. CONDENSATE (ml)				
VOL. OTHER ()				
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	66125	325380	
A	c2 (ppm)	5425	49290	
S	c3 (ppm)	2579	26780	
	c4 (ppm)	595	8480	
C	c5 (ppm)	173	2490	
O	c6+ (ppm)	74	620	
M	CO ₂ (%)	3	5	
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	TR	TR	
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER			
()	REFRACTOMETER	32@60°F		
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR			STRAW YELL	
FLUORESCENCE			YELL GOLD	
G.O.R. (ft/ml)				
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.				
ODOUR				
POUR POINT (°C)	28			
COMMENTS				
(c) WATER PROPERTIES				
RESISTIVITY (m)	0.25@27.5°C	0.3@20.5°C		
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)	24000	24000		
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)	14000	16000		
NO ₃ (mg/l)	10	20		
pH	6.4	6.4		
OTHER TRACERS ()				
DENSITY ()				
FLUORESCENCE				
COLOUR				
COMMENTS				
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
F MUD PROPERTIES				
TYPE		SW/GEL/POLYMER		
RESISTIVITY (m)	0.238@22.7			
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)	26000			
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)	20000			
NO ₃ Drld/1st. circ (mg/l)	220			
pH	10.5			
OTHER TRACERS ()				
DENSITY (ppg)				
G GENERAL COMMENTS				
WATER CUT: 0.193				

CORE LABORATORIES R.F.T. DATA SHEET - SAMPLING DATA

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 23

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.		1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (lt)		22.7	9.75		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)		0.03			
SEAT No.		169	169		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)		2633	2633		
A RECORDING TIMES		HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS		
TOOL SET		10:37:40			
PRETEST OPEN		10:38:00			
TIME OPEN					
CHAMBER OPEN		10:41:00	11:00:30		
CHAMBER FULL		10:47:25	11:03:40		
FILL TIME		06:25	03:10		
START BUILD UP		10:47:25	11:03:40		
FINISH BUILD UP		10:57:10	11:09:50		
BUILD UP TIME		09:45	05:50		
SEAL CHAMBER		10:57:10	11:09:30		
TOOL RETRACT			11:11:05		
TOTAL TIME					
B SAMPLE PRESSURES					
IHP (psig)		4408			
ISIP (psia)		37845	3744		
IFP (psia)		1810	2170		
FFP (psia)		1730	2080		
FSIP (psia)		80	90		
FHP (psig)		3736	4410		
TEMP. CORR. (°)					
COMMENTS					
C TEMPERATURE					
DEPTH TOOL REACHED(m)		2637			
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)		214			
TIME CIRC. STOPPED		12:17:10			
TIME SINCE CIRC.					
D SAMPLE RECOVERY					
SURFACE PRESSURE(psig)		410	400		
VOL. GAS (ft ³)		2.5	1.1		
VOL. OIL (ml)		SCUM	SCUM		
VOL. WATER (ml)		20.1	9.1		
VOL. FILTRATE (ml)					
VOL. CONDENSATE (ml)					
VOL. OTHER ()					
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES					
(a)	G	c1 (ppm)	122440	247695	
	A	c2 (ppm)	9316	16407	
	S	c3 (ppm)	3804	6512	
		c4 (ppm)	1071	2260	
	C	c5 (ppm)	313	767	
	O	c6+ (ppm)	97	290	
	M	CO ₂ (%)	5	10	
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	TR	NONE		
(b) OIL PROPERTIES					
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER				
	REFRACTOMETER				
REFRACTIVE INDEX					
COLOUR	DK RDISH	BRN	DRK RDISH	BRN	
FLUORESCENCE		YELL	YELL		
G.O.R.	(ft ³ /ml)				
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.					
ODOUR					
POUR POINT (°C)		28			
COMMENTS					
(c) WATER PROPERTIES					
RESISTIVITY (m)		0.30@24°C	0.34@22°C		
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)		20K	19.5K		
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)		13000	12000		
NO ₃ (mg/l)		50	90		
pH		6.2	6.1		
OTHER TRACERS					
DENSITY ()					
FLUORESCENCE					
COLOUR					
COMMENTS					
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES					
F MUD PROPERTIES					
TYPE					
RESISTIVITY (m)		0.41@17.3°C			
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)		19500			
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)		12500			
NO ₃ Drld/1st. circ (mg/l)		220			
pH					
OTHER TRACERS					
DENSITY ()					
G GENERAL COMMENTS					

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 24

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.	1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gall)	6	2 $\frac{3}{4}$		
CHOKE SIZE (sq.in.)	0.03	0.03		
SEAT No.	170			
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)	2461.5			
A RECORDING TIMES			HH:MM:SS	HH:MM:SS
TOOL SET	13:56:40			
PRETEST OPEN	13:57:25			
TIME OPEN	:45			
CHAMBER OPEN	14:00:20			
CHAMBER FULL	14:15:00			
FILL TIME	14:40:00			
START BUILD UP	14:15:00			
FINISH BUILD UP				
BUILD UP TIME				
SEAL CHAMBER				
TOOL RETRACT				
TOTAL TIME				
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				
IHP (psig)	4121			
ISIP (psia)	3513.4			
IFP (psia)	145-500			
FFP (psia)	3000			
FSIP (psia)	3509			
FHP (psig)	3059.9			
TEMP. CORR. (°)				
COMMENTS				
C TEMPERATURE				
DEPTH TOOL REACHED (m)	2164			
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°F)	210			
TIME CIRC. STOPPED	1200			
TIME SINCE CIRC.				
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				
SURFACE PRESSURE (psig)	480	220		
VOL. GAS (ft ³)	1.4	0.3		
VOL. OIL (ml)	LT SCUM	TR		
VOL. WATER (ml)	1960			
VOL. FILTRATE (ml)				
VOL. CONDENSATE (ml)				
VOL. OTHER - MUD ()		923		
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
(a) G	c1 (ppm)	60798	382802	
A	c2 (ppm)	4672	30033	
S	c3 (ppm)	1960	13928	
	c4 (ppm)	592	4987	
G	c5 (ppm)	188	1478	
O	c6+ (ppm)	86	338	
M	CO ₂ (%)	4	3	
P	H ₂ S (ppm)	NONE	NONE	
(b) OIL PROPERTIES				
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER			
()	REFRACTOMETER			
REFRACTIVE INDEX				
COLOUR		BROWN		
FLUORESCENCE		BL/WH		
G.O.R.	(ft ³ /ml)			
OIL PROPERTIES CONT.				
ODOUR				
POUR POINT (°)				
COMMENTS				
(c) WATER PROPERTIES				
RESISTIVITY (m)	0.24@22°C	0.25@22°C		
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)	26500	26000		
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)	16000	15000		
NO ₃ (mg/l)	130	200		
pH	6.6	8.3		
OTHER TRACERS				
()				
DENSITY (ppg)		9.1		
FLUORESCENCE				
COLOUR				
COMMENTS				
(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES				
F MUD PROPERTIES				
TYPE				
RESISTIVITY (m)	0.41@17.3°C			
Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)	19500			
Cl (frm. titrat) (ppm)	12500			
NO ₃ Drld/1st. circ (mg/l)	200			
pH				
OTHER TRACERS				
()				
DENSITY ()				
G GENERAL COMMENTS				
SEAL FAILURE ON 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ " CHAMBER @ SEAT 170 + 173; 2461.5 + 2461.				

COMPANY : ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD WELLS : WIRRAH NO. 1

RUN No. : 25

PRESSURE GAUGE TYPE : HP



CHAMBER No.		1.	2.	CHAMB. 1 CHAMB. 2	
CHAMBER CAPACITY (gal)		6	1		
CHOKE SIZE (ins)		.030	.020		
SEAT No.		184	184		
DEPTH (m) (from RKB)		2973.8	2973.8		
A RECORDING TIMES		HH:MM	HH:MM		
TOOL SET				OIL PROPERTIES CONT.	
PRETEST OPEN				ODOUR	
TIME OPEN				POUR POINT (°)	
CHAMBER OPEN		01:50	01:44	COMMENTS	
CHAMBER FULL		NOT FILLED		(c) WATER PROPERTIES	
FILL TIME				RESISTIVITY (m)	
START BUILD UP				0.37@69°F 0.41@68°F	
FINISH BUILD UP				Cl (frm. resis.) (ppm)	
BUILD UP TIME				18,000 17,000	
SEAL CHAMBER		01:44	02:04	Cl (frm. titrat) ()	
TOOL RETRACT		NOT FULL		14,000 12,000	
TOTAL TIME		02:10	:20	NO ₃ ()	
		:39		150 120	
				pH	
B SAMPLE PRESSURES				OTHER TRACERS	
IHP ()		5604		()	
ISIP ()		5360		DENSITY (ppg)	
IFP ()		51	160	8.7 8.2	
FFP ()		160	195	FLUORESCENCE	
FSIP ()				DULL DULL	
FHP ()			5651	COLOUR	
TEMP. CORR. ()				COMMENTS	
COMMENTS				FILTRATE FILTRATE	
C TEMPERATURE				(d) OTHER SAMPLE PROPERTIES	
DEPTH TOOL REACHED ()					
MAX. REC. TEMP. (°C)		109		F MUD PROPERTIES	
TIME CIRC. STOPPED		13:45/19/11		TYPE	
TIME SINCE CIRC.				RESISTIVITY ()	
				Cl (frm. resis.) ()	
				Cl (frm. titrat) ()	
				2,000	
				NO ₃ Dr1d/1st. circ ()	
				220	
				pH	
				10.6	
				OTHER TRACERS	
				()	
				DENSITY (ppg)	
				11.2	
D SAMPLE RECOVERY				G GENERAL COMMENTS	
SURFACE PRESSURE ()		0		STRAIN GAUGE SUSPECT PORE PRESSURE 10.61 ppg	
VOL. GAS ()					
VOL. OIL ()					
VOL. WATER (L)		2	0.9		
VOL. FILTRATE ()					
VOL. CONDENSATE ()					
VOL. OTHER ()					
E SAMPLE PROPERTIES					
(a) G	c1 ()				
A	c2 ()				
S	c3 ()				
	c4 ()				
C	c5 ()				
O	c6+ ()				
M	CO ₂ ()				
P	H ₂ S ()				
(b) OIL PROPERTIES					
DENSITY:	HYDROMETER				
()	REFRACTOMETER				
REFRACTIVE INDEX					
COLOUR					
FLUORESCENCE					
G.O.R. ()					

PORE PRESSURE DATA SHEET

DATA FROM: RFT'S

COMPANY: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

DEPTH (FROM RKB)	DEPTH (FROM MSL)	PORE PRESSURE	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT EMW (MSL)	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT
IN METERS	TOTAL VERTICAL DEPTH IN METERS	(PSIA)	(PPG)	(PSI/M)
1757	1736	2481.1	8.38	1.429
1740	1719	2457.2	8.38	1.429
1717	1696	2425.1	8.38	1.430
1710	1689	2415.6	8.38	1.430
1689.5	1668.5	2390.5	8.40	1.433
1683	1662	2379.4	8.39	1.432
1678	1657	2372.5	8.39	1.432
1671	1650	2363.6	8.40	1.432
1649.5	1628.5	2333.9	8.40	1.433
1635	1614	2317.3	8.41	1.436
1624.5	1603.5	2297.0	8.40	1.432
1619	1598	2289.6	8.40	1.433
1610	1589	2277.3	8.40	1.433
1605	1584	2270.1	8.40	1.433
1598	1577	2260.9	8.40	1.434
1595	1574	2264.2	8.43	1.438
1583.5	1562.5	2247.4	8.43	1.438
1575	1554	2232.0	8.42	1.436
1565	1544	2212.5	8.40	1.433
1550	1529	2191.5	8.40	1.433



PORE PRESSURE DATA SHEET

DATA FROM: RFT'S

COMPANY: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

DEPTH (FROM RKB)	DEPTH (FROM MSL)	PORE PRESSURE	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT EMW (MSL)	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT
IN METERS	TOTAL VERTICAL DEPTH IN METERS	(PSIA)	(PPG)	(PSI/M)
1535	1514	2170.6	8.40	1.434
1530	1509	2165.2	8.41	1.435
1509	1488	2162.5	8.53*	1.455
1491	1470	2158.5	8.61*	1.468
1574	1553	2232.2	8.42	1.437
1594	1573	2255.5	8.40	1.434
1574	1553	2230.8	8.42	1.436
1595	1574	2256.3	8.40	1.433
1592	1571	2255.0	8.41	1.435
1549.5	1528.5	2282.2	8.75*	1.493
1575	1554	2231.1	8.42	1.436
1595	1574	2256.3	8.40	1.433
1575	1554	2230.7	8.41	1.435
1575	1554	2230.6	8.41	1.435
1613	1592	2281.0	8.40	1.433
1613	1592	2280.9	8.40	1.433
1584	1563	2262.4	8.48*	1.447
1583.5	1562.5	2239.8	8.40	1.433
1678	1647	2372.2	8.40	1.432
1678	1657	2372.3	8.40	1.432

* INDICATES PROBABLE SUPERCHARGED FORMATIONS.



PORE PRESSURE DATA SHEET

DATA FROM: RFT'S

COMPANY: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

DEPTH (FROM RKB)	DEPTH (FROM MSL)	PORE PRESSURE	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT EMW (MSL)	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT
IN METERS	TOTAL VERTICAL DEPTH IN METERS	(PSIA)	(PPG)	(PSI/M)
1532	1511	2165.2	8.40	1.433
1605	1584	2269.4	8.40	1.433
1605	1584	2269.3	8.40	1.433
1529.5	1508.5	2165.5	8.41	1.435
1529.5	1508.5	2165.3	8.41	1.435
2302	2281	3280.4	8.43	1.438
2280	2259	3252.4	8.44	1.440
2285	2264	3356.4	8.69*	1.482
2258.5	2237.5	3356.0	8.79*	1.500
2249	2228	3226	8.49	1.448
2244	2223	3215.5	8.48	1.446
2237	2216	3220.4	8.52	1.453
2239	2218	3214.5	8.49	1.449
2236	2215	3214.7	8.51	1.451
2205	2184	3151.9	8.46	1.443
2196	2175	3150.6	8.49	1.449
2167	2146	3082.8	8.42	1.436
2155	2134	3062.3	8.41	1.435
2113	2092	3007.7	8.43	1.438
2086	2065	2961.1	8.40	1.434

* INDICATES PROBABLE SUPERCHARGED FORMATIONS.

PORE PRESSURE DATA SHEET

DATA FROM: RFT'S

COMPANY: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

DEPTH (FROM RKB)	DEPTH (FROM MSL)	PORE PRESSURE	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT EMW (MSL)	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT
IN METERS	TOTAL VERTICAL DEPTH IN METERS	(PSIA)	(PPG)	(PSI/M)
2053.5	2032.5	2914.6	8.40	1.434
2046.2	2025.2	2905.7	8.41	1.435
2034.5	2013.5	2889.4	8.41	1.435
2027.5	2006.5	2878.8	8.41	1.435
2004	1983	2847.3	8.42	1.436
1926	1905	2728.5	8.39	1.432
2249	2228	3221.0	8.47	1.446
2249	2228	3219.9	8.47	1.445
2249	2228	3219.7	8.47	1.445
2205	2184	3153.0	8.46	1.444
2205	2184	3152.9	8.46	1.444
2032	2011	2886.1	8.41	1.435
2032	2011	2886.9	8.42	1.437
2280	2259	3237	8.40	1.433
2280	2259	3239	8.40	1.434
2046	2025	2906.8	8.40	1.433
2633	2612	3737.0	8.38	1.431
2633	2612	3744.3	8.40	1.433
2195.5	2174.3	3152.6	8.50	1.450
2548	2527	3626.0	8.41	1.435

PORE PRESSURE DATA SHEET

DATA FROM: RFT'S

COMPANY: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

WELL : WIRRAH NO. 1

DEPTH (FROM RKB)	DEPTH (FROM MSL)	PORE PRESSURE	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT EMW (MSL)	PORE PRESSURE GRADIENT
IN METERS	TOTAL VERTICAL DEPTH IN METERS	(PSIA)	(PPG)	(PSI/M)
2633	2612	3790.1	8.51	1.451
2693	2672	3902.6	8.56	1.461
2604.5	2583.5	3721.2	8.44	1.440
2557	2536	3637.6	8.41	1.434
2624.5	2603.5	3767.6	8.48	1.447
2478	2457	3556.0	8.46	1.444
2446	2425	3494.6	8.45	1.441
2402.5	2381.5	3425.4	8.43	1.438
2314	2293	3298.9	8.43	1.439
2301	2280	3281.5	8.44	1.439
2604.5	2583.5	3723.1	8.45	1.441
2461.5	2440.5	3514.6	8.44	1.440
2633	2612	3784.5	8.49	1.449
2461.5	2440.5	3513.4	8.44	1.440
2633	2612	3784.5	8.49	1.449
2461.5	2440.5	3513.4	8.44	1.440
2973.8	2952.8	5344	10.61	1.810

13, B.H.T. ESTIMATION

CORE LAB
=====

STRAIGHT LINE LEAST SQUARES BEST FIT TO FIND B.H.T. AT 2804 metres

1/TIME ON A LINEAR SCALE AGAINST
TEMPERATURE ON A LINEAR SCALE

ENTERED DATA:

DATA SET #	1/TIME	TEMPERATURE
1	0.108	97.7
2	0.069	102.2
3	0.054	104.4
4	0.043	107.7

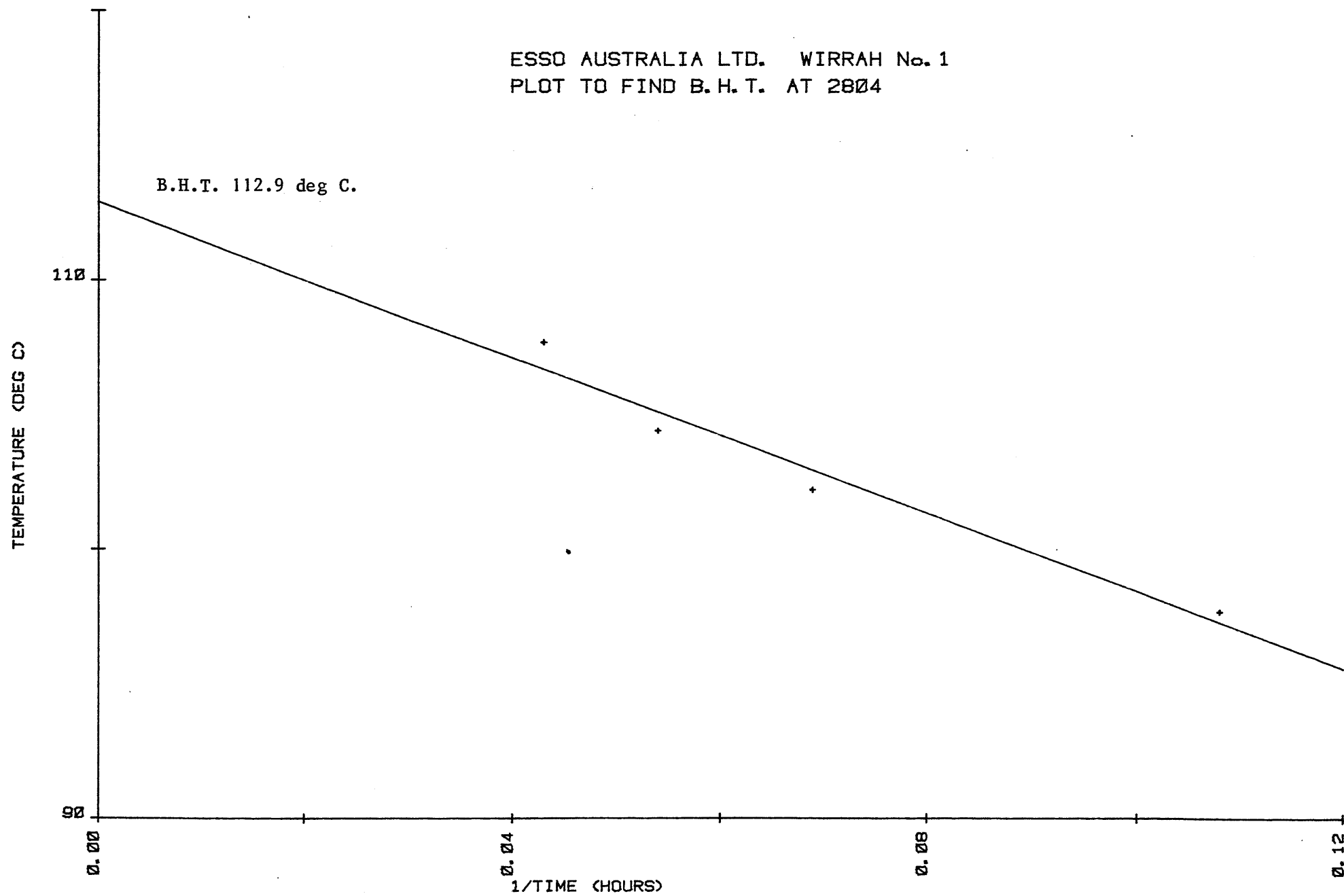
COEFFICIENT & CONSTANT:

$Y = m.X + c$ where $m = -1.4452705E 02$ and $c = 1.1290010E 02$

INTERPOLATED DATA:

1/TIME	TEMPERATURE
0.000	112.9

ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD. WIRRAH No. 1
PLOT TO FIND B. H. T. AT 2804



CORE LAB

STRAIGHT LINE LEAST SQUARES BEST FIT TO FIND B,H.T. AT 3026 metres.

1/TIME ON A LINEAR SCALE AGAINST
TEMPERATURE ON A LINEAR SCALE

ENTERED DATA:

DATA SET #	1/TIME	TEMPERATURE
1	0.1538	107.2
2	0.0976	107.7
3	0.0714	112.7

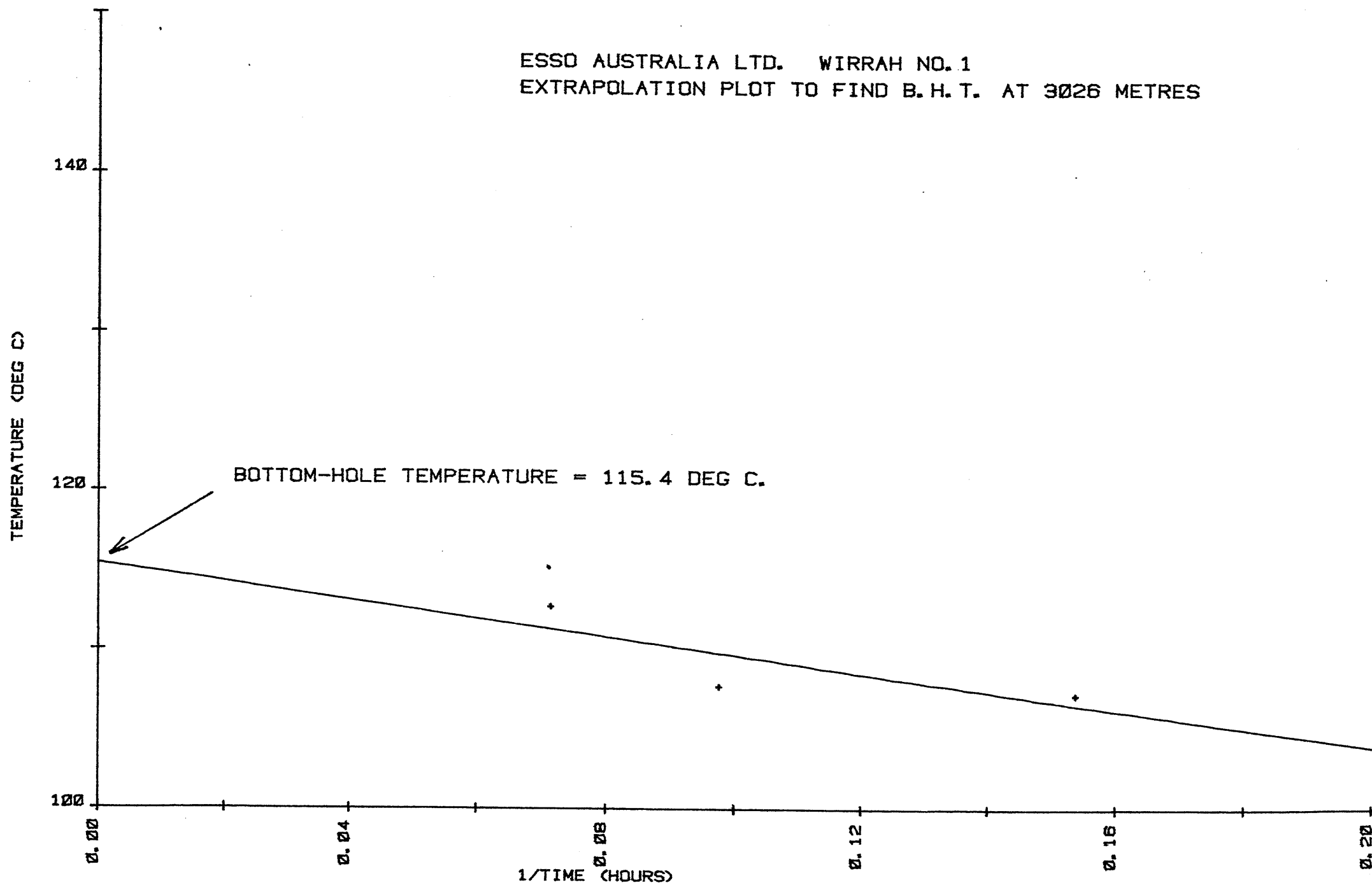
COEFFICIENT & CONSTANT:

$Y = m.X + c$ where $m = -5.7575997E 01$ and $c = 1.1539518E 02$

INTERPOLATED DATA:

1/TIME	TEMPERATURE
0.0000	115.4

ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD. WIRRAH NO. 1
EXTRAPOLATION PLOT TO FIND B. H. T. AT 3026 METRES



14. PORE PRESSURE SUMMARY AND P.I.T./L.O.T. DATA

PORE PRESSURE SUMMARY

WIRRAH NO. 1 was drilled in the Gippsland Basin. The area has previously been found to be normally pressured and this premise was substantiated by continuous on-line monitoring of various pressure detection parameters by Core Laboratories Field Laboratory 802. The primary detection parameters are plotted on the "Drill Data Plot" (see plots at end of report). The d'c exponent is primarily a tool associated with shales and due to the absence of these in this well any pressure interpretation based on this data is rudimentary in this case.

The corrected drilling exponent (d'c) on the drill data plot has a scattered trend down to 400m. This is due to the unconsolidated nature of the limestone formation. From 400m to 830m a steadily increasing trend is seen, with still quite a wide degree of scattering, the lower values relating to the more unconsolidated formation and sandstone.

At 830m, a lateral shift is noted which corresponds to the change in hole size to 12¼" from 17½" following the setting of the 13-3/8" casing. The original T.D. for this casing was 799m, however due to the formation being sandstone which would have been a poor casing seat, so a revised T.D. of 845m was approved. Having run and set the 13.5 ppg EMW was conducted with no leak off. A leak off test was considered unnecessary in this well as abnormal pressures were not expected to arise.

From 830m to 1000m a fairly scattered increasing trend is noted; the formation here is a calcilutite, which being a fine grained detrital limestone gives the trend expected of slowly increasing formation hardness associated with rock compaction. Due to aerated mud problems the mud weight dropped off considerably at 890m to 8.1 ppg. No increase in mud gas was seen associated with this drop and consequently the formation at this depth must be normally pressured.

At 1000m a decreasing d'c trend is noted but this is thought to correspond to the gradational formation change from a calcilutite to a calcarenite. Calcarenite is a medium to coarse grained detrital limestone and as would be expected the coarser formation drilled more rapidly. This trend continued to 1480m despite the increase in mud weight at 1330m due to formational change to siltstone at 1320m.

A gradual increase in gas levels from 1370m is associated with increasing ROP's and the lithology becoming sandier. At 1385m the formation changes to the Latrobe Group. This is predominantly sandstone with interbeds of

siltstone and coal. This varied lithology is reflected in the d'c exponent trend which becomes scattered, although this plot is also affected by the numerous bit changes and cores cut during the top interval of this section. Despite this lack of continuity in these factors i.e. lithology and bit type, a predominantly increasing d'c trend manifests itself down to 2590m.

There is a decreasing trend apparent at 2590m to 2635m which is attributed to a sandstone unit. Following this is a volcanic section which proved to be very hard to drill hence the lateral shift from 2635m to 2680m.

Below the volcanic section, a normal trend can be seen down to 2962m, with a lateral shift below 2797m caused by a reduction in the mud weight from 9.7 ppg to 9.2 ppg.

However, at 2963m, a significant drill-off trend, plus the simultaneous appearance of connection gas and increase in background gas heralded the presence of overpressured formations. The first 2 metres of the overpressured zone (for which the ROP's were 13.2m/hr at 2963m, and 83.7m/hr at 2964m) were circulated up and 580 units of gas were detected. The gas did not return to background levels, so the mud was weighted up to 9.8 ppg. A short 10-10-10 test was then performed yielding 6-452-11 units of gas. Hence the mud weight was increased still further, to 10.4 ppg, which reduced the gas levels to less than 1 unit. At this point the pore pressure was assessed to be 9.8 ppg E.M.W. Short trip gas of 0.1-0.2-0.1 units from 2964m substantiated this assessment.

At 2977m, a second "drill-off" occurred, and it was immediately flow-checked. There was no flow but when the "flow-check" gas was circulated to surface, 242 units of gas were detected, so the mud weight was increased again, this time up to 10.7 ppg.

At 2983m, a 10-10-10 test was conducted, which produced 0.7-12.6-1.0 units of gas. A flow check of the drill-break at 2985m yielded 1-440-2 units of gas, and connection gas of 1-526-2 units was detected from kelly-down at 2986m. Due to the massive increase in connection gas over the background gas, pore pressure was estimated to be very close to the mud weight (10.7 ppg) from 2977m to 2992m. Pore pressure increased notably with depth. Core Lab estimated the formation pressure to be 10.5 ppg at 2983m, and 10.6 ppg at 2985m. As a result the mud was weighted up to 11.2 ppg at 2992m. A connection was simulated at this depth with the 11.2 ppg mud, and the circulated gas was 0.3-0.3-0.3 units.

Flow-check gas from a drill-break at 3024m was 0.3-2.0-0.2 units. With

connection gas detected from the Kelly-down at 3025m, the pore pressure was thought to be as high as 10.7-10.8 ppg E.M.W. between 3024m and T.D. (3026m).

Schlumberger's Repeat Formation Tests indicated pressures of 8.4 ppg down to 2200m, and 8.5 ppg down as far as the overpressured zone. Only one R.F.T. yielded reliable information about formation pressures in the overpressured section unfortunately, and that gave a pore pressure of 10.6 ppg at 2973.8m, which is in close agreement with the Core Lab estimates given above.

Returning to the "Drill Data Plot", the overpressured zone (Sandstones) can be seen clearly just below 2960m, in three regards: firstly, in the "drill-off" trend, i.e. increasing ROP's with increasing depth, instead of decreasing ROP's; secondly, in the general increase in background gas; and thirdly, in the reversed trend of the d'c' exponents. (No shale density measurements were taken as there were no beds of true shale encountered. For this reason a wireline plot was not drawn.)

It is impossible to draw any reliable conclusions from the "Temperature Plot" regarding formation pressures, due to the frequent treatment of the mud system. The "Flowline" temperature end-to-end curve" in fact indicates a normal trend in the overpressured section, so no inferences from the curve concerning pore pressure can be made objectively. The thermal gradient obtained from the "End-to-End" curve was 4-14°C/100m (1.97°F/100 feet).

The "Pressure Plot" is the pressure conclusion log for the well, and as can be seen, it represents visually both the normally pressured section from surface down to 2962m, and the overpressured sands from 2963m down to T.D. (3026m). It was not possible to derive a true fracture gradient as no leak-off tests were performed. Two P.I.T.'s were made: firstly, 13.5 ppg E.M.W. just below the 13-3/8" casing shoe at 851m; and secondly, 16.5 ppg E.M.W. at 2800m, just below the 9-5/8" casing shoe. The fracture gradient shown on the "Pressure Plot" was derived using the above data and the U.S. Gulf Coast Basin Model, which was offset to match the local data. However, until abundant "leak-off" data are available for the Gippsland Basin, a true fracture gradient for the area cannot be drawn.

Overburden gradient calculations and a plot of the gradient are included in this report. The information obtained for this was procured from Schlumberger's LDT logs.

15. OVERBURDEN GRADIENT CALCULATIONS AND PLOT

OVERBURDEN GRADIENT CALCULATIONS

DEPTHmetres

BULK DENSITYgm/cc

OVERBURDEN PRESSURE INCREMENT. .psi

CUMULATIVE OVERBURDEN PRESSURE .psi

OVERBURDEN PRESSURE GRADIENT . .psi/m

OVERBURDEN EQUIVALENT DENSITY. .Pounds per gallon

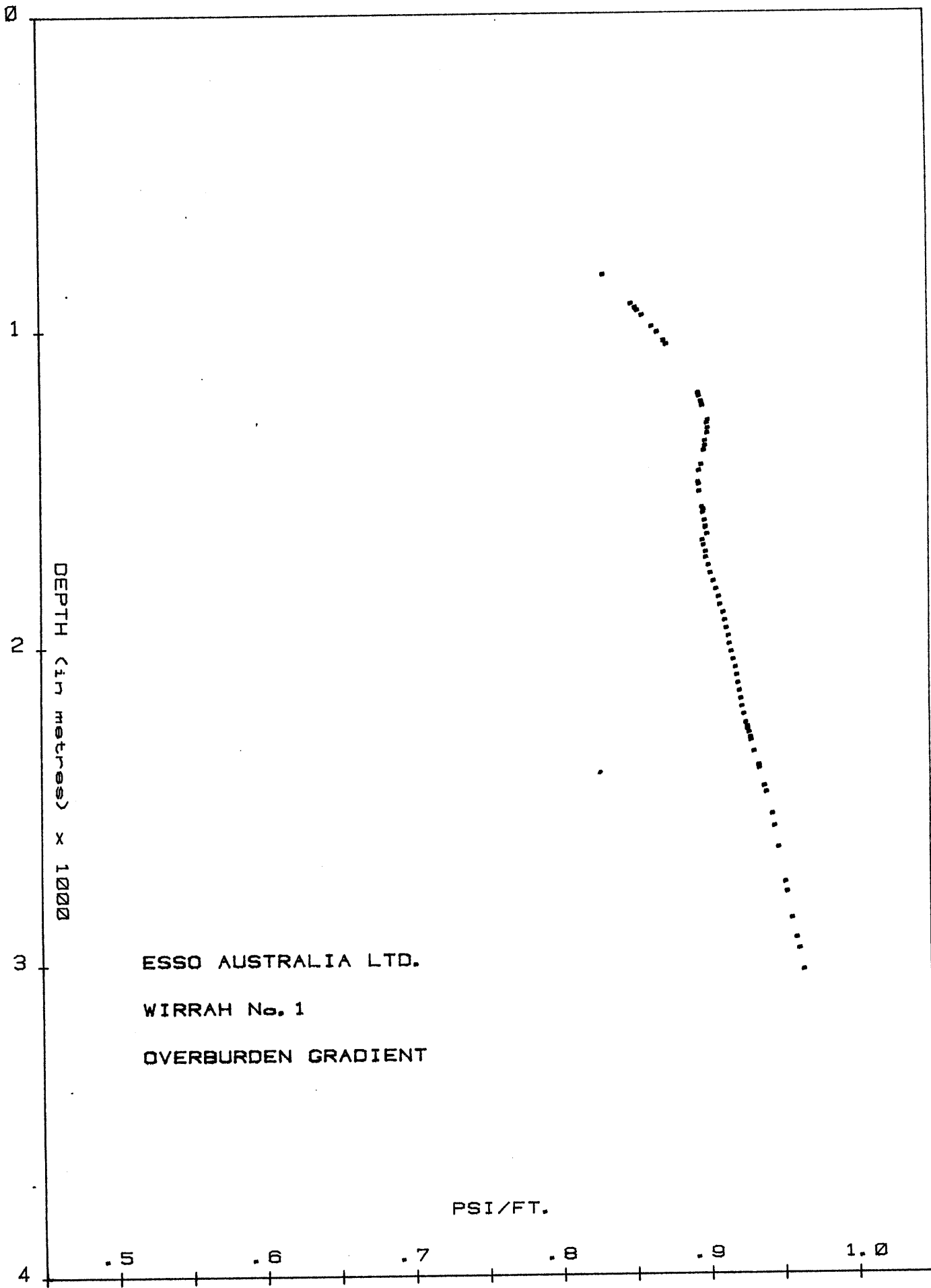
BULK DENSITY TAKEN FROM AVERAGED F.D.C. LOG, OR FROM SONIC
LOG FOR SECTIONS WHERE THE F.D.C. LOG IS NOT AVAILABLE.

OVERBURDEN GRADIENT CALCULATIONS

=====

DEPTH from	DEPTH to	AVR. BULK DENSITY	O/BURDEN INCR.	O/BURDEN CUMM.	O/BURDEN GRAD.	O/BURDEN GRAD.
metres	metres	gm/cc	psi	psi	psi/ft	ppg
0	70	1.02	30.92	30.92	0.442	8.49
70	830	2.00	658.16	689.08	0.830	15.97
830	923	2.35	94.63	783.71	0.849	16.33
923	936	2.40	13.51	797.22	0.852	16.38
936	945	2.30	8.96	806.18	0.853	16.41
945	960	2.45	15.91	822.09	0.856	16.47
960	995	2.40	36.37	858.47	0.863	16.59
995	1013	2.45	19.10	877.56	0.866	16.66
1013	1040	2.40	28.06	905.62	0.871	16.75
1040	1052	2.35	12.21	917.83	0.872	16.78
1052	1206	2.40	160.04	1077.87	0.894	17.19
1206	1216	2.20	9.53	1087.39	0.894	17.20
1216	1233	2.30	16.93	1104.32	0.896	17.22
1233	1245	2.23	11.59	1115.91	0.896	17.24
1245	1291	2.32	46.21	1162.12	0.900	17.31
1291	1301	1.85	8.01	1170.13	0.899	17.30
1301	1317	2.20	15.24	1185.37	0.900	17.31
1317	1332	2.00	12.99	1198.36	0.900	17.30
1332	1357	1.90	20.57	1218.93	0.898	17.27
1357	1372	2.07	13.44	1232.37	0.898	17.27
1372	1386	1.85	11.21	1243.59	0.897	17.25
1386	1430	1.95	37.15	1280.74	0.896	17.22
1430	1449	1.80	14.81	1295.55	0.894	17.19
1449	1485	2.00	31.18	1326.72	0.893	17.18
1485	1491	2.30	5.98	1332.70	0.894	17.19
1491	1514	2.10	20.91	1353.61	0.894	17.19
1514	1565	2.20	48.58	1402.20	0.896	17.23
1565	1572	2.55	7.73	1409.93	0.897	17.25
1572	1582	1.95	8.44	1418.37	0.897	17.24
1582	1607	2.25	24.36	1442.73	0.898	17.26
1607	1626	2.20	18.10	1460.83	0.898	17.28
1626	1631	2.00	4.33	1465.16	0.898	17.28
1631	1651	2.25	19.49	1484.64	0.899	17.29
1651	1670	1.45	11.93	1496.57	0.896	17.23
1670	1686	2.25	15.59	1512.16	0.897	17.25
1686	1707	2.35	21.37	1533.53	0.898	17.28
1707	1725	2.07	16.13	1549.66	0.898	17.28
1725	1750	2.35	25.44	1575.10	0.900	17.31
1750	1775	2.30	24.90	1600.00	0.901	17.33
1775	1800	2.41	26.09	1626.08	0.903	17.37
1800	1825	2.36	25.55	1651.63	0.905	17.40
1825	1850	2.40	25.98	1677.61	0.907	17.44
1850	1875	2.25	24.36	1701.97	0.908	17.46
1875	1900	2.48	26.85	1728.81	0.910	17.50
1900	1925	2.31	25.01	1753.82	0.911	17.52
1925	1950	2.29	24.79	1778.61	0.912	17.54
1950	1975	2.35	25.44	1804.05	0.913	17.57
1975	2000	2.24	24.25	1828.29	0.914	17.58
2000	2025	2.33	25.22	1853.52	0.915	17.60
2025	2050	2.37	25.66	1879.17	0.917	17.63

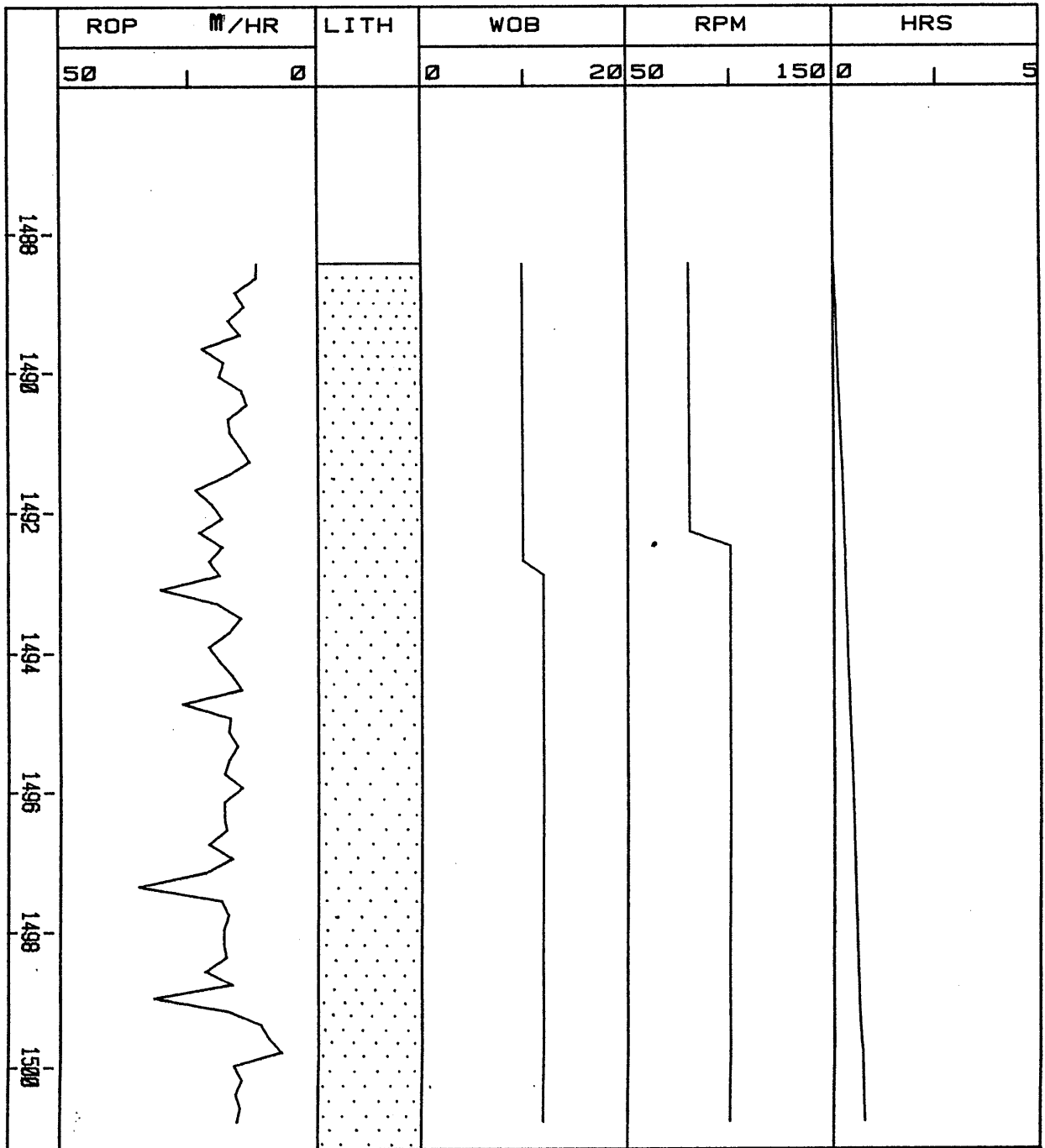
DEPTH from	DEPTH to	AVR. BULK DENSITY	O/BURDEN INCR.	O/BURDEN CUMM.	O/BURDEN GRAD.	O/BURDEN GRAD.
metres	metres	gms/cc	psi	psi	psi/ft	ppg
2050	2075	2.39	25.87	1905.04	0.918	17.66
2075	2100	2.29	24.79	1929.83	0.919	17.67
2100	2125	2.27	24.57	1954.41	0.920	17.69
2125	2150	2.33	25.22	1979.63	0.921	17.71
2150	2175	2.32	25.11	2004.74	0.922	17.73
2175	2200	2.27	24.57	2029.32	0.922	17.74
2200	2225	2.37	25.66	2054.97	0.924	17.76
2225	2252	2.39	27.94	2082.91	0.925	17.79
2252	2265	2.60	14.64	2097.55	0.926	17.81
2265	2272	2.25	6.82	2104.37	0.926	17.81
2272	2284	2.55	13.25	2117.62	0.927	17.83
2284	2299	2.45	15.91	2133.53	0.928	17.85
2299	2307	2.32	8.04	2141.57	0.928	17.85
2307	2343	2.45	38.19	2179.76	0.930	17.89
2343	2386	2.55	47.48	2227.24	0.933	17.95
2386	2395	2.30	8.96	2236.20	0.934	17.96
2395	2451	2.50	60.62	2296.82	0.937	18.02
2451	2470	2.55	20.98	2317.80	0.938	18.05
2470	2538	2.52	74.20	2392.00	0.942	18.12
2538	2575	2.40	38.45	2430.45	0.944	18.15
2575	2641	2.43	69.44	2499.89	0.947	18.20
2641	2750	2.45	115.63	2615.52	0.951	18.29
2750	2780	2.42	31.44	2646.96	0.952	18.31
2780	2865	2.45	90.17	2737.13	0.955	18.37
2865	2926	2.55	67.35	2804.48	0.958	18.43
2926	2960	2.57	37.84	2842.32	0.960	18.47
2960	3026	2.50	71.45	2913.77	0.963	18.52



16. CORE-O-GRAPHS

CORE-O-GRAPH

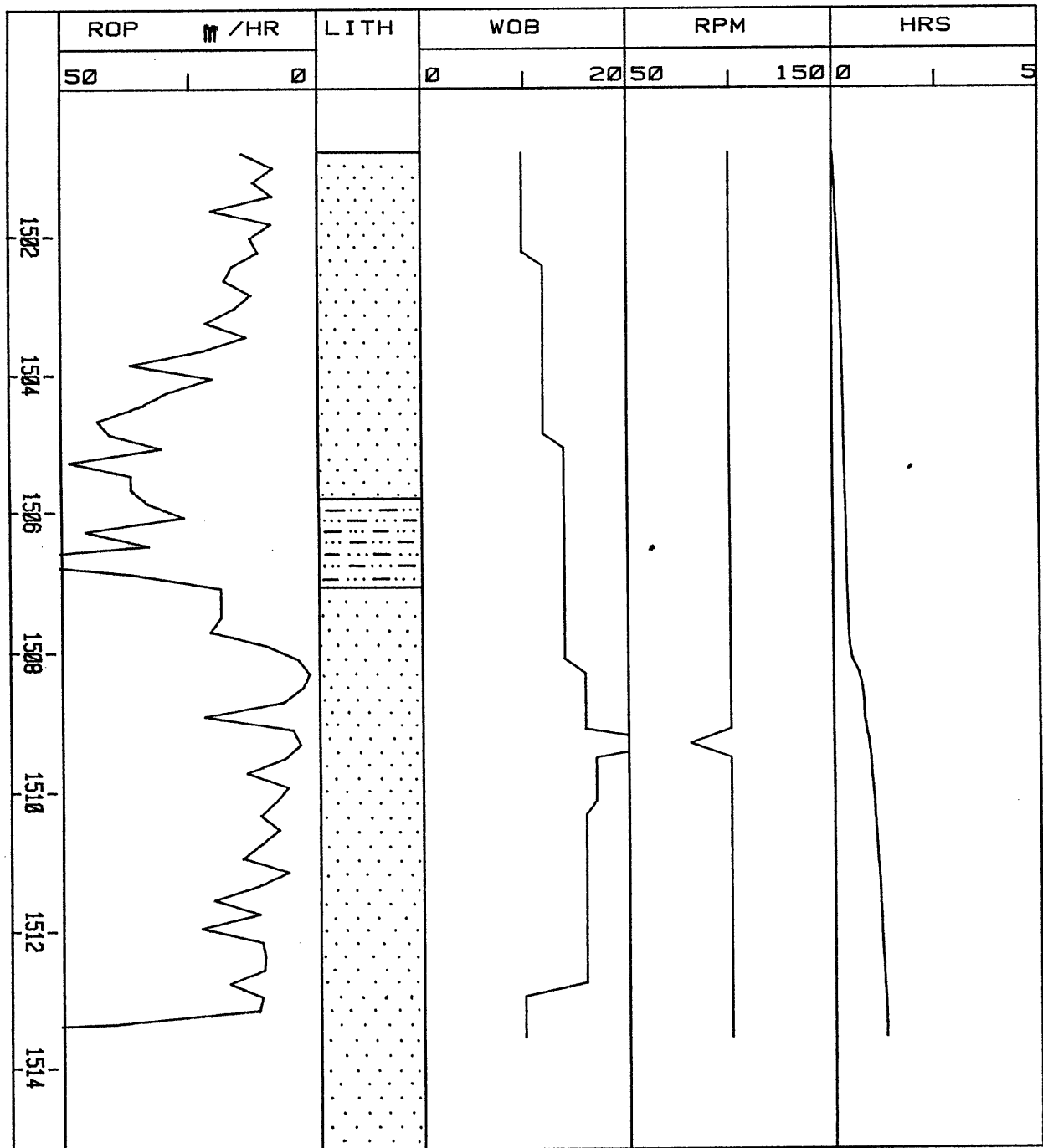
CLIENT: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
 WELL: WIRRAH # 1
 CORE NO.: 1
 INTERVAL CORED FROM: 1488.2m. TO 1500.6m.
 CUT: 12.4 m. RECOVERED: 11.6m. (93.5%)
 FORMATION: LATROBE GROUP
 BIT MAKE & TYPE: CHRISTENSEN RC4
 CORE BARREL SIZE: 6.75in. x 4.00in. x 19.66m.
 BIT SIZE: 8.50 MUD WT.: 9.8



1st timer '81

CORE-O-GRAPH

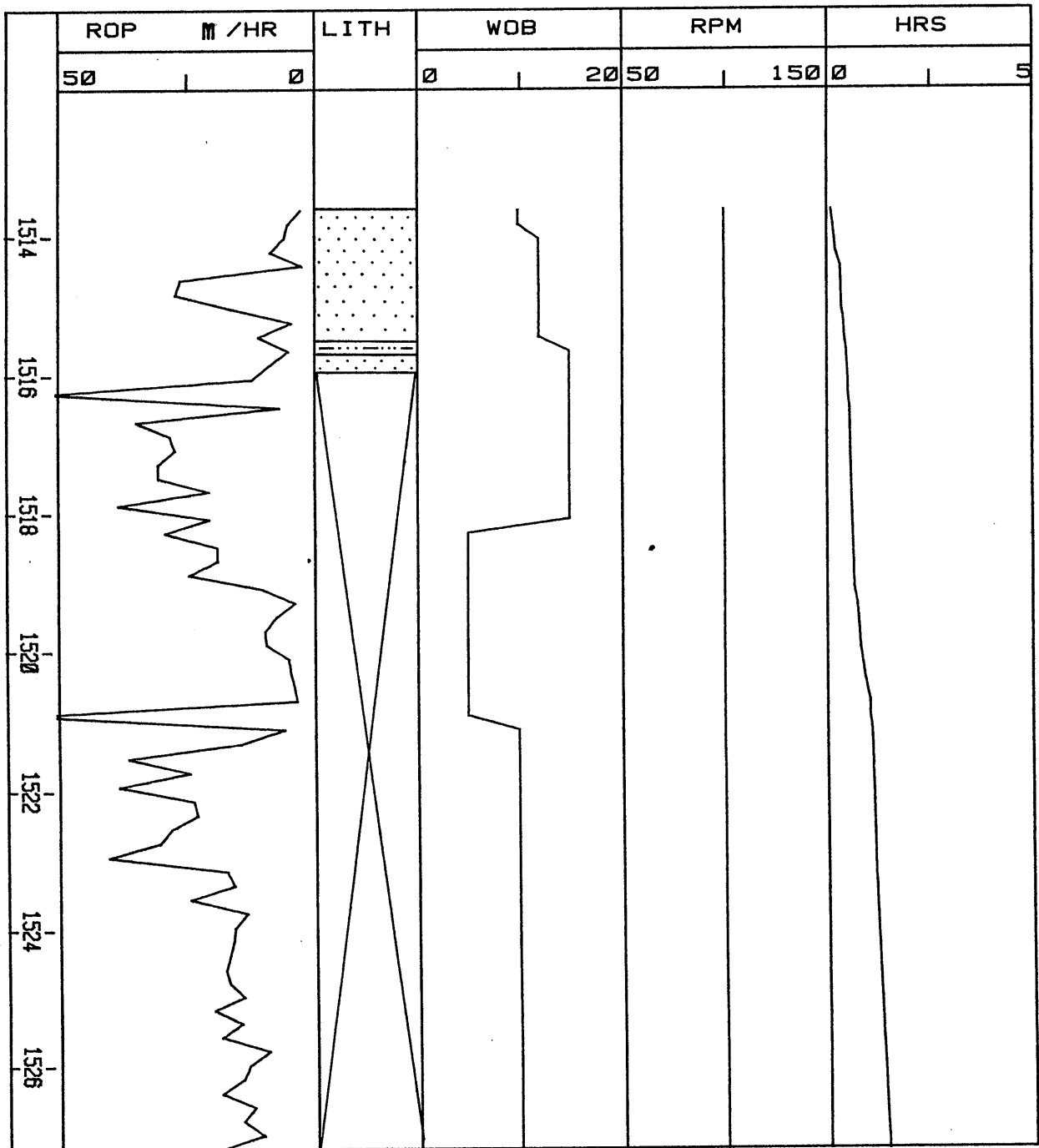
CLIENT: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
 WELL: WIRRAH # 1
 CORE NO.: 2
 INTERVAL CORED FROM: 1500.6m. TO 1513.4m.
 CUT: 12.8m RECOVERED: 9.8m. (76.6%)
 FORMATION: LATROBE GROUP
 BIT MAKE & TYPE: CHRISTENSEN RC4
 CORE BARREL SIZE: 6.75in. x 4.00in. x 19.66m.
 BIT SIZE: 8.50 MUD WT.: 9.8



Iatimer '81

CORE-O-GRAPH

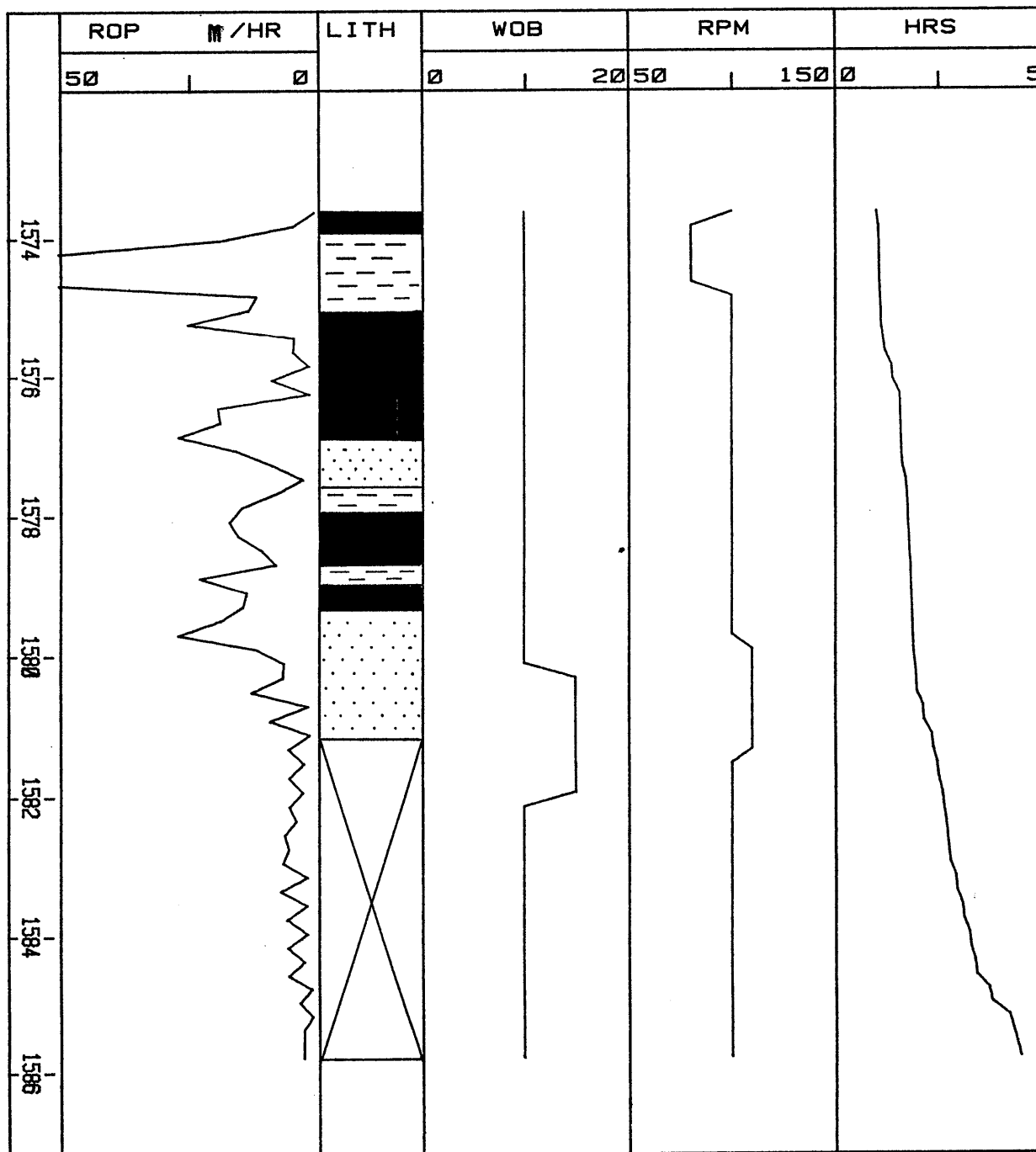
CLIENT:	ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
WELL:	WIRRAH # 1
CORE NO.:	3
INTERVAL CORED FROM	1513.4m. TO 1527.0m.
CUT: 13.6m	RECOVERED: 2.5m. (18.7%)
FORMATION:	LATROBE GROUP
BIT MAKE & TYPE:	CHRISTENSEN RC4
CORE BARREL SIZE:	6.75in. x 4.00in. x 19.66m.
BIT SIZE: 8.50	MUD WT.: 9.8



10/1/81

CORE-O-GRAPH

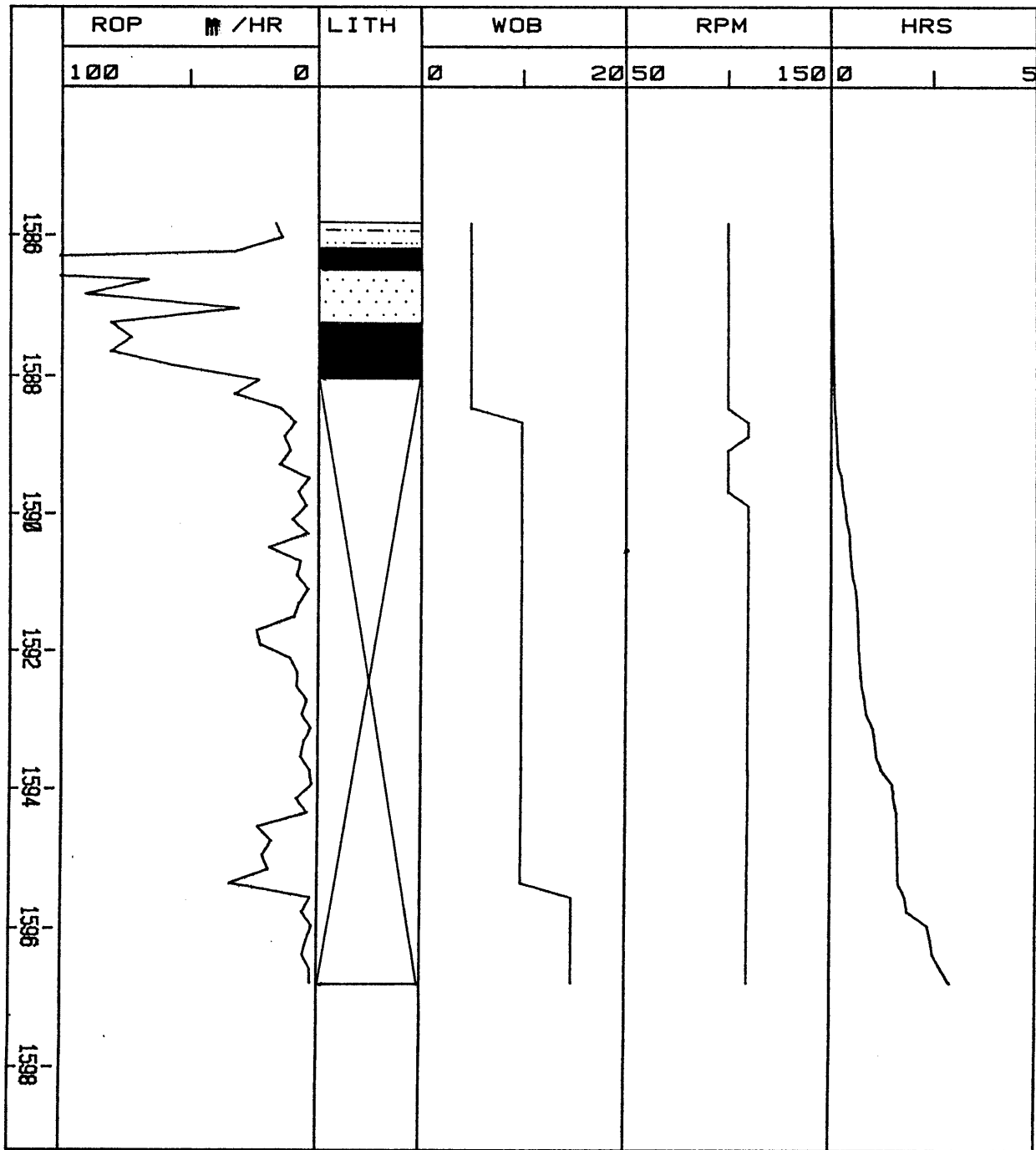
CLIENT:	ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
WELL:	WIRRAH # 1
CORE NO.:	4
INTERVAL CORED FROM	1573.4m. TO 1585.6m.
CUT: 12.2m	RECOVERED: 7.9m. (64.8%)
FORMATION:	LATROBE GROUP
BIT MAKE & TYPE:	CHRISTENSEN RC4
CORE BARREL SIZE:	6.75in. x 4.00in. x 19.66m.
BIT SIZE: 8.50	MUD WT.: 9.8



10.10.81

CORE-O-GRAPH

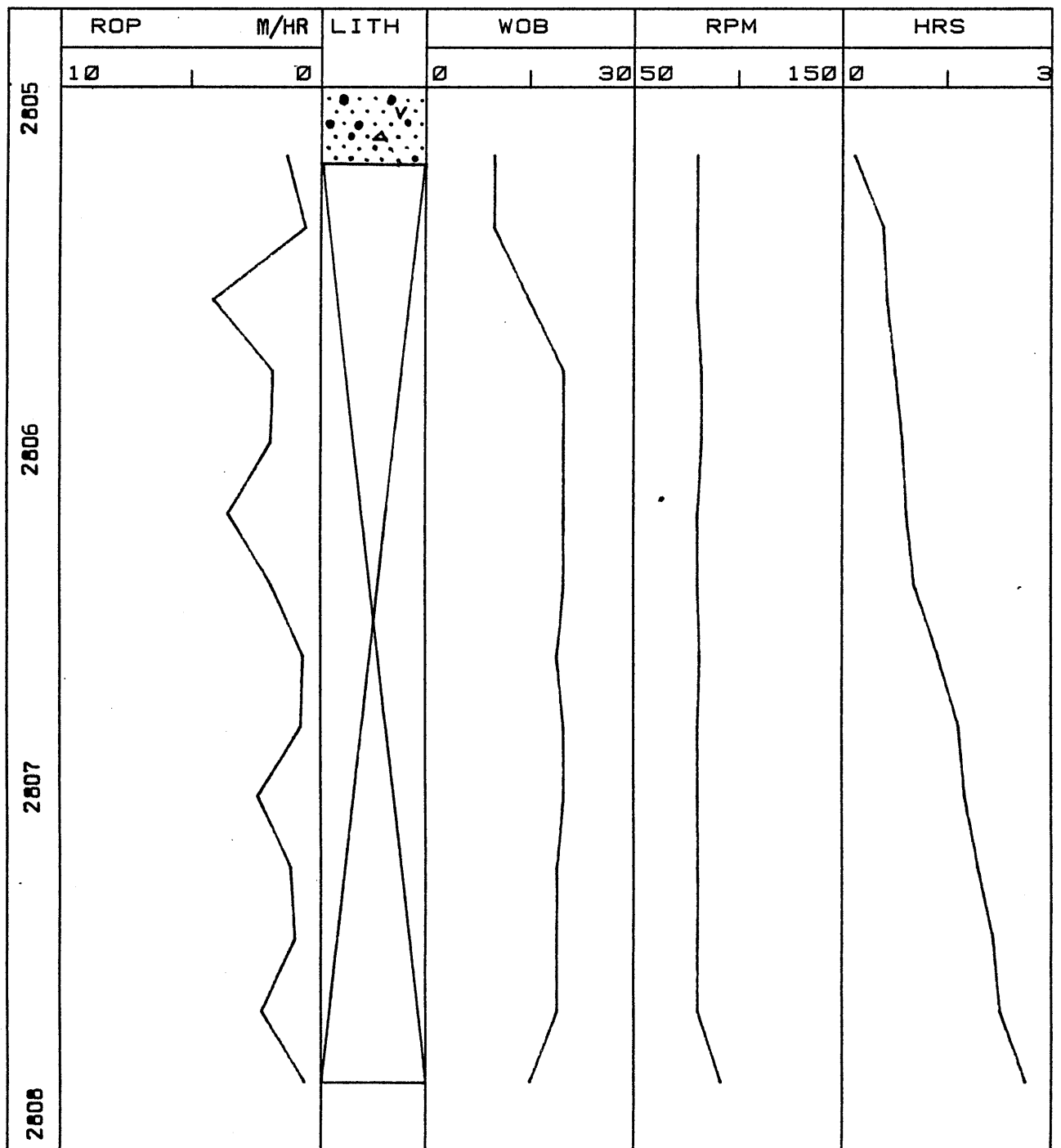
CLIENT: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
 WELL: WIRRAH # 1
 CORE NO.: 5
 INTERVAL CORED FROM: 1585.6m. TO 1596.6m.
 CUT: 11.0m RECOVERED: 2.6m. (23.6%)
 FORMATION: LATROBE GROUP
 BIT MAKE & TYPE: CHRISTENSEN RC3
 CORE BARREL SIZE: 6.75in. x 4.00in. x 19.66m.
 BIT SIZE: 8.50 MUD WT.: 9.8



Latimer '81

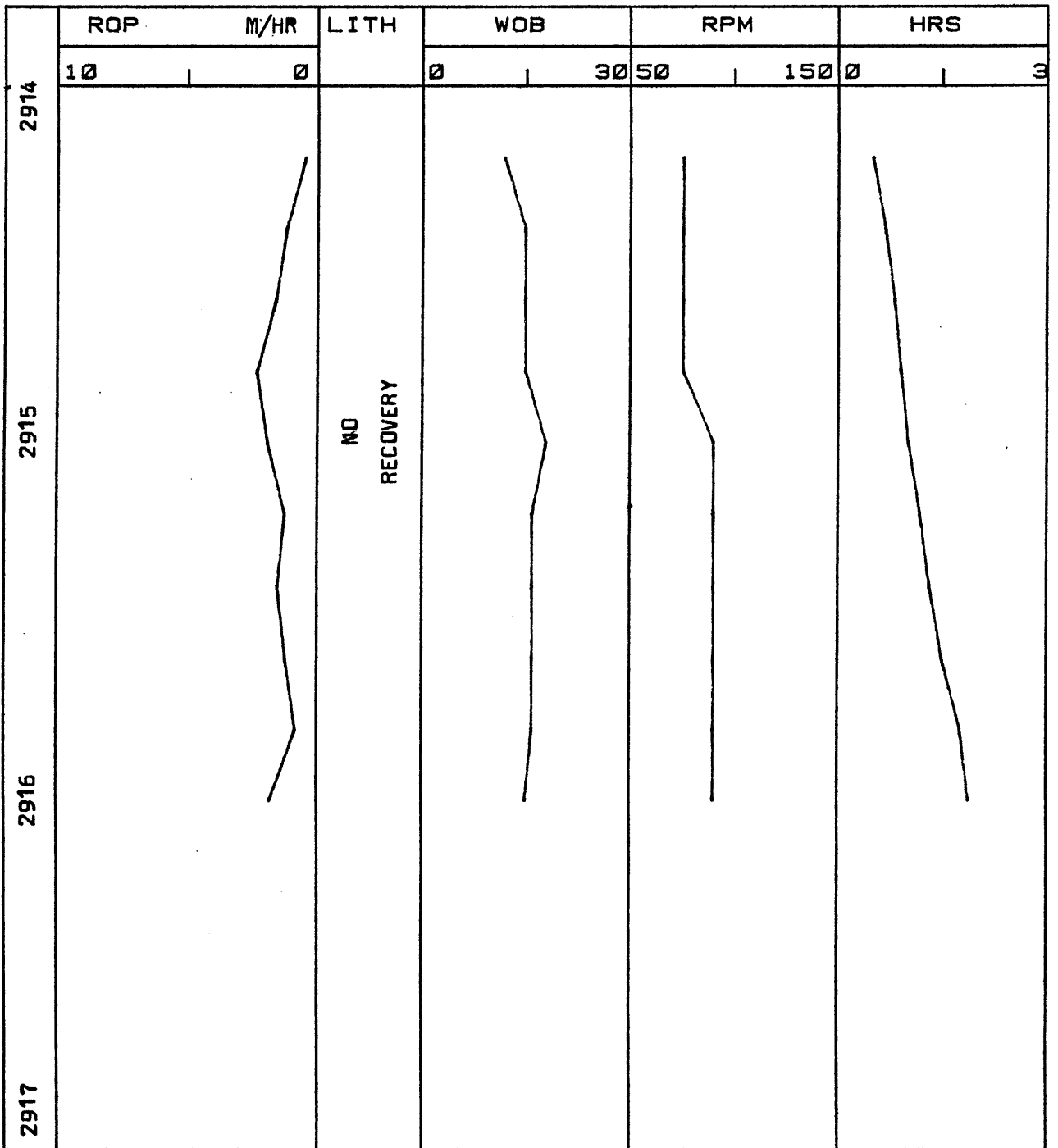
CORE-O-GRAPH

CLIENT:	ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
WELL:	WIRRAH No. 1
CORE NO.:	7
INTERVAL CORED FROM	2805.0m. TO 2807.8m.
CUT: 2.8 m.	RECOVERED: 0.2m. (7.9%)
FORMATION:	INTRA-LATROBE
BIT MAKE & TYPE:	CHRIS C-20
CORE BARREL SIZE:	6.75in. x 4.00in. x 19.61m.
BIT SIZE: 8.47"	MUD WT.: 9.2 ppg



CORE-O-GRAPH

CLIENT:	ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.
WELL:	WIRRAH No. 1
CORE NO. :	8
INTERVAL CORED FROM	2914.0m. TO 2916.0m.
CUT: 2.0m.	RECOVERED: 0.0m. (0.0%)
FORMATION:	INTRA-LATROBE
BIT MAKE & TYPE:	CHRIS C-20
CORE BARREL SIZE:	6.75in. x 4.00in. x 19.81m.
BIT SIZE: 8.47"	MUD WT. : 9.2 ppg.



17. SIDEWALL CORE GAS ANALYSES

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.LOGGING SUITE NO. 4WELL WIRRAH NO. 1

Nº	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	COMMENTS
		PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	
1	2800.0	330	108	48	23	11	7	
2	2788.0	112	28	26	23	13	10	
4	2778.5	112	42	61	56	26	10	
5	2760.5	128	82	129	97	43	19	
7	2731.0	112	122	242	140	54	19	
14	2677.0	4	7	23	31	20	10	
19	2634.2	1	7	48	47	28	17	
20	2633.0	141	132	258	1309	932	841	
21	2625.0	66	156	490	1138	773	464	
24	2604.5	158	195	1057	2400	1637	928	
25	2598.0	106	83	413	873	773	464	
26	2593.5	208	181	180	810	1091	619	
29	2567.0	9	3	16	842	216	159	
31	2567.7	43909	6229	1444	374	132	154	
37	2478.0	5	10	3	3	6	10	
38	2455.0	12	15	5	6	6	10	
41	2433.0	87	104	83	19	9	17	
42	2413.5	18	17	3	8	6	10	
44	2401.0	12	15	3	6	5	8	
56	2219.5	30	6	2	2	3	5	
61	2164.0	160	86	50	19	8	5	
64	2094.0	26	10	3	3	3	5	
69	2030.0	17	8	11	175	250	213	
70	2029.0	13	14	135	311	273	193	
71	2025.9	3	2	5	4	8	19	
73	2006.5	26	26	34	15	6	9	
77	1922.0	31	12	58	202	261	271	
81	1840.0	37	12	18	6	6	9	
87	1726.0	492	528	622	358	227	193	
88	1685.5	44	52	85	74	59	63	
89	1678.0	11	3	3	8	31	53	
90	1671.0	68	222	1392	1371	727	386	
91	1652.8	109	139	361	498	295	96	
92	1627.0	70	111	154	218	113	58	
93	1612.0	26	3	3	8	5	10	

18. GAS COMPOSITION ANALYSIS

The composition of entrained reservoir gas in the mud is significant in determining the origin and the value of a show. Two graphical methods are employed for processing the mud gas chromatography results. These techniques however are empirical and by no means definitive.

LOG PLOT

The ratios of C1/C2, C1/C3, C1/C4, C1/C5, and C1/C6 are plotted on three-cycle log paper for each hydrocarbon show. The plots can be evaluated by the following criteria :

1. Productive dry gas zones may show only C1, but abnormally high shows of C1 are usually indicative of saltwater.
2. A ratio of C1/C2 between approximately 2 and 15 indicates oil and between 15 and 65, gas. If the C1/C2 ratio is below about 2, or above about 65, the zone is probably non-productive.

The actual values of the gas/oil/water limits will vary from area to area.

3. If the C1/C2 ratio is low in the oil section and the C1/C4 ratio is high in the gas section, the zone is probably non-productive.
4. If any ratio (with the exception of C1/C5, if oil is used in the mud) is lower than the preceding ratio, the zone is probably non-productive.
5. The ratios may not be definitive for low permeability zones; however, steep ratio plots may indicate a tight zone.

TRIANGULATION PLOT

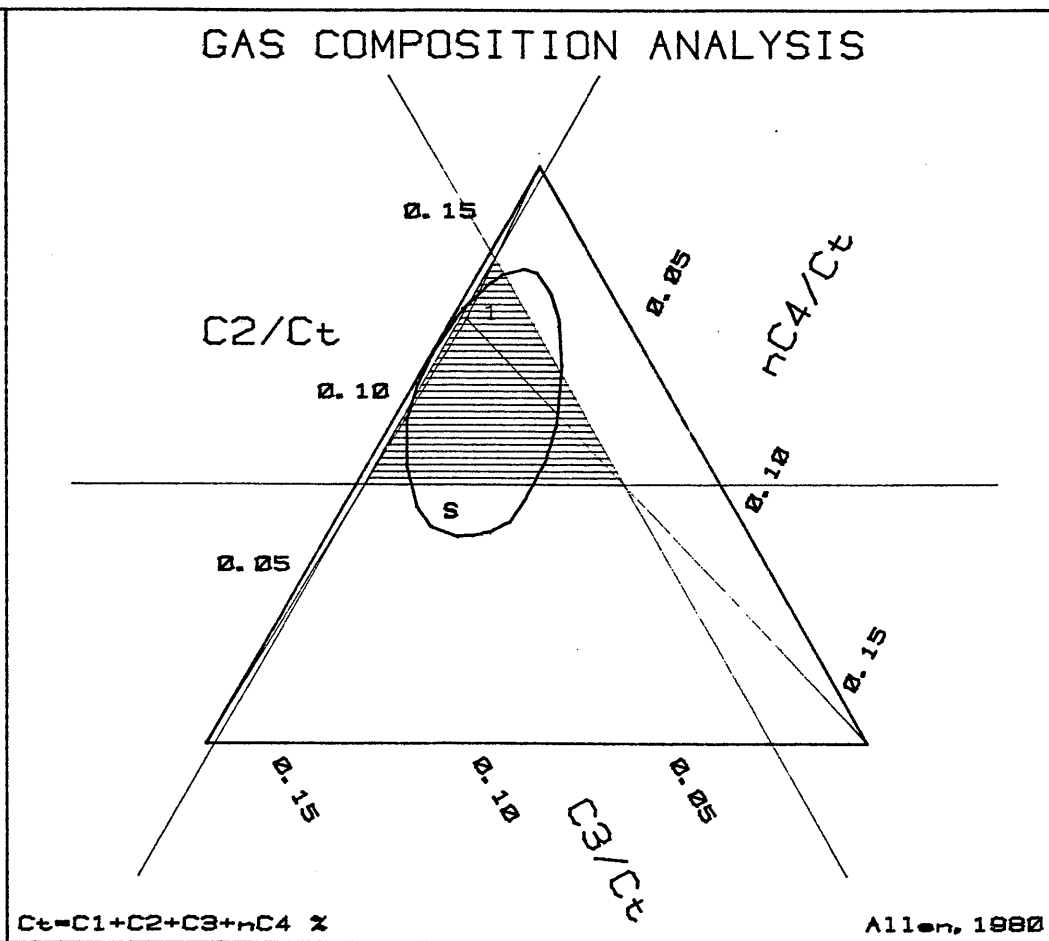
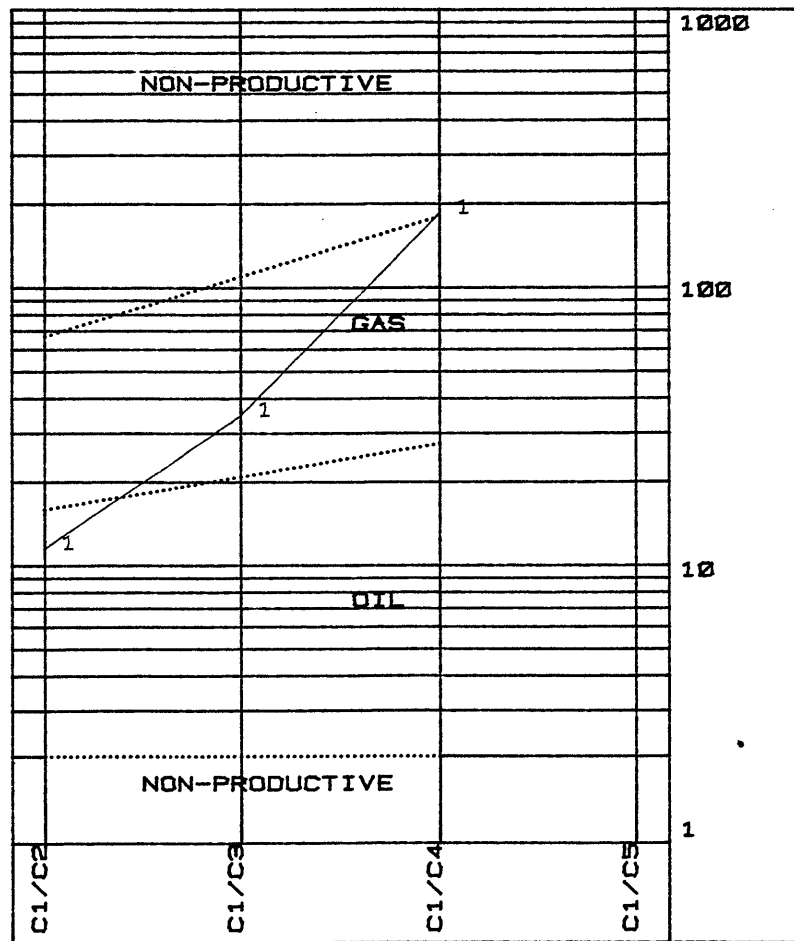
The triangulation diagram is obtained by tracing lines on three scales at 120 degrees to each other, corresponding respectively to the ratios of C2, C3 and normal C4 to the total gas (C1 to C4). The scales are arranged in such a way that if the apex of the triangle is upward, a gas zone is indicated, while if the apex points downward, an oil zone is suggested.

A large triangle plot represents dry gas or low GOR oil, while small triangles represent wet gases or high GOR oils. The homothetic centre of the plot should fall inside the top part of the triangle, otherwise the heavier hydrocarbon is abnormal and may indicate a dead show, (or coal gas).

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Client: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1

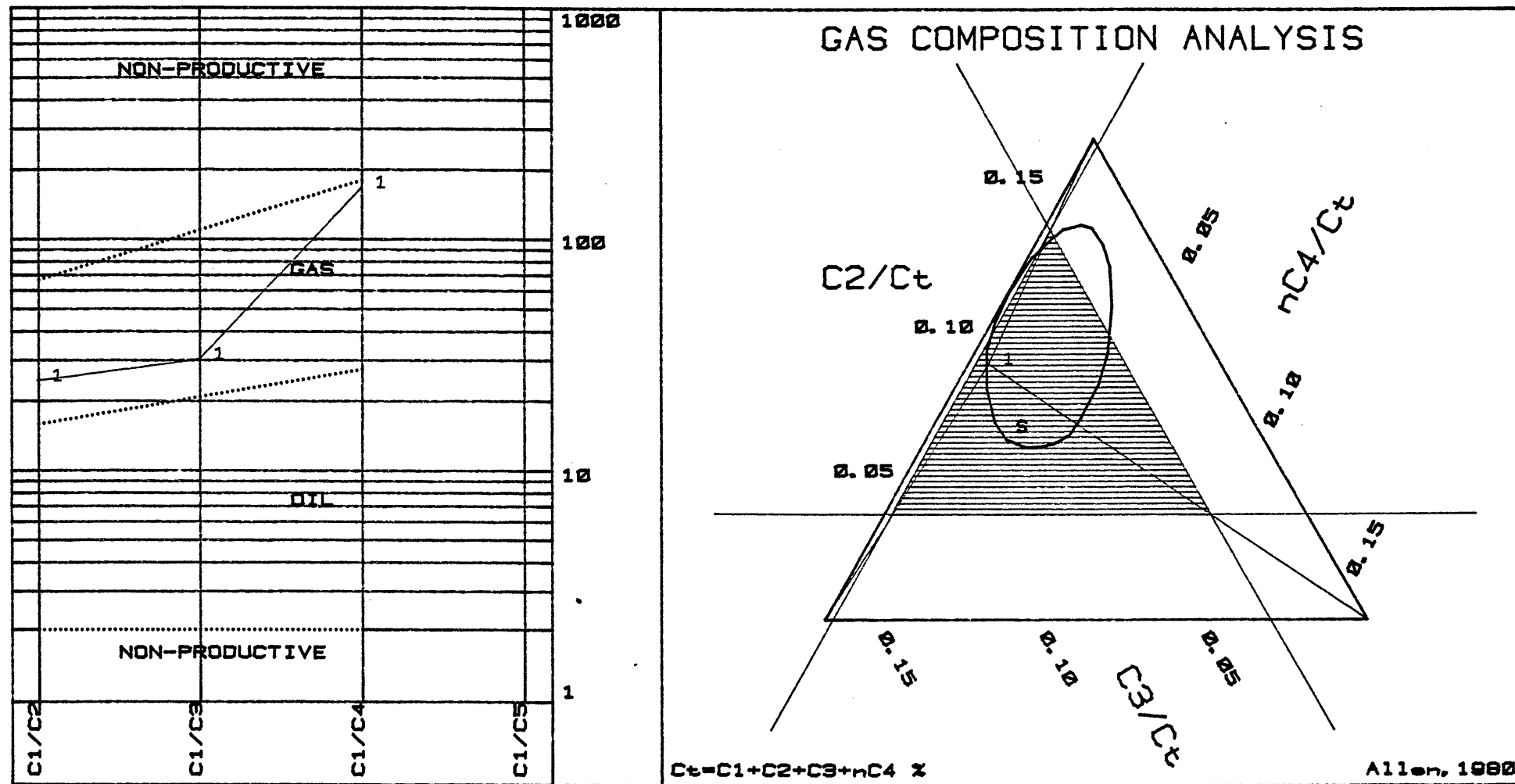


NO.	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1	1485	6.193	0.543	0.180	0.017	0.017	0.000	0.000	6.932	11	35	184	

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Client: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1



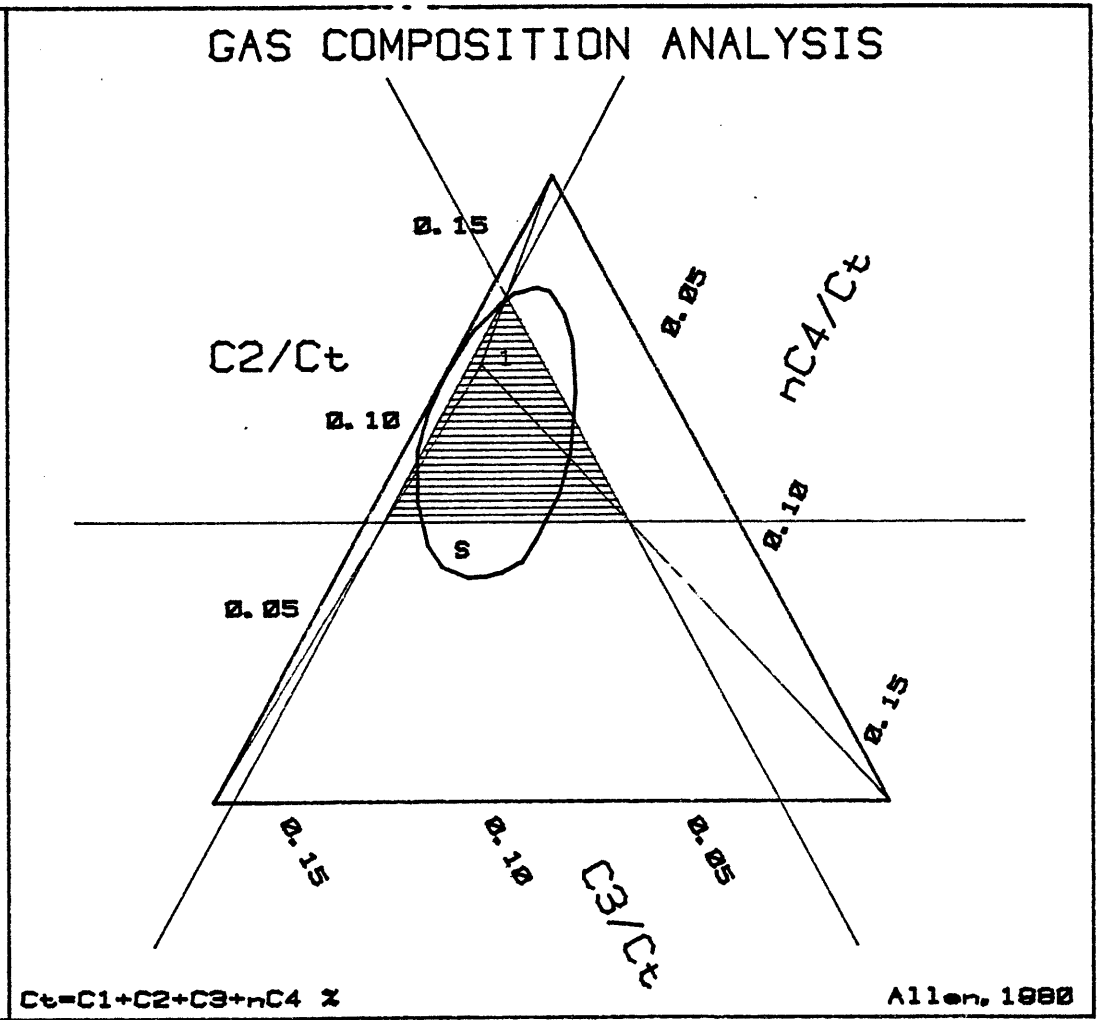
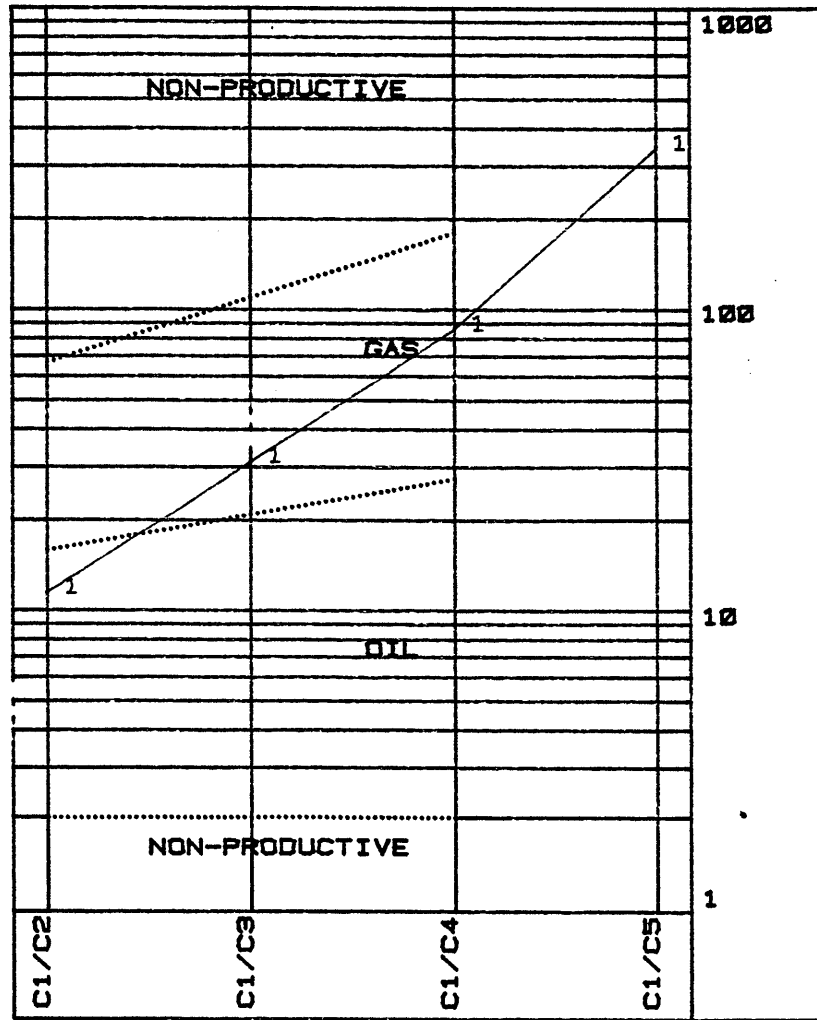
NO.	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1	1493	0.998	0.041	0.033	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.000	1.075	24	30	166	

CONCLUSION: PROBABLE GAS PRODUCER

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Clients: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1



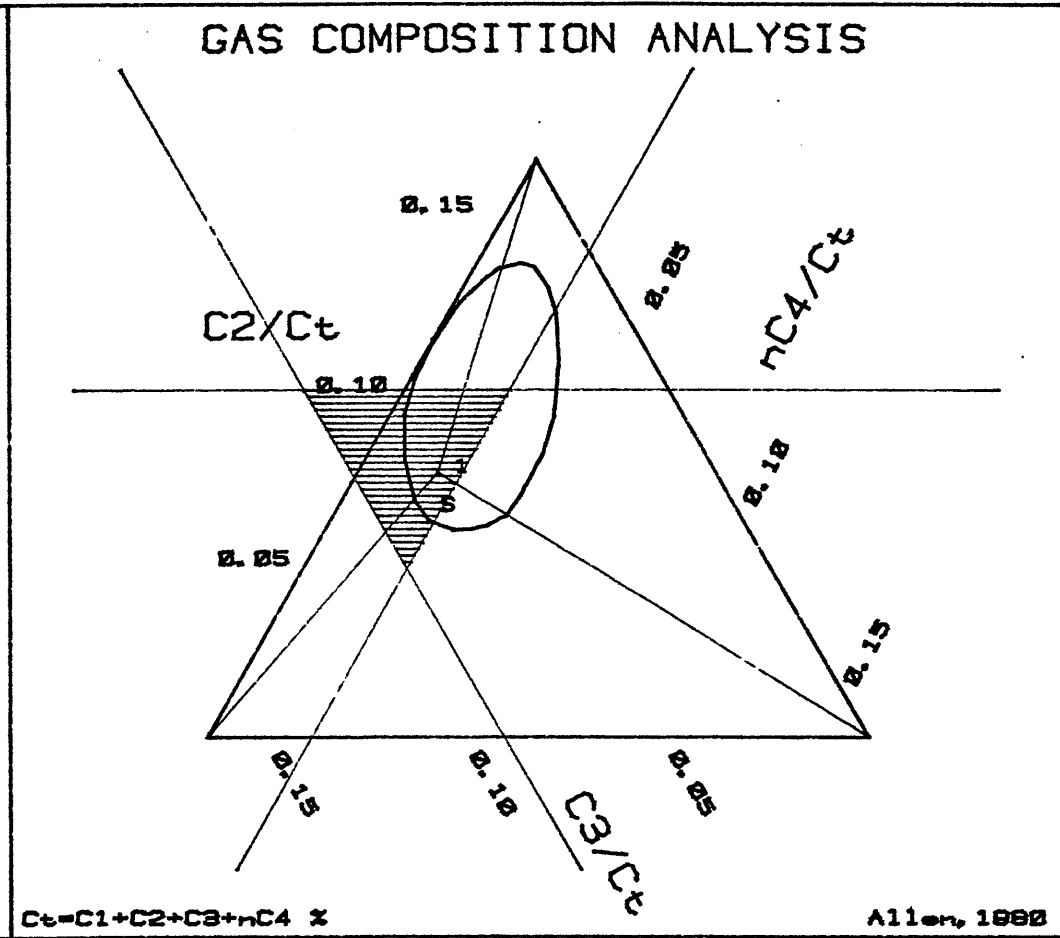
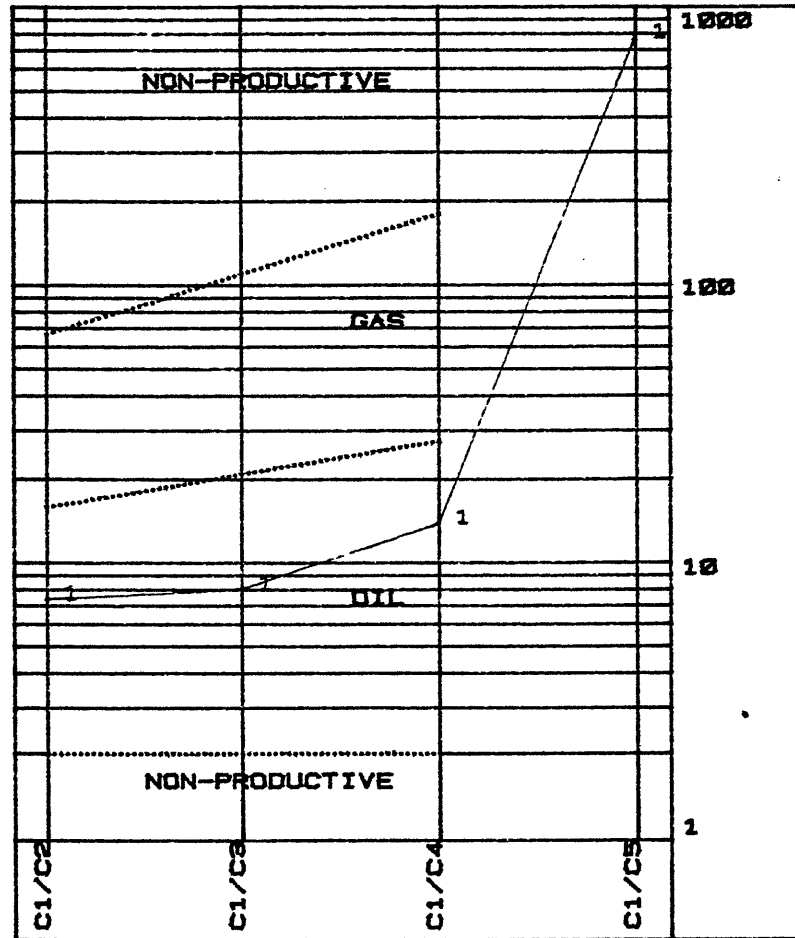
NO.	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1	1571	1.023	0.090	0.033	0.006	0.006	0.003	0.000	1.152	11	31	85	341

CONCLUSION: POSSIBLE HIGH GOR OIL PRODUCER

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Clients: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1



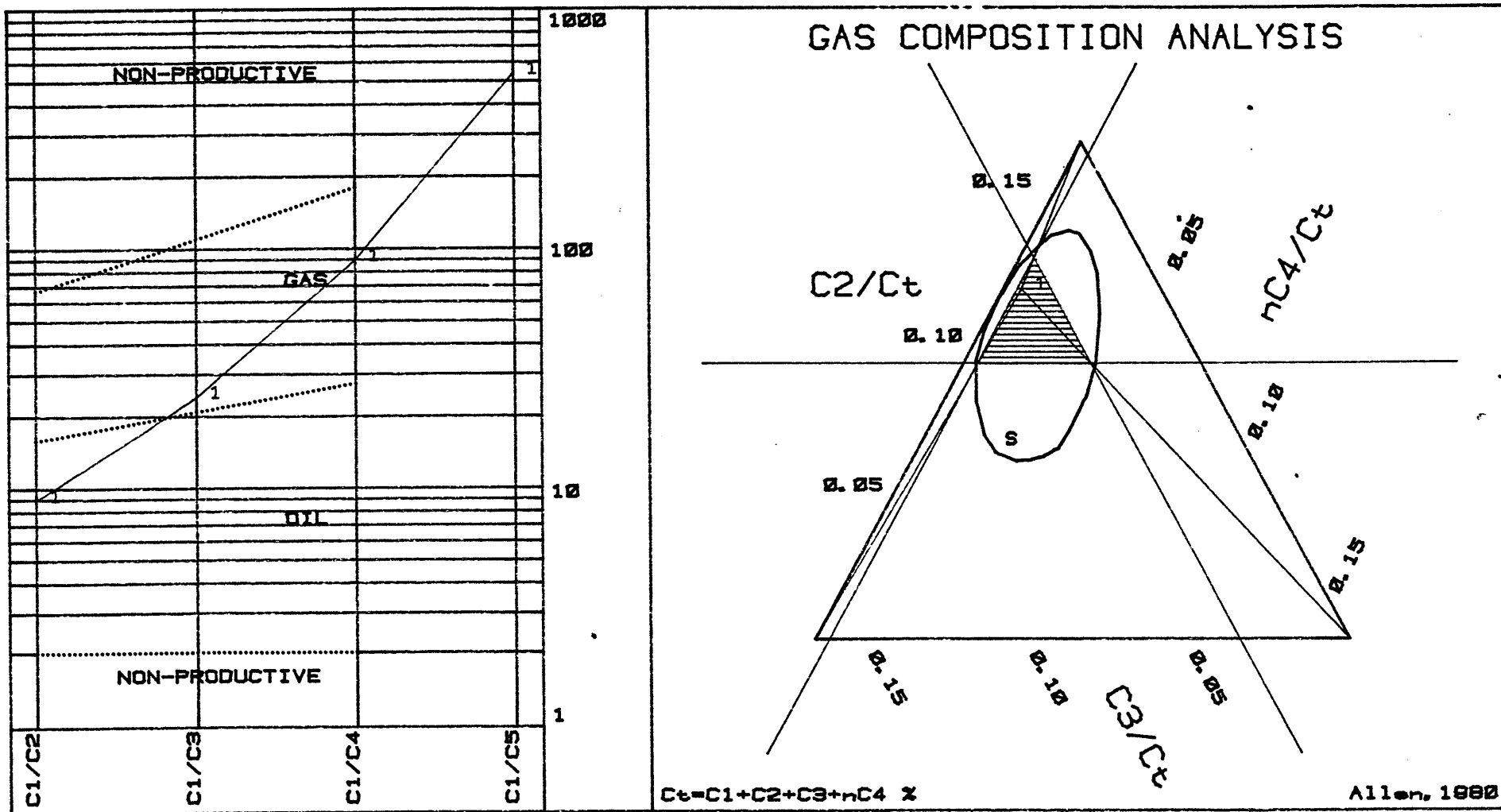
NO. DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1 1577	1.078	0.147	0.135	0.039	0.039	0.001	0.000	1.399	7	8	14	770

CONCLUSION: PROBABLE OIL PRODUCING ZONE.

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Clients: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1



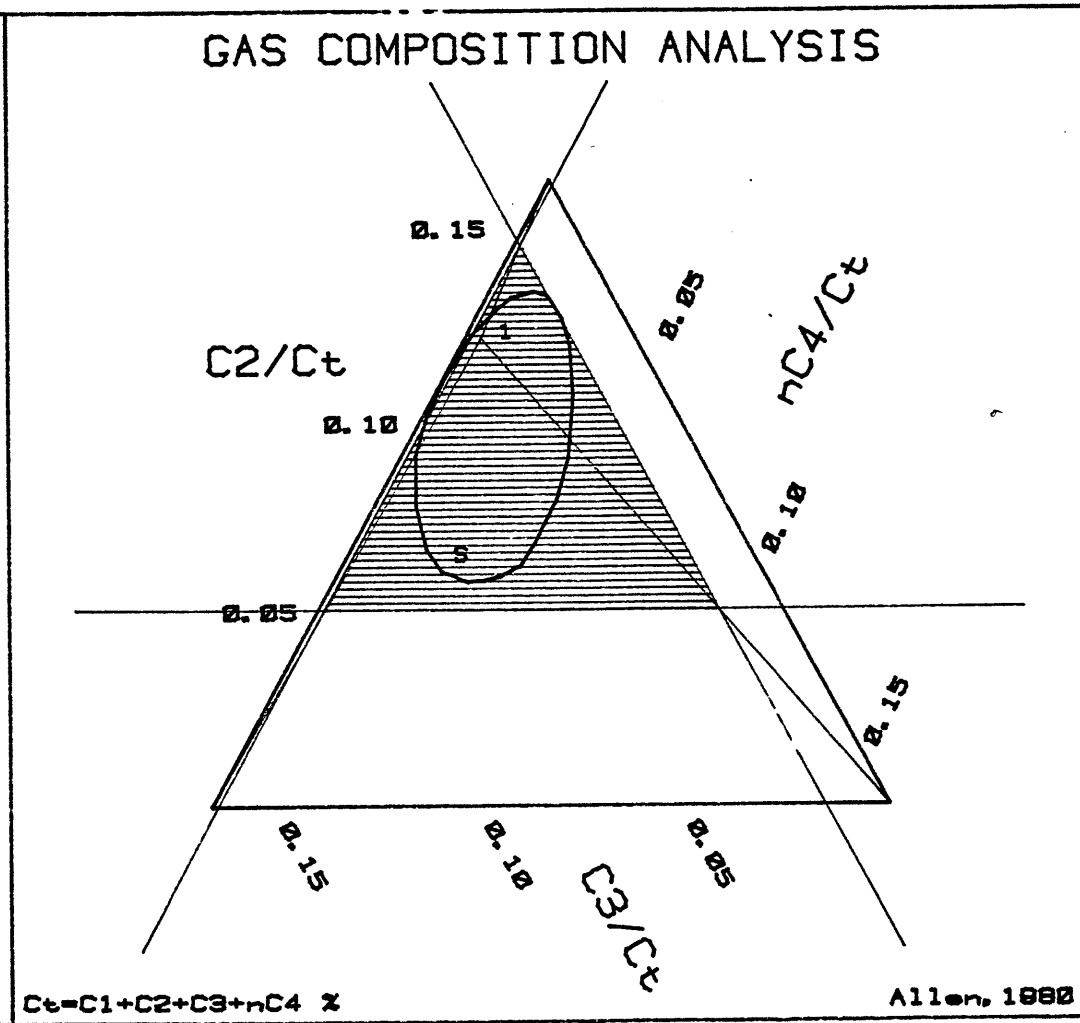
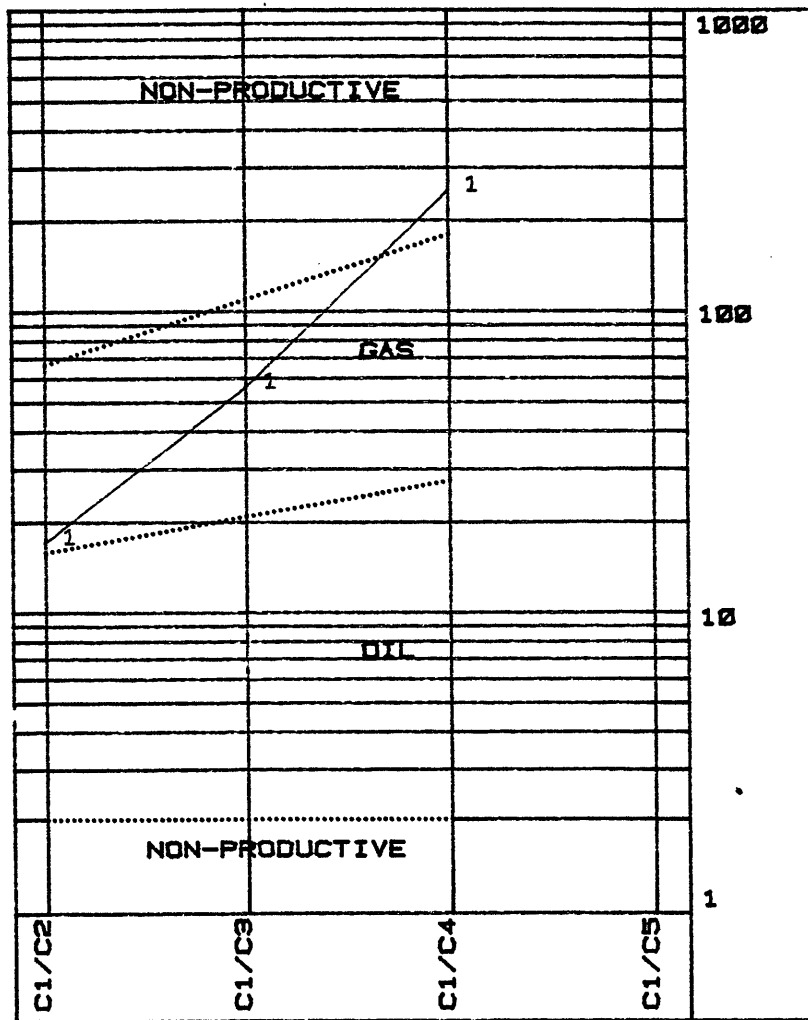
NO.	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 X	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1	1580	1.600	0.180	0.067	0.009	0.009	0.003	0.002	1.856	9	24	89	533

CONCLUSION: POSSIBLE HIGH GOR OIL ZONE.

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Clients: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1



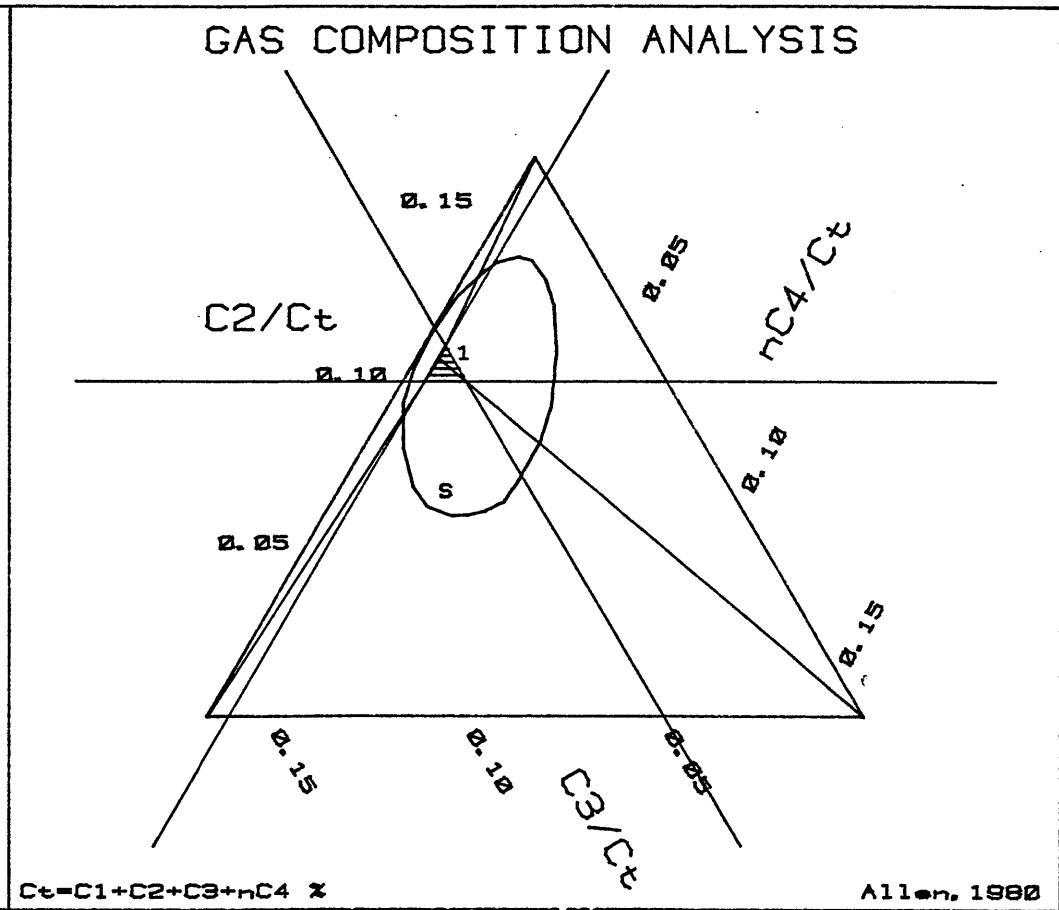
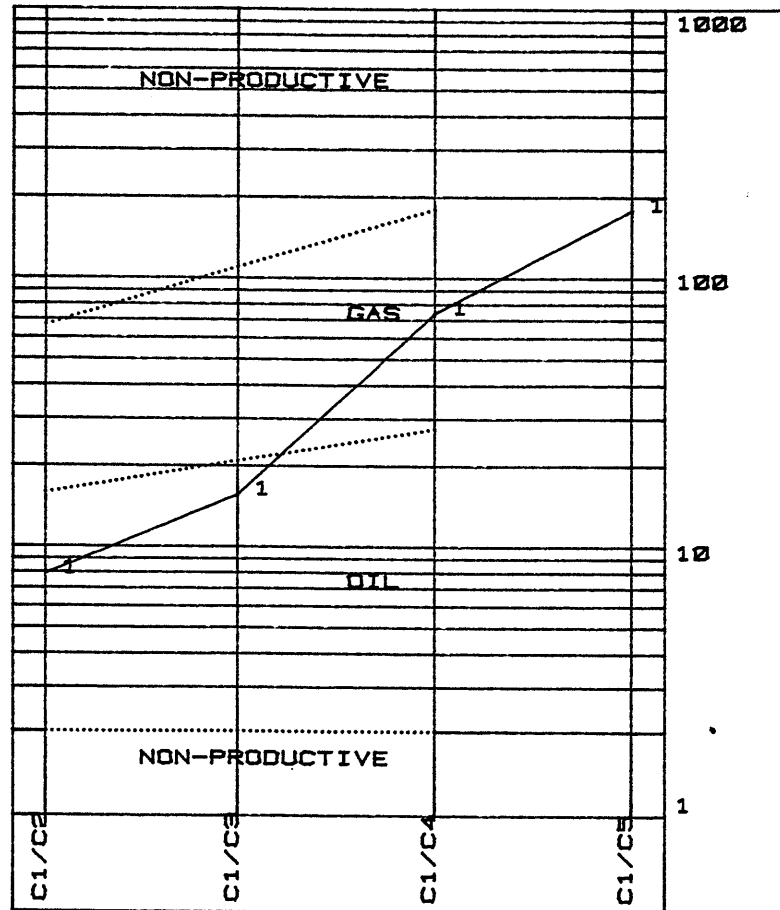
NO. DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1 1878	1.001	0.059	0.018	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.000	1.080	17	56	250	

CONCLUSION: DRY GAS ZONE

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Clients: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1

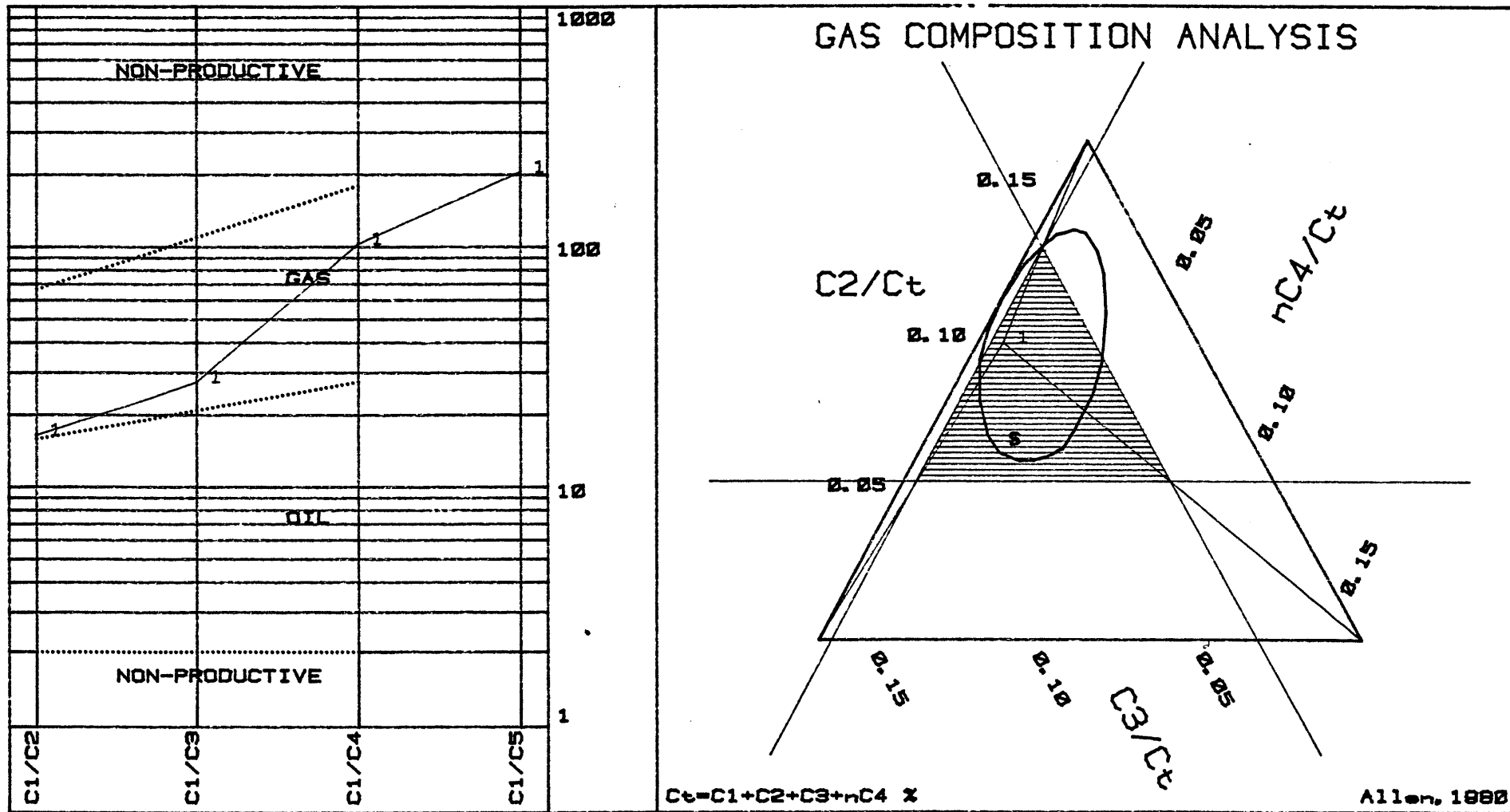


NO. DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 x	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1 2026	1.028	0.129	0.065	0.007	0.007	0.006	0.005	1.229	8	16	74	180

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Client: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1



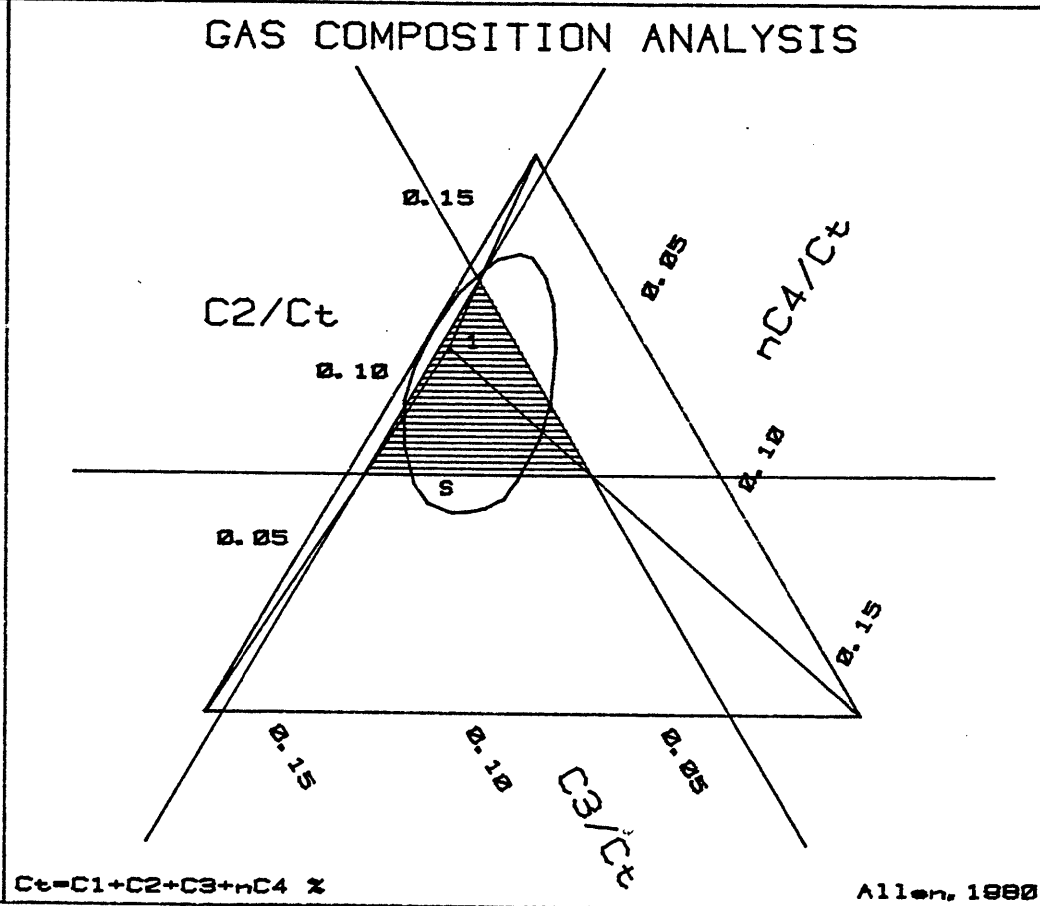
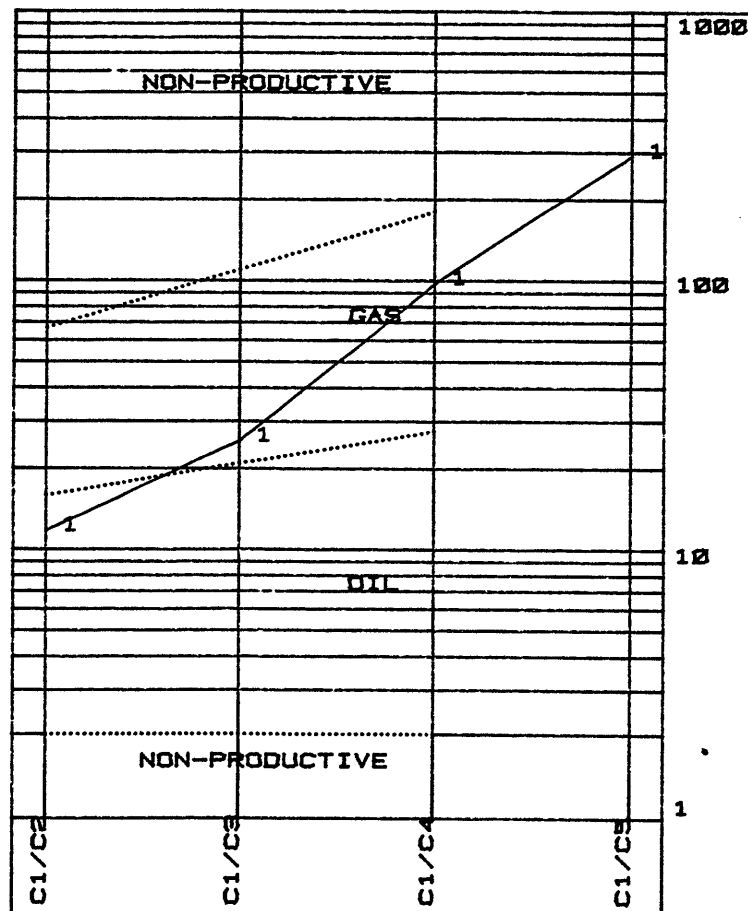
NO. DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 x	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1 2140	0.409	0.025	0.015	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.451	16	27	102	205

CONCLUSION: DRY GAS ZONE

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Client: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1

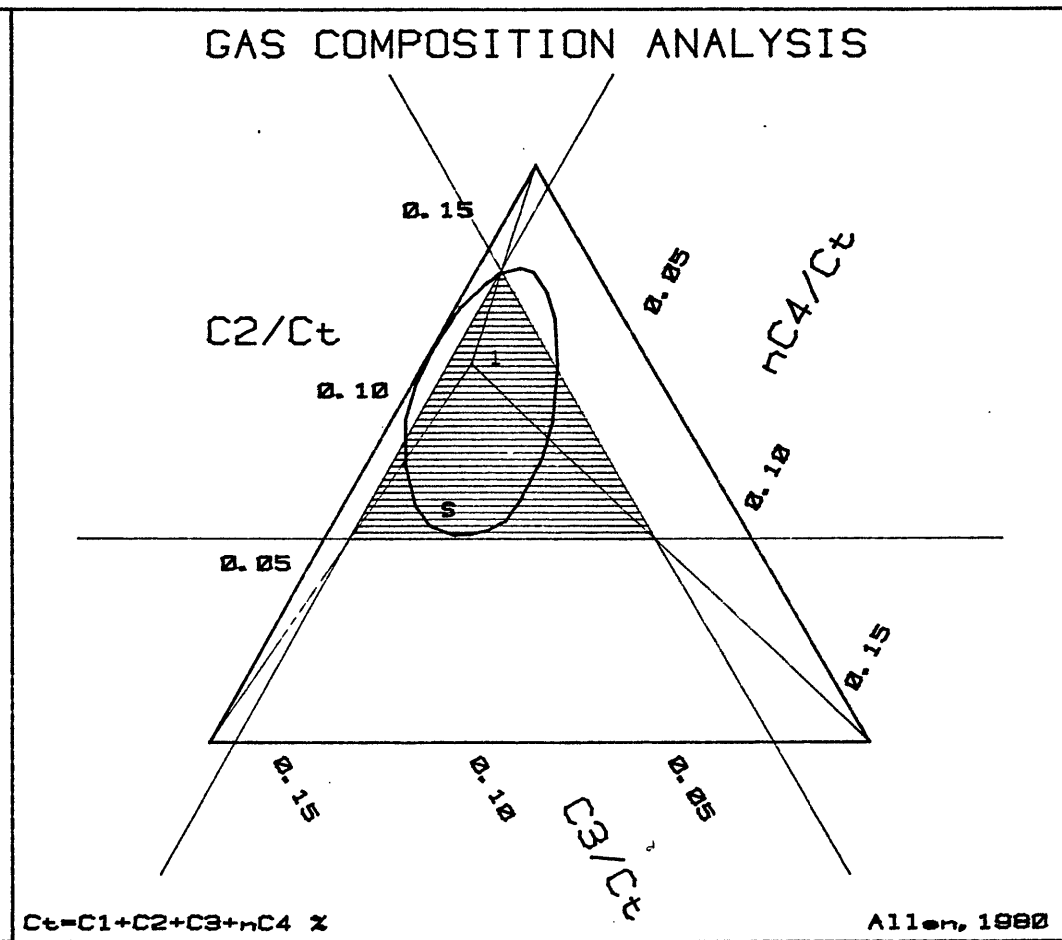
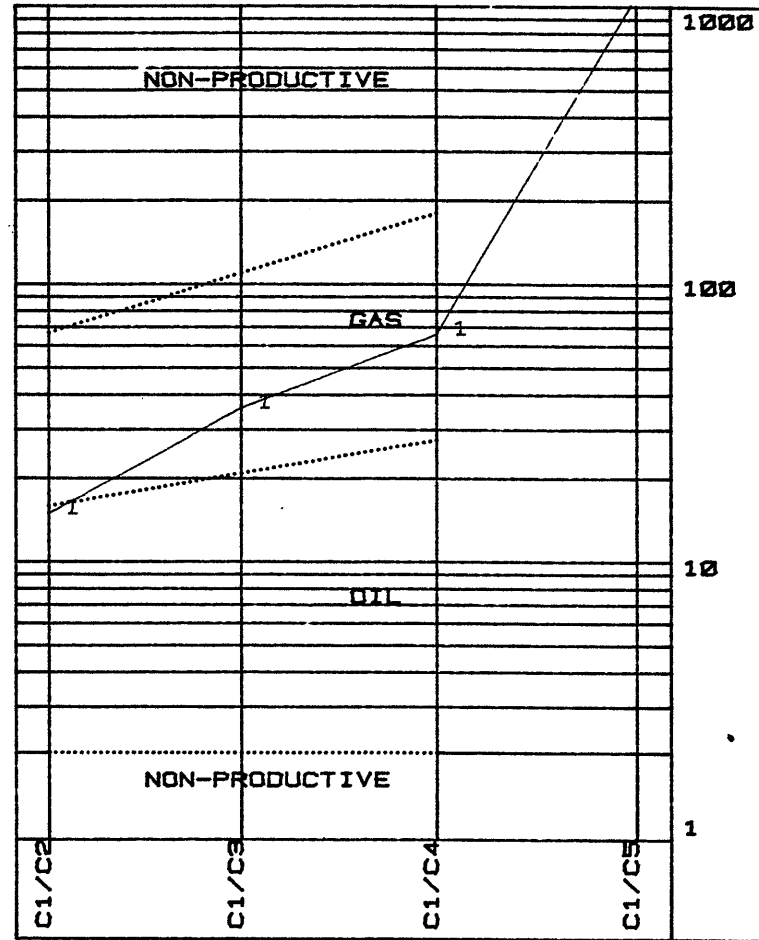


NO.	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1	2199	1.057	0.089	0.041	0.005	0.005	0.004	0.000	1.193	12	26	98	294

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Client: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1

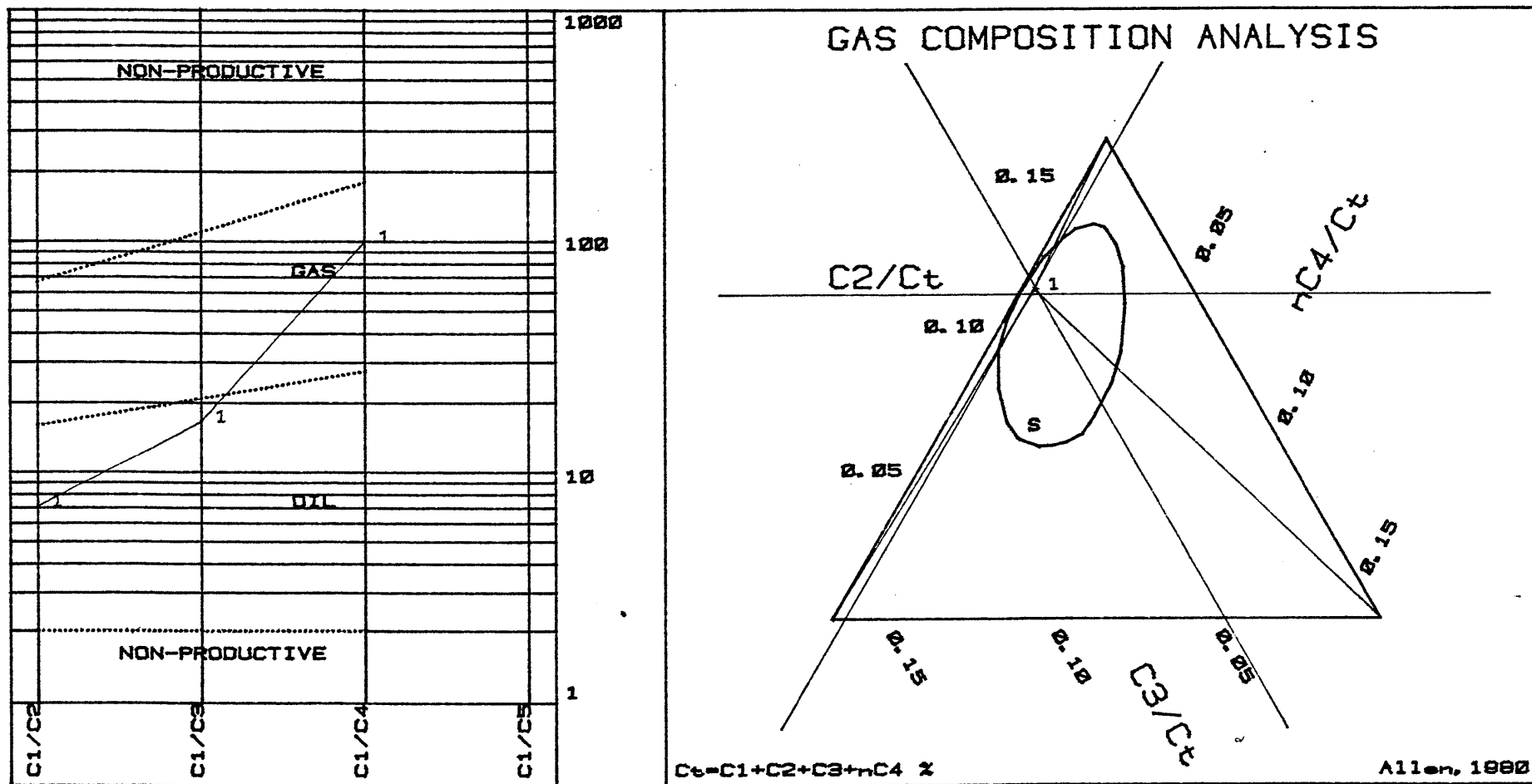


NO.	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1	2226	2.030	0.138	0.057	0.016	0.016	0.002	0.000	2.240	15	36	65	1068

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Client: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

Well: WIRRAH # 1

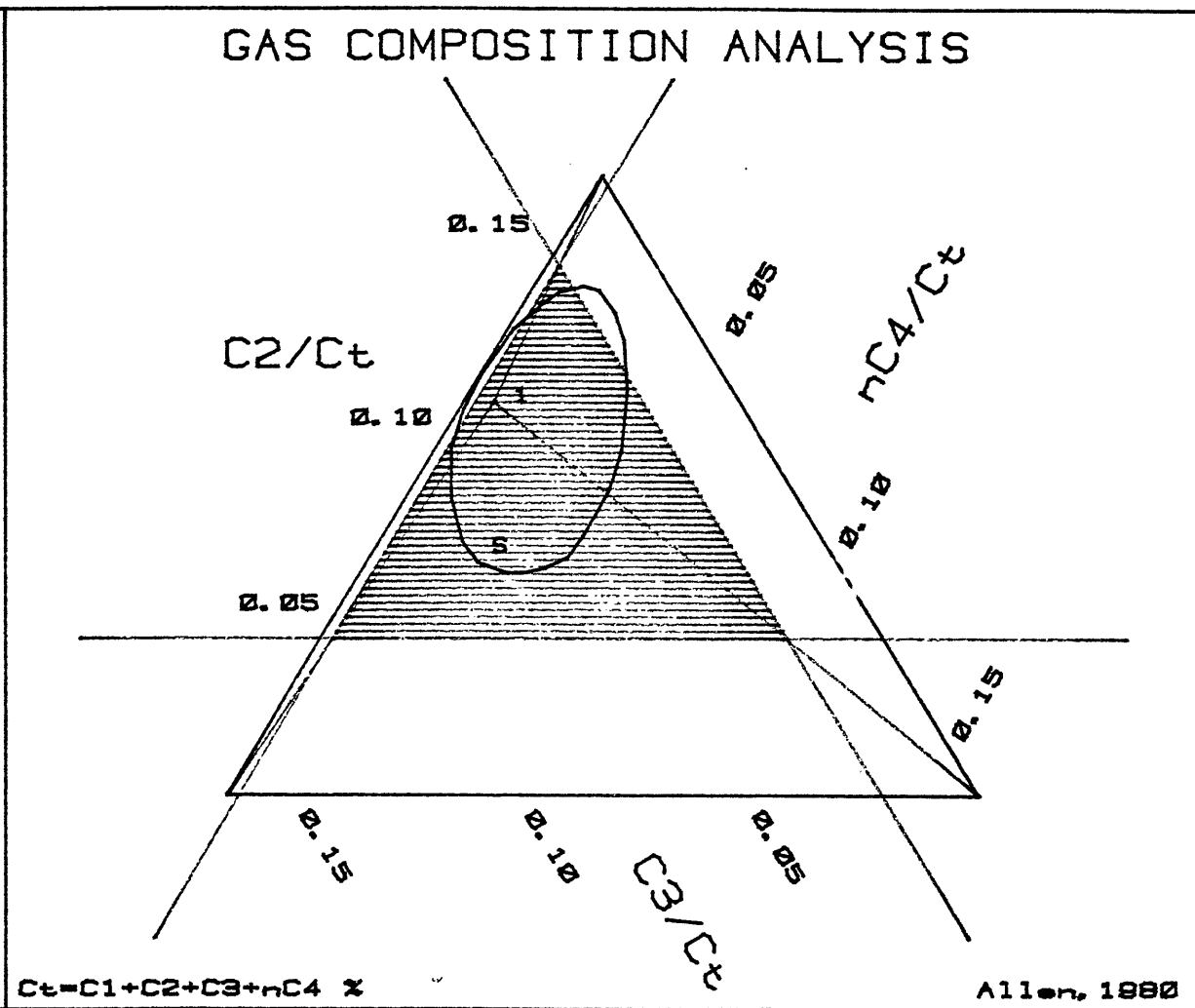
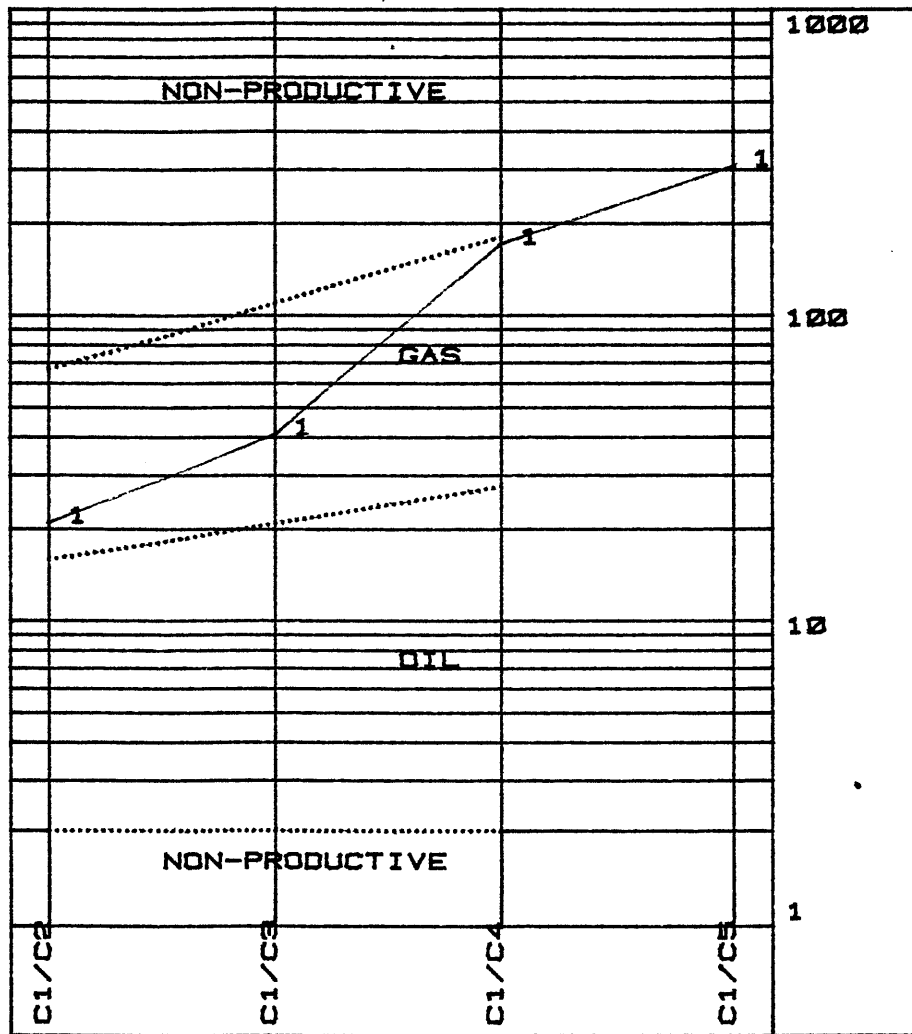


NO.	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1	2240	0.989	0.141	0.060	0.005	0.005	0.000	0.000	1.195	7	16	89	

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Client: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD

Well: WIRRAH NO.1

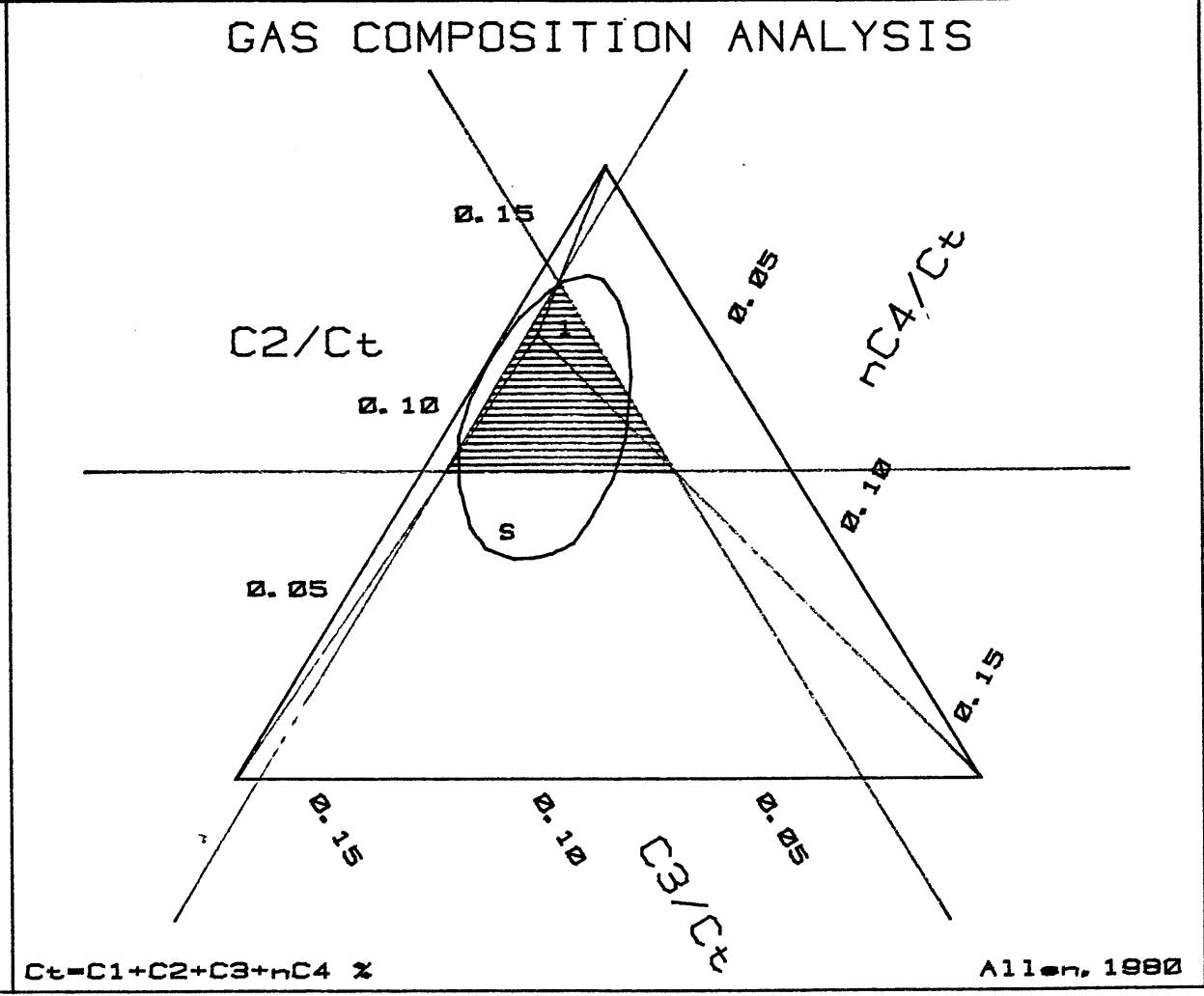
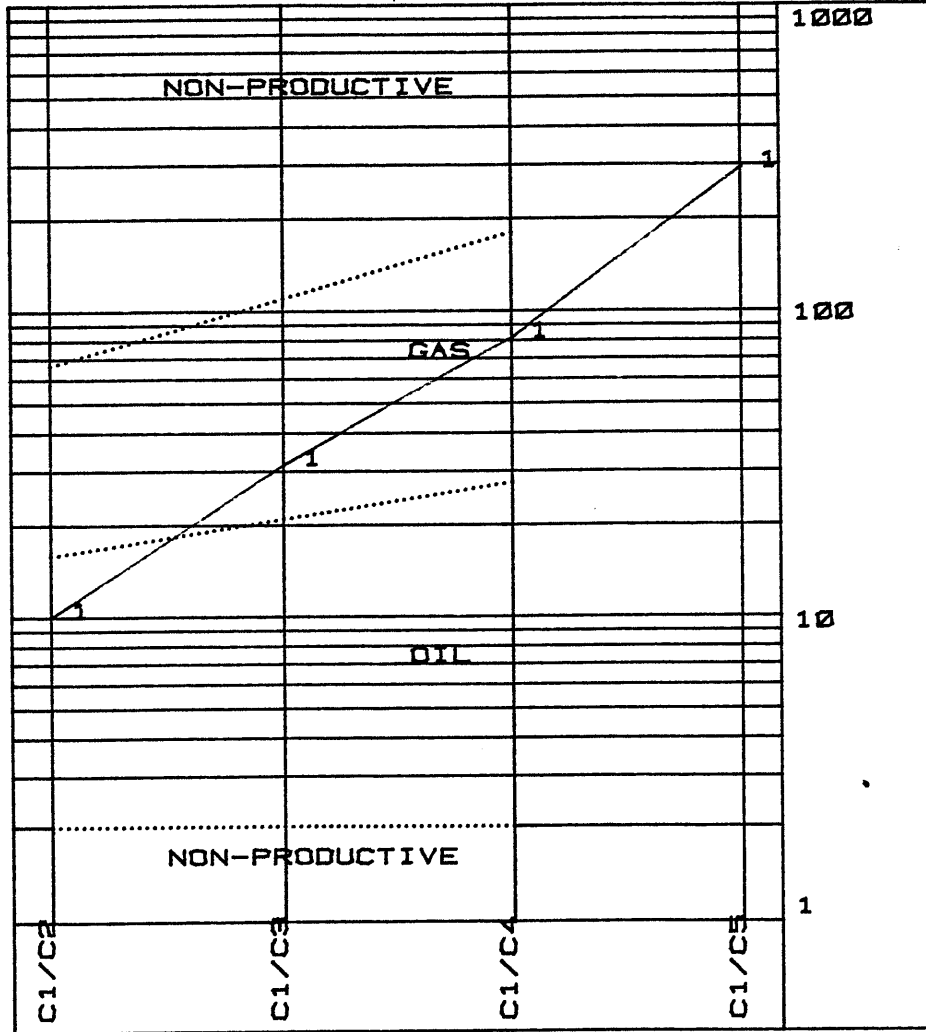


NO.	DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1	2984	126.088	5.985	3.081	0.368	0.368	0.408	0.292	135.543	21	41	171	308

CORE LAB. INTL. LTD.

Client: ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD

Well: WIRRAH NO.1



NO. DEPTH	C1	C2	C3	iC4	nC4	C5	C6 %	Ct	C1/C2	C1/C3	C1/C4	C1/C5
1 2995	75.060	7.484	2.385	0.460	0.460	0.256	0.127	85.398	10	31	82	293

GAS ANALYSES

1485m. This was plotted from gas just prior to Core No. 1 from a coarse to very coarse angular to sub-angular, well sorted sandstone.

1493m. This was plotted from gas lagged after a trip from Core No. 1.

1571m. The sandstone from which this gas show was plotted was quartzose: a clear coarse-grained, sub-rounded-rounded, and well sorted with 20% bright yellow-white fluorescence and slow yellow streaming crush cut.

1577m and 1580m. These plots are from gas L.A.T. from Core No. 4. The lithology was coarse-grained, sub-round-rounded, well sorted sandstone with 20% bright yellow-white fluorescence, yellow cut and slow streaming crush cut.

1878m. The sandstone from which the gas came for this plot was clear-white, coarse-grained quartz, which was sub-angular to angular, loose and dolomitic in part. No fluorescence was seen.

2026m. The formation gas from which this analysis was made comprised of 70% sandstone and 30% siltstone. The sandstone was light brown, fine to medium grained with an argillaceous matrix: it exhibited a blue-white fluorescence with a streaming crush cut. The siltstone was light grey to dark brown and very carbonaceous.

2140m. The sandstone from which this gas analysis was made was white-grey, fine to medium grained, well sorted and moderately hard. It had 15% blue-white fluorescence and a moderate crush cut.

2199m. This formation comprised of 70% siltstone and 30% sandstone. The sandstone was white-light grey, fine grained, sub-angular to sub-rounded, well sorted with an argillaceous matrix. The siltstone was white to medium grey, and occasionally brown dark grey.

2226m. This plot was made from gas from a 70% siltstone, 30% sandstone formation. The sandstone was white-clear, medium to coarse grained occasionally fine grained, moderately well sorted with 5% blue white fluorescence and foot streaming cut. The siltstone was light brown and carbonaceous.

2240m. The gas peak used for this analyses was similar to the one at 2226m.

2964m. This plot was made from gas swabbed from a medium-grained sandstone. A productive dry gas zone is indicated with moderate permeability.

2985m. This plot was made from gas swabbed from a coarse-grained sandstone, and it represents a wet gas zone with moderate permeability.

The low C_1/C_2 ratio would suggest quite a rich gas.

19. PRODUCTION TEST DATA

CORE LAB PRODUCTION WELL TEST DATA SHEET SHEET # 2
 COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD
 WELL WIRRAH NO. 1 PWT# 1 (FINAL FLOW)
 PERFORATIONS 2624 - 2633.5M (FM, RKB) DATE _____
 SAMPLING AS DIRECTED BY ESSO PRODUCTION ENGINEERS

TIME	SAMPLING POINT	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	CO2	H2S	DATE
HH:MM	GAS SEPARATOR	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	PPM	%	PPM	
06:06		WELL OPENED								
06:30	SEPARATOR	680800	61568	23340	6269	1613	290	15.0	-	
07:19		WELL SHUT IN								
09:10		WELL OPENED								
09:33	"	693440	78807	30741	7055	2000	464	12.0	-	2/11/82
09:55	"	668224	69956	33018	9658	2645	696	14.5	-	GAS GRAVITY
10:30	"	655616	88658	42696	10675	2581	522	15.0	-	= 0.889
11:00	"	655600	66490	29030	8133	2129	520	14.6	-	
11:30	"	643008	78807	36434	8641	1936	290	13.8	-	
11:41		WELL SHUT IN								
16:00		WELL OPENED (SEPARATOR BYPASSED)								
16:42		COMMENCE FLOW THROUGH SEPARATOR								
17:00	GAS SEPARATOR	567360	93583	54651	15250	4129	725	15.3	-	
17:30	"	605184	73882	37572	9828	2452	406	15.0	-	
18:00	"	605184	73882	37572	10844	2839	580	15.1	-	
18:30	"	630400	78807	39850	11522	3097	696	14.3	-	
19:00	"	643008	76344	36434	9150	1936	232	12.4	-	
20:00	"	655616	83732	39850	11522	2968	696	14.3	-	
21:00	"	630400	81270	39850	11183	2968	580	15.5	-	
22:00	"	655616	78807	40988	10844	2839	580	13.8	-	
23:00	"	643008	81270	42127	12539	3613	928	14.5	-	
24:00	"	655616	83732	43265	12200	3355	696	14.3	-	2/11/82
01:00	"	656019	83963	43609	12560	2998	696	14.5	-	3/11/82
02:00	"	552916	93486	54701	15250	4129	725	14.8	-	
03:00	"	66754	7864	4096	2086	1096	396	14.6	-	GAS GRAVITY
04:00	"	65495	7880	3624	1084	412	35	14.6	-	CHANGE
05:00	"	30228	3940	2049	1354	155	26	16.0	-	AT 02:00
05:33		WELL SHUT IN								
06:00	GAS SEPARATOR	40968	4196	3106	1896	289	36	15.2	-	= 0.848
07:00	"	51260	5106	4906	1960	396	47	14.7	-	

CORE LAB.

PRODUCTION WELL TEST DATA SHEET

SHEET # 2

COMPANY ESSO AUSTRALIA LTD.

DATE 2 NOVEMBER 1982

WELL WIRRAH NO. 1 PWT# 1 (FINAL FLOW)

PERFORATIONS 2624 - 2633.5M (FM, RKB)

SAMPLING AS DIRECTED BY ESSO PRODUCTION ENGINEERS

RATHOLE FLUID: TYPE SEAWATER/GEL/POLYRES. RES. 0.0 ° 0 PH 0 CI (TITRAT) 0 PPM
 NO3 0 PPM DENSITY 0

CUSHION FLUID: TYPE DIESEL RES. 0.0 ° 0 PH 0
 CI (TITRAT) 0 PPM DENSITY 0

TIME HH:MM	SAMPLING POINT GAS SEPARATOR	SHAKE OUT %			API & TEMP		COLOUR OIL	POUR POINT & TEMP	WATER RES		CI K PPM	NO3 PPM	PH	COMMENTS
		OIL	H2O	SLOS	° F	° F			μ-m	° F				
09:10	WELL OPENED													
09:45	FIRST WATER UP													
10:00	"							0.40	73	12	0	7		
10:30	"							0.34	77	12	20	7		
10:42	"	92	7.7	0.3	37.1	60		89.6						
11:00	"							0.38	74	10	20	7		
11:30	"	55	45	TR				0.48	74	12	TR	6.5		
11:41	WELL SHUT IN													
16:00	WELL OPENED (SEPARATOR BYPASSED)													
16:42	COMMENCE FLOW THROUGH SEPARATOR													
17:00	"							0.47	71	11	TR	7		
17:30	"							0.36	92	11	TR	7		
18:00	"							0.33	85	12	TR	7		
18:30	"				37.0	60		86	0.34	86	11.5	TR	7	
19:00	"							0.36	84	11.5	TR	7		
20:00	"							0.35	87	12	TR	7.2		
21:00	"							0.38	80	12	20	7		
	NO MORE FLUID SAMPLES REQUIRED													
05:33	WELL SHUT IN													

OIL FROM MANIFOLD

OIL FROM FLOPETROL HEATER

2/11/82

3/11/82

DATA FOR PRODUCTION WELL TEST NO. 2

Perforations for this test were made between 2725 - 2736m on 24th November 1982. When no flow or pressure build-up resulted further perforations were made between 2736 - 2747m. Again no flow or pressure build-up was evident. Otis then R.I.H. and swabbed the test zone, but resulted in a pressure build-up of only 20 psi. More perforations were made between 2691m and 2702m.

Shut in pressure stabilised at 428 psi in 21 minutes.

Flow pressure on 32/64" choke was 11 psi for 30 minutes.

Shut in pressure reached 1132 psi.

Shut in pressure stabilised at 735 psi after 11½ hours.

Flow pressure on 32/64" choke was 11 psi.

Flow pressure on 48/64" choke was 2 psi.

Flow pressure dropped to 0 psi after 14½ hours.

Shut in pressure reached 561 psi after 23½ hours.

14 bbls of diesel were displaced out of the tubing.

Bottom hole samples were water.