FLATHEAD-1

INTRODUCTION

As part of a regional study of microplankton from the <u>Nothofagidites</u> asperus Zone in the Gippsland Basin, dinoflagellate bearing samples from Flathead -1 at 1495 and 1516 feet were studied. Evans & Mulholland, 1969 (Palynology Report 1969/8) provisionally assigned an Oligocene age to both samples.

SUMMARY

Sample	Drill Depth	Age	Dinoflagellate Zone
SWC	1495 feet	Oligocene or younger	Unnamed
SWC	1516 feet	M/L Eocene	D. extensa

COMMENTS

Spores, pollen and dinoflagellates are sparse in the sample from 1495 feet. Except for <u>Epicephalopyzis indentata</u> and <u>Operculodinium centrocarpum</u> - both long ranging forms - no definitive Late Eocene dinoflagellates were observed. Specimens of <u>Nothofagidites dominate</u> the spore-pollen fraction.

A considerably more diverse palynomorph assemblage was recovered from the sample at 1516 feet. The spores and pollen suggest that the sample is from the older part of the <u>N</u>. <u>asperus</u> Zone and this contention is supported by the dinoflagellates. The sample contains <u>Peridinium eocenicum</u> and <u>Leptodinium reticulodotum</u>, both of which begin in Taylors late Middle Eocene N zonule in the Browns Creek section. The sample also contains <u>Diphyes colligerum</u> which has also been identified in Tuna -3 at 4500 feet and in Bream -3 at 6447 feet.

L.E. STOVER. JUNE 1970. PALYNOLOGY REPORT 1970/24